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The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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The Daily and Weekly Commercial—[illegible]
PAPER DECISIONS.—1. Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.
2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. The courts have decided that refusing to take Newspapers or Periodicals from the Postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.
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FIRST EDITION.

THE LEMONT DISASTER.

Verdict of the Coroner's Jury—The Conductor and Engineer of Coal Train to Blame.

CHICAGO, August 20.—The Coroner's investigation in the case of the Chicago and St. Louis Railroad accident, closed to-day. The jury rendered the following verdict, after several hours deliberation: "That the said Roger T. Brass, George Reuter, Thomas Morton, Conrad Webber, Theo. Stein, George Fruelter, J. R. Fleury, J. W. Smith, William Davis, John Metzler, Jacob Slauser, William Dittle, Peter Deemlin, Noah Divilbliss, James O'Neill, Jacob Cundet, Jas. B. Michie, Thomas Palle and Frank Bridges came to their death from extensive scalds and inhaling of steam received on the night of August 16th, 1873, caused by a collision which occurred between an engine attached to coal train No. 23 and an engine attached to passenger train No. 4, belonging to and on the track of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company, about two and a half miles north of the town of Lemont, in said county; and we, the jury, from the evidence find that the said collision was caused by the criminal carelessness of Edward Bean, conductor, and Joshua Puffenberger, engineer of said coal train No. 23, in violating the rules and regulations of the Railroad Company governing the movements of trains on said railroad." The Coroner has issued a mittimus for the arrest of both men.

CRIMES.

Child Farming.

NEW YORK, August 20.—Mrs. Schmidt, of Long Island City, yesterday, pleaded guilty to an indictment which charges her with attempting to starve to death a child that had been placed in her care, and for whose maintenance she was paid ten months. The sentence imposed was one hundred and twenty-five dollars or six months' imprisonment.

A Louisiana Free Fight.

NEW ORLEANS, August 20.—On Monday Dreux Guilleroy and Felix Saleau, who had quarreled at a ball, met in Old Grand Prairie Landing parish, to settle it by a fist fight, to witness which about a hundred persons had assembled. After the fist fight there was a fight with pistols, growing out of an old feud between the Guilleroys and others present, which resulted in three being killed and one mortally wounded.

Suicide.

CLEVELAND, August 20.—A sailor, named John Keegan, hung himself yesterday in a cell at the police station, where he was confined because of mental derangement. Keegan had no friends in this vicinity, but it is thought had sisters in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Killed at the Church Door.

ATLANTA, GA., August 20.—At a colored church fair last night, eight rowdy negroes attacked a mulatto boy and stabbed him with a knife. He drew a pistol and shot one of the eight dead at the church door. The rest ran.

Lawless Proceedings in Arkansas—Court Broken Up.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., August 20.—The Board of Supervisors met in Perryville on Monday. Manes and a former clerk of the county, backed by four or five friends, entered the town armed. They had sworn they intended to kill J. W. L. Mathews, an attorney of the Court, on account of an article published in the *Gazette* reflecting upon them. They attacked Mathews in the Court House, breaking up the Court. Mathews retired into a store and fired upon his pursuers without effect. A brisk fire was then opened on both sides, during which Mathews was wounded though he managed to escape to the woods. That evening the friends of Mathews, to the number of about one hundred and fifty, entered the town killing a man named Trice. Manes and his crowd had left, however, as had the Sheriff also, who is understood to be friendly to Manes, and who is now in this city. After this the Board of Supervisors resumed their court. Mathews had warrants issued for the arrest of Manes, Hambright, the Sheriff, and all the others engaged in the affair, but up to the latest accounts they had not been arrested. The affair creates great excitement throughout the county. Full particulars will be laid before the Executive to-night.

Two Georgians Shoot Each Other.

AUGUSTA, GA., August 20.—A bloody and fatal affray occurred to-day at Swansboro, Emanuel county, Georgia, between James C. King and Bruce McLeod, which resulted in the death of both parties. King had advised his sister-in-law not to receive McLeod's attentions and she acted accordingly, writing him a note to that effect. This exasperated McLeod who, while under the influence of liquor, insulted King, which the latter resented by slapping his face, whereupon McLeod fired four times from a revolver, fatally wounding King who returned the fire, inflicting wounds from which McLeod died. Both parties were respectably connected. King was a lawyer and McLeod was a clerk.

Riot at Ispining, Mich.—Two Men Killed.

MILWAUKEE, August 20.—A private letter from Ispining, Michigan, dated the 16th, says: We have had a riot here. A man was killed in the street and the murderers arrested. While removing them from the jail to the depot the prisoners were taken from the officers and beaten, one so badly that he died in a few hours and the other so that he can't live. Some of the ringleaders have been arrested and the others are still at large. The Irish are collecting from numerous points and the Irish flag is flying. What the result will be is impossible to tell.

Desperate Fight in Nashville, Tenn.

NASHVILLE, August 20.—A desperate fight occurred on College street to-night, between officers Plummer and Reed, of the city police force, and a party of eight countrymen, whom they had arrested for creating a disturbance in the vicinity of the Louisville Depot, and were bringing to police headquarters. When near Link's Hotel, Wm. Lidlig, one of the prisoners, refused to go any further, and began an attack upon officer Reed, when a general melee occurred. Several shots were fired and knives freely used. Officer Plummer was shot in the right shoulder and offier Reed was stabbed in the forehead and badly beaten. As soon as the shooting began the party scattered in all directions. A colored man, named Charles Allen, in attempting to stop one of them, was stabbed twice in the throat and had his hands badly cut. It is thought the wounds will prove fatal. The police are scouring the city in search of the fugitives, but only two have been arrested as yet.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The report of the Health Officer of Chicago shows three hundred and seven deaths during last week, a decrease of fifteen from the previous week. Three from cholera and ninety-nine from cholera infantum.

It is stated that the Mennonites who have just gone out West, brought with them to this country, $340,000 in gold, of which sum, one man, named Peter Isaacouns has $140,000.

At ten o'clock Tuesday evening, the physicians attending Bishop Janes, at his residence in Morristown, N. J., said his life was still in great danger, but that twenty-four hours would probably decide his fate.

Messrs. Freiberg and Workum, prominent liquor dealers of Cincinnati, were yesterday expelled from the Chamber of Commerce and Merchants' Exchange, for contempt in denying the authority of that Association to try charges preferred against them of unmercantile conduct.

The cholera has broken out in Bosnia, a province of European Turkey.

Bombay dispatches report that destructive floods have recently afflicted the province of Agra, and that thirty-five hundred houses of the natives have been swept away, and that there had been some loss of life.

Thirty car loads seal skins and three car loads of California peanuts passed through Omaha yesterday en route East.

A man, named Tanner, supposed to live in Watertown, Wis., was run over and killed by a freight train at the Milwaukee and St. Paul depot in Milwaukee yesterday.

The twenty-first meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science opened at Portland, Me., yesterday morning, Prof. Joseph Lovering presiding. A meeting of welcome was held last evening, at which addresses were made by leading citizens and members of the association.

The Mexican Congress will assemble on the sixteenth of next month. Dispatches from every section of the Republic report increasing activity in all branches of business.

The members of the Iron and Steel Institute of Liege, Belgium, have accepted the invitation to meet in the United States in 1874, and have designated Philadelphia as the city in which they will assemble.

The steamship Algeria and City of Montreal, from Liverpool, and the Washington, from Stettin, have arrived at New York.

The cholera has again broken out in Fayette, Mo., and four persons died of the disease Tuesday.

The Baltimore *American* celebrated its centennial yesterday. The office was handsomely decorated with flags, the coat of arms of the State, &c.

Celery the Year Round.
Celery salt is a delicious relish for flavoring soups, gravies, &c. It is highly appreciated by those who are fond of celery, being in a powdered state, combined with a little salt. Put up in bottles. Retail price twenty-five cents each. For sale, wholesale, by JESSE H. LIPPINCOTT, 281 Liberty street.

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Pacing Match—Attempted Suicide.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

FORT WAYNE, IND., August 20, 1873.

A pacing match took place this afternoon at Fort Wayne Driving Park between Brown's Billy and Rockhill's Flora—heats best three in five, waiving weights. Flora won the first heat, and Billy the second, third and fourth. Time, 2:52, 2:52, 2:47¾ and 2:51. Both horses acted badly. Flosa was the favorite to-day.

City Clerk Freeman quarreled with his wife last night and afterwards attempted to commit suicide, but was prevented from the rash act. He was afterwards arrested and gave bail for his conduct in the future. Mrs. Freeman has sued for a divorce, and to-day a temporary injunction was issued to prevent his taking the furniture, &c., from her.

The firemen are very much exasperated with their present Chief, and it is thought the matter will result in the disbanding of the men or the resignation of the Chief.

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO.

Wittenberg College—New Professors.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

SPRINGFIELD, O., August 20, 1873.

At a meeting last evening of the directors of Wittenberg College, Rev. J. H. Stuckenberg, of Pittsburgh, was elected to the chair of Sacred Literature, in the Theological Department, and Rev. I. Maggea, of Dayton, to the Professorship of Belles Letters. Prof. B. T. Prince, late principal of the Preparatory Department, resigned to enter the ministry.

A country man was knocked down and robbed of one hundred and six dollars at the depot here, last night.

ZANESVILLE, OHIO.

Personal.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

ZANESVILLE, O., August 20, 1873.

Gen. George W. Morgan is in the city attending the sick bed of G. A. Hall, his father-in-law, who is quite ill with cholera morbus.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 20, 1873.

AN ENGLISH AND SCOTCH COLONY.

A number of gentlemen from England and Scotland will start for Kansas, in company with George Grant, of London, who has purchased a county in that State for the purpose of founding a colony. The main purpose of the project will be agricultural, and the principal feature will be stock raising.

LOEWENSTEIN.

Affidavits were made at the Tombs Police Court to-day to effect the extradition from Canada of Emil Loewenstein, charged with the murder of the one armed soldier Weston, in Albany, a few weeks ago.

ALBANY, N. Y., August 20.—The Brooklyn detectives, who arrested Lowenstein, have reached this city, having left their prisoner in the custody of the authorities of St. Catherines. They found Lowenstein at work in a barber shop and called him out, and informed him of their business, when he showed signs of guilt at once. He said he was willing to go back, but that he was afraid the people there would hang him. He made several contradictory statements, but strenuously denied committing the murder.

MOTTO THE PADRONE.

At the examination of Vinceneso Motto, on the charge of keeping children in servitude in violation of the Civil Rights law, a boy named Joseph told his story through an interpreter. He said he did not know his surname. Three years ago, being then but eight years of age, he met Motto in the village of Calderels, in Southern Italy, where he resided. Motto induced him to go with him for the night, promising to bring him home next day, but instead took him to Naples and put him on board a vessel with a number of other boys. All arrived in this city and were taken to 45 Crosby street. Joseph was kept locked up for one day and next day sent out with others to play the violin. He was ordered to bring home fifty-five cents per day, and a couple of months afterwards a dollar a day. Whenever he failed to bring that amount he was beaten by Motto with a stick, kicked and tied up in the cellar. On one occasion Motto bit his ear, which still retains the marks of his teeth, and only fed him with bread and cheese. About a month ago he ran away and was compelled to sleep in the street cars and Central Park, where he was found. He positively identified Motto as the man who kidnapped him and kept him in Crosby street, and abused him.

DEATH OF A MERCHANT.

David Hoadly, a well known merchant, died to-day, aged sixty-seven.

SEA CLIFF CAMP MEETING DIFFICULTY.

It is now stated that the difficulties between the owners of the Methodist Sea Cliff camp meeting ground and the ladies of the Buelah Mission will be settled, and the suits withdrawn from the courts.

REPORTERS DROWNED.

George T. Kellier, a reporter of the Brooklyn *Union*, and George P. Rowe, a reporter of the New York *Times*, were both drowned while bathing this morning at Center Moriches, Long Island.

INSURANCE RATES AND REGULATIONS.

The Board of Fire Underwriters to-day established additional charges for insuring hotels, and resolved that roofs must be of slate or metal, and cornices of metal or brick, and that Mansard roofs must be of iron or slate, the latter to be fastened on iron lathing.

SIEZED BY THE SHERIFF.

The Sheriff has siezed the furniture in the Comptroller's office and the paintings in the Governor's room, also a fine engine to satisfy judgment, for salary, of ten thousand dollars obtained by Judge Fowler which the Comptroller refuses to pay.

IMPORTANT IF TRUE.

It is reported that a ledger kept at the District Attorney's office in this city contains entries which, if published, would astound the whole mercantile public. It contains the names of nearly five hundred merchants who have had to pay various sums, from ten thousand to one hundred thousand dollars to compromise suits brought against them by Special Agent Jayne and other Custom House officials. The book contains various offers made by counsel of the defendants and refusals to accept the same until a greater sum was named, when the offer would be accepted and the case compromised.

THE CUBAN LEAGUE.

The Cuban League met this afternoon and reorganized, electing Vice President Wilson President. Resolutions were adopted urging earnest exertions on the part of all friends of Cuban independence towards freeing that country from Spanish rule.

CASUALTIES.

The Northern Central Accident.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

LOCK HAVEN, August 20, 1873.

John Carl, fireman on the Elmira mail train which collided with the Niagara express near Montgomery station last evening, was seriously injured. The train was six hours late at this place.

More Railway Employees Injured.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

DELAWARE, O., August 20, 1873.

A brakeman in the employ of the Columbus, Chicago and Indianapolis Railway, on the Cleveland division, named John Burroughs, had his legs badly crushed by being run over by a caboose as to necessitate amputation. His life is despaired of. On the Short Line a brakeman, named Charley Welch, was caught between two freight cars while in the act of coupling them, and received dangerous internal injuries.

A Railroad Workman Cut in Two.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

KOKOMO, IND., August 20, 1873.

At a late hour last night, Patrick Lynch, aged twenty-five and unmarried, while walking, intoxicated, on the track of the I., P. and C. Railroad, was struck by an engine which ran over his neck, severing his head from his body. Lynch was a section hand on the road.

Thrown from a Colt.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

SPRINGFIELD, O., August 20, 1873.

A nephew of Hon. S. Sprague, of the State Board of Agriculture, was thrown from a colt yesterday and kicked, cutting his face open and dislocating one knee.

Criminal Negligence.

CINCINNATI, August 20.—The jury in the case of Emma King, who was killed yesterday in the Twenty-fifth ward, by a passing locomotive, found that she came to her death from criminal negligence of the engineer.

Accident to General Burnside and Governor Howard.

PROVIDENCE, August 20.—General Burnside and Governor Howard, of this State, were severely bruised at Martha's Vineyard last evening, by being thrown from their carriage.

The President arrived at Burlington, Vt., yesterday, was received by the citizens, in return received the citizens, was escorted to the depot by the First Regiment Vermont National Guards, and departed for Lake George. President Grant and party arrived at Lake George at eight o'clock last evening, via Lake Champlain, and after holding a short reception in the parlor of the hotel, left in a special coach for Glens Falls, where a train will convey the party to Saratoga.

The Art Committee of the Cincinnati Industrial Exhibition reported to the Commissioners yesterday that owing to recent arrivals of works of art and unexpected applications for space in the Art Hall, the enlargement of that building would be necessary. The committee was empowered to confer with the Park Commissioners for permission to enlarge the hall in Washington Park.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Pittsburgh to Baltimore by Water.

The Proposed Inland Route.

Missouri Bonds.

Their Payment in Currency.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 20, 1873.

The revival of the original design of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal by the proposed completion of the middle and western sections so as to connect the present terminus at Cumberland, Md., with the headwaters of the Youghiogheny, and by the valleys of that stream and the Monongahela, the Ohio at Pittsburgh, has aroused great interest on the part of the friends of that important inland water route in this city. They, however, have a project of their own, which is the extension of the canal to Annapolis, Md., crossing the southern portions of Washington to the Anacostia, or eastern branch of the Potomac, thence by that stream to a sufficient elevation, and thence across the country to the Severn river, which empties into the Chesapeake Bay at Annapolis, a distance of forty miles. This will save several hundred miles of navigation by schooner down the Potomac and up the Chesapeake to Baltimore, or by sea to Philadelphia and New York. With the completion of the Ohio and Annapolis extensions, a through canal route will have been effected, connecting the Ohio, Chesapeake, Delaware and Hudson. There is now canal communication from the Chesapeake to the Hudson; the Annapolis project is therefore of great importance in perfecting the connection of the Ohio and the Chesapeake, and freights then can be sent through from Pittsburgh to Baltimore without breaking bond.

Missouri Bonds.

The Secretary of the Interior, upon further investigation discovers that there is no law by which the United States can sue a State, and hence will be compelled to accept currency for the Missouri bonds repudiated in gold, according to the contract, held by him in trust for certain Indian tribes. These bonds mature next month. The government, however, can withhold the amount of gold premium in the settlement of the Missouri war claims under the authority of an act of Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 20, 1873.

THE WAWASSET INVESTIGATION.

Captain Gedle, Superintendent of the Potomac Ferry Company, testified before the Wawasset Commission to-day, that the license for that vessel called for one hundred and thirty cabin and twenty steerage passengers. This was received from the Georgetown Custom House. The last inspection allowed only thirty cabin and twenty deck passengers. He afterward obtained permission to carry five hundred additional passengers on a limited number of occasions on the Potomac river. Witness had no idea how the mistake as to the limitation of the number of passengers occurred on last inspections, only these being allowed. Capt. Wood said the Superintendent gave him instructions to exercise the crew in fire drill. After further testimony had been given Captain Smith, General Supervising Inspector, said that from the evidence of the Superintendent of the Potomac Ferry Company, and of the Captain of the Wawasset, it was evident that there was an absence of discipline, order and proper authority on the Wawasset. Who was to blame he would not say, but everything possible should be done to obtain the truth, in order to form a right judgment, and to act accordingly. He entered the room with deep feeling of regret and sorrow, not only because of the occasion, but because it shortened his trip to the Western waters. He was anxious to be here before the Commission closed, to give such aid in the investigation as might be required, and express his sympathy to those who lost their friends and relatives by the disaster. The Commission adjourned till Friday.

THE PAWNEE-SIOUX FIGHT.

The following account of the recent fight between the Pawnee and Sioux Indians has been received at the War Department, through General Sheridan, from the Superintendent of Indian Affairs at Omaha, and dated at the Pawnee Agency, Nebraska, August 9th: This morning John Williamson, Sub-Agent in charge of the Pawnee hunters, returned and said that, after a successful hunt, in which they had killed a thousand buffalo, and being heavily laden with meat and hides, on their return home they were surprised in camp by the Sioux, supposed to be one thousand strong, and before they could escape or make a successful resistance, nearly one hundred men, women and children were slain and scalped. The wounded, dead and dying women and helpless children were thrown into a heap and burned in the most barbarous manner possible. Comparatively few of the women and children of the tribe were with them, but nearly all were there became victims of the ruthless and unprovoked slaughter; Buffalo had just been seen, possibly decoyed within their view, and many of them were out after them. Sky Chief was killed. Williamson made his escape on horseback, but lost his pack horse and all his goods. Young Platt, companion to Williamson, also lost his horse. They met a few soldiers from Fort McPherson and gave them particulars of the massacre. The Pawnees, sorrowful and disheartened, are returning home as fast as possible. Williamson brought six badly wounded Indians on the train to Silver Creek station and David Davis with teams has left to bring them home. Much excitement prevails and a spirit of war is running at fever heat. Williamson's runners report only two Sioux killed.

SUIT FOR FALSE IMPRISONMENT.

At the request of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney General has instructed the United States Attorney for the District of Columbia, to conduct the defense of E. W. Hale, paying teller of the United States Treasury, in the suit for damages for false imprisonment, brought against him by Clinton Rice. This suit grows out of a check upon which it is charged there was a forged endorsement discovered by Hale.

JAPAN IS WILLING.

Information has been received here that the Mikado will soon open Siwonisaki in the Japan inland sea to the commerce of all nations.

A CHECK ON CHECKS.

The Secretary of the Treasury has instructed the Assistant Treasurer and designated depositaries to refuse payment of all checks of all disbursing officers except Pension Agents, issued since January 2d, 1872, on which the objects for which they were issued are not stated.

OF MISSING DOCUMENTS.

Secretary Belknap, after a rigid examination, has failed to discover that any records of the War Department are missing, with the exception of those in the Buell court-martial case. He, however, invites any one who can name any particular paper they believe to be missing, to report the fact to him, as it is a matter of impossibility to name every paper in the Department. He hopes that parties who charge that papers are missing will specify the documents to him and further search will be made.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., August 21, 1 A. M.

PROBABILITIES FOR TO-DAY.

For Northern New England, the Lower Lake region and thence southward to West Virginia and southwestward over the States of the Ohio valley easterly to southerly winds, falling barometer and continued clear or partly cloudy weather during the day.

For the Atlantic coast from Southern New England to Florida easterly to southerly winds, continued low temperature with threatening weather and rain. For the Upper Lake region and the Northwest rising temperature, continued barometer, light to fresh southeasterly to southwesterly winds and partly cloudy or clear weather during the day, except in the northwest portion of the Lake region and thence westward to the Missouri valley, where increased cloudiness and threatening weather will prevail, followed by rising barometer and low temperature and the winds gradually shifting to westerly and northwesterly.

Midnight Bulletin.

AUGUST 20, 1873—10:48 P. M.

PLACE OF OBSERVATION.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Cairo, Ill.	73	......	Clear.
Cincinnati, O.	71	N. E	Clear.
Davenport, Iowa.	82	S. W.	Clear.
Galveston, Tex.	77	E.	Heavy rain
Indianapolis.	74	......	Clear.
Leavenworth, Kansas.	74	S. E.	Clear.
Louisville, Ky.	75	......	Clear.
Memphis, Tenn.	74	N.	Clear.
Nashville, Tenn.	76	......	Clear.
New Orleans, La.	80	......	Cloudy.
Omaha, Neb.	74	S. W.	Clear.
Pittsburgh, Pa.	66	E.	Clear.
Shreveport, La.	78	S. W	Cloudy.
St. Louis, Mo.	76	S. E	Clear.
St. Paul.	76	S. W.	Clear.
Vicksburg, Miss.	71	S. E.	Clear.
Keokuk.	78	S. E	Clear.
La Crosse, Wis.	75	S. E.	Clear.

Rev. Dr. Hendrickson, Bishop of the Roman Catholic diocese of Providence, Rhode Island, arrived home from Europe last evening. He was escorted by a long procession to the cathedral, where he made an address of thanks for his reception.

A girl named Lucinda Smith, at a ball in Maysville, Kentucky, called a justice into the room and sighted a revolver at Charles Brown. They were married then and there.

METROPOLITAN BUBBLES.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

NEW YORK, August 18, 1873.

WINDY JOURNALISM.

So far as news is concerned we are at a dead lock. There is absolutely nothing doing, not a genuine breeze to produce a frothy ripple on the sea of metropolitan life. We are precisely in the condition of the unhappy mariners told of by the wrinkled salt that sprung from the exotic imagination of Coleridge. Motionless we roll and rock beneath the coppery sun on an ocean as smooth as glass. Occasionally there is a puff of wind—mayhap it is a murder or suicide—the canvas flops spasmodically a moment, and then things subside into a dead calm.

But nature abhors a vacuum, and so do the metropolitan editors. If there is no news, it must be created. If startling incidents will not occur in the material world, then the phantom machinery must be put to work and be made to grind out blood-curdling, or breath-taking specimens of some kind or other. In the dog days, that August period when the canine star blazes luridly in the heavens, and the restive mercury essays to climb out of its glassy tube, it is a *sine qua non* that the brain must be kept active. Without sensations the average New Yorker would lapse into a state of idiocy. And, in order to prevent so lamentable an occurrence, the literary agitators are doing their level best.

First comes the *Graphic* with the foremost stir. Of course, you have heard of their balloon—who hasn't? It was a *Wise* thought of the *Graphic* people to start this agitation. Of course, *entre nous*, the enterprise will go up, but the balloon—well, if it does, it will come down in Jersey; and that will be about the only foreign port it will ever reach. To find the born fool in his natural element, the naturalist should confine himself to Manhattan Island and its suburbs. Just as if the easterly current could not be searched for between the Atlantic and the Pacific, as well as over the broad ocean. Then there might be a possibility of we mundane mortals receiving a *graphic* report of the experience and observation of the windy navigators; but everything now-a-days must be red-hot, hence, the undertaking must be hazardous to produce a sensation. It is evidently an enterprising advertising dodge all through. See how nicely it can be reasoned. Somebody must go up in a balloon, or else the *Graphic* will; *ergo*, send Wise and Donaldson, *Q. E. D.* So it was all arranged between Wise and the Reading man, who rides through the air hanging by his toes—something of a *feat*, *en passant*. This may be called windy journalism, as it is certainly a novel attempt at rising the financial wind. So far the plot works successfully, and the mob are all agape to see the ascension of the *Graphic's* air ship. We have pictures of balloons *ad nauseam*, and articles about the trip *ad infinitum*, or, to be more explicit, *every-nightum*. The ascension is to take place from the Capitoline grounds, over in Brooklyn. Those grounds will hold ten thousand people, who will be charged one dollar a head to witness the preliminaries of the ascension. The balloon will require three thousand five hundred feet of gas which will cost one thousand three hundred dollars, and will be supplied by the Brooklyn Gas Company. The inflation will begin at four o'clock in the morning. When all is ready, when the people have fulfilled their part of the contract, *i. e.*, when they have filled full the enclosure, then the balloon will rise. Proudly it will soar aloft, and proudly will it "take a tumble" and come down; but not on the raging main. Some unforseen accident will occur, there will be a mistake about the easterly current, and the descension, miles away, will be as graphically illustrated as was the ascension the day previous, "taken by our artist on the spot."

SECTARIAN AGITATORS AND DEMAGOGUES.

Other papers that have no balloons to send up are flying the religious kite. They have got up a very pretty quarrel among themselves about the respective merits of the Protestant and Roman Catholic creeds, and their influence in our common schools. Demagogues in both ranks are plying the lash vigorously, and abusing each other like the legendary pickpockets, much to the disgust of common sense people. Would it not be well for them to turn their attention from polemics to pauperism, and devote their energies to alleviating the condition of the poor children of both churches, with which our streets are swarming? It must be said for the Catholics, that they seem to bear themselves more correctly in this "tempest in a teapot." True, they are ever on the alert to defend their own domains, but they seem in no way desirous of poaching on their brethren across the way. The fact is, the press of the country is fast obliterating the ignorance of the masses, and the Catholic clergy have discovered that they are not holding their own; hence they are desirous of having their own schools in every ward in the city, not that they may extend their own power, but to retain that of which they are already the possessors. If they are desirous of controlling the youngsters who crowd the seventeen thousand tenement houses of this city, why not follow George Williams's example? George, who was a typo on the New York *Times*, afterwards their police reporter, and now city editor, has endeared himself to thousands of little ones, who have seen more sunshine and green fields, and heard kinder words under his protecting guidance, than ever before in their lives. Every Saturday from 1,500 to 1,800 of them are conveyed to some woodland or sea side resort, where they frolic and gambol the entire day, and in every instance they have been brought back safe and sound to their poverty-stricken parents. George has seen more misery, squalor and wretchedness in New York than all the sectarian philanthropists in the city; but beyond being a hearty worshipper of the Deity, he is supremely ignorant of religious matters.

CLERICAL HAIR PULLING.

The orthodox ministers are not in a good frame of mind about Parson Beecher's theological views. They maintain, with some warmth, that there is no divinity in the preaching of the eminent clergyman. In the meantime, Henry Ward is on the White Mountains manufacturing life-force to carry him through the winter, sublimely indifferent to the criticisms of his less popular brethren. When will our spiritual doctors learn that the secret of Beecher's popularity is that his sermons are palatable and easy of digestion?

The religious press are greatly indignant regarding the irreverent reports that appear in the New York *Herald* regarding their meetings and they suggest that in the future the reporters be excluded from their business meetings. The *Methodist* says, in this week's issue: "Their reports have been almost habitually caricatures, burlesquing religion and scandalizing the church. Reporters as a rule have neither judgment nor respect sufficient to warrant their admission to such gatherings." This sounds severe, but it is intended particularly for the *Herald*, which, on Monday, makes a specialty of religious reports. The secret of the trouble is, that the Catholic element largely predominates in the intellectual department of that journal, from the head down; hence the reports are frequently made ludicrous intentionally.

AN INJURED INNOCENT.

Tilton, of the *Golden Age*, accuses the *Herald* of trying to injure his fair fame. He says:

> "Every Sunday morning the *Herald* includes the *Golden Age* in its notices of the religious press; and thus, combining with other slanderers of ours, it has almost ruined our reputation. We sincerely trust that the *Herald*—a journal which was never so good, honest and helpful to the public as now—does not see in the *Golden Age* any of that all-abounding and totally pervasive worldliness which distinguishes the religious press. The *Herald* itself, on Mondays, is more a religious journal than any of the dozen or twenty sectarian presses which it notices on Sundays."

This is decidedly the coolest thing of the season. The idea of Tilton's reputation being injured is good.

LIVELY TIMES IN PLYMOUTH CHURCH.

During the first week in October there is to be lively times in Plymouth church. Henry C. Bowen, the editor of the *Independent* and Brooklyn *Union*, will be called upon to make good his charges against his pastor. The investigation will be open to the press and public.

XIX.

FIRE RECORD.

Fort Wayne, Ind.

CINCINNATI, August 20.—A *Times* Fort Wayne, Indiana, special says a fire this morning destroyed A. C. Keil's drug store; Keil & McKinsey, dry goods; C. Spigel, boot store; being the whole of Nesble's block. The loss is estimated at $15,000. The building was insured for $2,300 in the Germania, of Dayton, Ohio, and National, of Philadelphia. The drug stock was insured for $3,000 in Graham & Gaskill's agencies. The dry goods were insured in that agency for $1,600. The boot store was insured for $1,500 in the Royal, of Liverpool.

Important to Dealers in Old Iron.

COLUMBUS, O., August 20.—The business of stealing old iron from along the railroads in this section of country has grown to such proportions that detectives have been out for some days looking for the guilty parties. It was found that this material, in vast quantities, when stolen, was run into blooms and shipped East over the roads from which it was stolen. Many thousand dollars worth of this stolen iron have been shipped during the past year, and it has become necessary to issue orders forbidding the shipment of old iron unless agents were reasonably sure that it has not been stolen from the railroad company.

Peach Cake.
To the yolks of three eggs, beaten, add one cup of white sugar, one-half cup butter, one-half cup sweet milk, two cups flour, having in it one measure Banner Baking Powder, the whites of three eggs beaten stiff, bake in jelly-cake pans; when cold and just before eating, place in layers, covering each one with fresh peaches which have previously been sugared.
Each can of Banner Baking Powder contains a small measure, to be used even full, according to printed directions. If you cannot obtain this really valuable article from your grocer, send twenty-five cents by mail, addressed to Banner Baking Powder, P. O. Lock Box, 317, Pittsburgh, Pa., and you will receive, postage paid, a quarter pound package, together with a list of fifty valuable recipes.

THE VERY LATEST.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Spain.

THE REPUBLIC TO SEEK RECOGNITION.

MADRID, August 20.—It is reported that in the event of a recess or adjournment of the Cortes, which is regarded as not improbable, Castelar will visit London, Berlin, Vienna and Rome, to endeavor to bring about a recognition of the Spanish Republic.

MORE PETROLEUM INCENDIARIES.

MADRID, August 20.—Three more petroleum incendiaries have been condemned to death by the Tribunal of Justice at Seville.

England.

WELSH MUSICAL FESTIVAL.

LONDON, August 20.—Gladstone presided at the opening of the Welsh musical festival at Wold yesterday.

COMPLIMENT TO AMERICA.

At a meeting of the Sunday School Union of London last night, Rev. Mr. Hartley, who has just returned from an inspection of the school systems of the United States, spoke in terms of high praise of the efficiency of American educational facilities, both as to sacred and secular instruction.

LABOR TROUBLES AT MANCHESTER.

LONDON, August 20.—The iron masters of Manchester have determined upon a lock-out of one-tenth of their men, to commence on Saturday next, and to be followed every two weeks by a lock-out of one-tenth of the men then employed. It is probable that the movement thus inaugurated at Manchester by the iron masters, will extend throughout the country. The iron workers of Bolton urge the men at Manchester to meet the lock-out on Saturday by a strike of all hands. The aspect of affairs excites great interest in this city, as an extensive strike is apprehended. The points in dispute between the masters and men have reference to the rates for piece work and over time. The society of engineers have on hand a fund of five hundred thousand dollars, with which they will assist the iron workers.

France.

ROCHFORT'S TROUBLES CONTINUE.

PARIS, August 20.—A report from the vessel in which Henri Rochfort was shipped for New Caledonia, says that his fellow convicts, considering his course as treasonable to the Commune, made an attempt to lynch him. The officers of the ship were obliged to assign him quarters apart from, and protected against the Communist exiles.

Marine News.

LIVERPOOL, August 20.—The steamship Italy, from New York, and Palmyra, from Boston, arrived out.

LONDON, August 20.—The United States steamer Congress, of the European station, has arrived at Great Grimsby.

European Markets.

LONDON, August 20, 5 P. M.—Consols 92⅜@92⅞. American Securities—5-20s of '65, 95¼; do '67, 95⅝; 10-40s, 90¾; new 5s, 91⅝; Erie 47. The rate of discount for three months' bills in the open market is 3-16 per cent. below the Bank rate. Spirits petroleum 10d.

FRANKFORT, August 20.—5-20s '62, 97⅜.

PARIS, August 20.—Rentes 57 francs 92 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, August 20.—Cotton heavy at 8¾@9⅛d; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000 bales. Breadstuffs and all other articles quiet and unchanged.

FOREIGN NEWS BY MAIL.

A MUNIFICENT GIFT FOR RELIGIOUS EDUCATION.

NEW YORK, August 20.—Mr. James Baird, of Auchmedden, has handed over to a trust which is to be called "The Baird Trust," no less a sum than five hundred thousand pounds to be devoted to religious education in connection with the Church of Scotland.

THE PRUSSIAN GOVERNMENT AND THE CATHOLICS.

POSEN, August 6.—Last Sunday an official notice from the Prussian government was read to the members of the Catholic congregation at Fitchue, who had been convoked for that purpose by the provincial council. It announces that the Prussian government refuses authority to celebrate religious offices to Priest Arndt, appointed by Archbishop Ledochowski to the post of Prior of Fitchue without the consent of the State. The notice further states that any such celebration on his part will be invalid and will render him amenable to the law. The members of the congregation are warned not to request his services in any priestly function.

ACTION OF INTERNATIONAL PATENT CONGRESS.

VIENNA, August 6.—The International Patent Congress has adopted the following resolutions: "1st. Only an inventor himself, or his legal successors, shall obtain a patent. The granting of a patent cannot be refused to foreigners. 2d. The donation of a patent for an invention to be for fifteen years, or for a shorter term with the option of extending it to that period. 3d. The complete publication of a patent to be obligatory. 4th. The expense of granting a patent to be established on a moderate but progressive scale. The amendment proposed by the American delegates to introduce a graduated tax on patents, according to the condition of each respective country, was withdrawn after repeated doubtful votes had been taken. 5th. A specification of all patents in force must be accessible to the public. To-morrow the Congress will continue the debate on the sixth resolution, whereby it is made obligatory on holders of patents to place their inventions at the disposal of everybody wishing to use them upon payment of fitting remuneration.

VIENNA, August 7.—A long debate took place upon the sixth resolution, that inventors should be required to allow their inventions to be used by other parties on payment of suitable remuneration. The American members opposed this proposal and the Congress finally accepted essentially all the proposals submitted by the preliminary committee and elected this committee as a permanent one, whose principal task it will be to further the execution of the resolutions.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

Pittsburgh, Wheeling and Kentucky.

WHEELING, W. VA., August 20.—The vote in this city yesterday on the additional subscription by this county to the Pittsburgh, Wheeling and Kentucky Railroad, stood eleven hundred and fourteen for, and eighty-nine against subscription. This will carry the county if all the county districts vote negatively. The completion of this road, which has been delayed for want of this additional subscription, will now be pushed rapidly to this point.

Atlantic and Pacific.

ST. LOUIS, August 20.—The Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company relaid their track along Poplar street to the river front this morning, restoring their communication with the levee, elevators, lumber yards, etc. A motion to dissolve the injunction against the city, granted by Judge Knight yesterday, will be argued before the Circuit Court September 15.

Meeting of Stockholders of Covington and Lexington Railroad.

CINCINNATI, O., August 20.—At a call of the City Council of Covington, Ky., persons holding stock in the Covington and Lexington Railroad, who are now litigating the Bowler heirs for possession of the road, held a meeting at Paris, Ky., to-day. About twenty stockholders were present, representing personally and by proxy nearly one-quarter of a million of dollars. The call of the meeting was in view to obtain an expression of the stockholders in favor of selling the road as soon as possessed of it to the trustees of the Cincinnati and Southern Railway. Resolutions were passed disapproving of the action of the Covington Council in calling a meeting and that the present was no time to talk about disposing of the road when the directory had not possession of it, and had not the means to ascertain its actual value. The Kentucky Court of Appeals, last April, decided the road belonged to all the stockholders out of whose hands it was sold, but judgment is suspended pending a motion for a rehearing.

An Air Line Road from Milwaukee to St. Louis.

MILWAUKEE, August 20.—The officers of the Varna, Peru, Mendota and State Line and Milwaukee and Southern Illinois Railroad Company have been in session to-day, and agreed upon a consolidation of all the roads, forming an air line road from Milwaukee to St. Louis. They take the old graded road bed formerly called the Milwaukee and Beloit Railroad, relieving the city of bonds in aid of the enterprise amounting in interest and all to nearly half a million. The taxpayers congratulate themselves on having something to show for this swindle at last.

An Edifying Spectacle.

The Chicago *Inter-Ocean* says that there is at present performing in one of the concert halls of that city a gentleman known as Dibolo. "Mr. Dibolo's mission upon earth appears to be to devour red hot coals and subject his tongue to a process of singe by drawing across it a red hot poker. To the uninitiated his performance certainly transcends the laws of nature. He appears upon the platform (we cannot altogether call it a stage) clad in the fiery garb of Mephistophiles. After a little preliminary speech, in which he blows his own horn with remarkable ability, his satanic majesty takes a lump of burning charcoal, puts it into his mouth, and eats it like a chocolate caramel. He next takes a stick of sealing-wax, which he heats to a flame, and then chews it like a stick of candy. He then calls two intelligent imbibers of lager-beer from the audience, and bids them watch him heat a piece of lead, after heating which he sups the contents with a red-hot spoon, and, shortly thereafter, drops the solidified lead out of his mouth. His performance closes by drawing a red-hot poker across his tongue. It is not by any means a pleasing exhibition, still it illustrates a principle long known to scientific men—that the skin can be trained, by the use of certain chemicals, to stand the severest test of heat. The man's mouth looks like a blackened pit, his eyes have a wild glare, and his appearance is that of one 'sickiied o'er with the pale cast' of fire."

TEXAS.

Republican State Convention.

Exhaustive and Stirring Resolutions

Governor Davis Renominated.

Nominations for Lieut. Governor and Comptroller.

GALVESTON, August 20.—The following is a summary of the resolutions adopted by the Texas Republican State Convention at Dallas, August 20th:

1st. Reaffirms devotion to the principles enunciated in the National Republican platform and to the wise and just administration of President Grant.

2d. Advocates the establishment and maintenance of a system of free schools.

3d. Favors ample protection to every citizen in the enjoyment of all his rights.

4th. Opposes special legislation.

5th. Favors judicious State aid to immigration.

6th. Desires equal taxation upon property and little, if any, upon occupation; advocates the payment of the State debt, and denounces repudiation.

7th. Favors the speedy development of the varied resources of the State, and pledges every facility and aid towards the establishment of a railway system for the State, and to that end advises the carrying out in good faith all obligations heretofore assumed whereby capitalists have been induced to invest in such enterprises.

8th. Opposes all laws which recognize the race, nativity or belief of the citizen.

9th. Asks the National government to dismount, disarm, and put upon securely guarded reservations the savage tribes of Indians.

10th. Asks the government for amnesty for citizens under political disabilities, and to improve the harbors; and denounces the members from Texas in the last Congress for dishonorably voting and taking back pay, which they should be made to disgorge.

11th. Favors short sessions of the Legislature, and the letting of the public printing to the lowest bidder.

12th. Strongly disapproves of the bad acts of the last Legislature, its useless expenditure of money, chiefly upon itself, squandering the public domain upon speculative and worthless corporations, and the attempt to make homesteads subject to sale under execution.

13th. Advises the people to elect their officers with a view to their qualifications and character.

14th. Commends the resolutions of the German Convention of Austin, August 18.

Hon. E. J. Davis was unanimously re-nominated for Governor.

Hon. R. H. Taylor was unanimously nominated for Lieutenant Governor.

Governor Davis was introduced, and made a brief speech indorsing the platform, after which J. W. Thomas was nominated for Comptroller, and the Convention adjourned till the afternoon to complete the nominations.

A FORMIDABLE MOB.

A Kansas Town Captured by Four Hundred Men.

ST. LOUIS, August 20.—A Fort Scott, Kansas, special of the 20th, to the *Monitor*, from Lescygnes, the county seat of Linn county, represents great excitement there this morning. A mob of four hundred men have taken possession of the town and arrested the Sheriff. They declare that they will hang the Sheriff and burn the town unless he delivers the person of Kellar to them. Kellar is the man who murdered his wife and two children and his wife's sister, at Turin Springs, on last Sunday night, and afterwards burned their bodies. The Sheriff has been keeping the prisoner hid since his arrest, and still refuses to tell where he is concealed. The mob are determined, and trouble is apprehended.

Additional advices from Lescygns state that after taking Keller the mob returned to Lescygns where Keller eat a hearty dinner, after which he was taken into Kellogg's law office where an effort was made by many of our citizens to avert the murderous intents of the mob. General C. W. Blair, of Ft. Scott, is here and used his best endeavors to save the life of Keller. He has been sworn in as Judge *pro tem.* of the District Court. He adjourned Court till Monday next. He then went with the infuriated people to the woods near by, and again addressed the people in vindication of the law. His remarks were temperate but not sufficient. Elder Gore was then called for and appeared and offered a prayer for Kellar. At the close of which he was taken by twelve men and hanged till dead.

The Oldest Complete Copy of the Bible in the United States.

In the library of the Theological Seminary of the Reformed Church in Lancaster is a well preserved copy of the first completed edition of the Swiss-German Bible, being perhaps the oldest complete copy of the Holy Scriptures to be found in the United States. This edition was translated from the original tongues by the ministers of the Gospel at Zurich, Switzerland, and published by Christoffel Froschoner in the year 1531. It came to this country through the hands of the Kupfen-Schmied family from Canton Berne, of Switzerland, to whom it had descended as a precious heirloom, and by whom it was donated to the Reformed Theological Seminary in 1867. This copy contains the Old and New Testament and Apocrypha complete, and must have been one of the first of the Zurich edition which was issued, for the translation of the Zurich New Testament was only completed in 1524, and the Old Testament not until 1529. In 1530 Froschoner issued a quarto edition of the entire Scriptures in Latin letters, but this style of typography not proving popular, the indefatigable publisher prepared this folio edition in German letters, with good woodcuts and title-pages, and type of great beauty and distinctness, which, after these three hundred and forty-two years of improvement and change, remain as interesting specimens of the "the black art." The work, as appears from its title-page, was given to the public in May, 1531, three years before the first complete edition of Luther's Bible, which was published by Hans Suift, Wittenberg, Saxony, in 1534. This precious relic of the days of Zwingle and Luther, which was, perhaps, used at times by the great reformer, is almost invaluable, and is preserved with fitting care in the archives of an institution which has done so much to preserve the simple faith of the great leader of the Reformation.

Baldness in Disguise.

The odium medicum has never been wanting in Scotland, where, indeed, one professor in the medical faculty of the University of Edinburgh is reported to have gone about for weeks with a bad leg, simply because he couldn't make up his mind to consult the only surgeon who was able and willing to operate for his disease—a fellow professor. Accordingly Edinburgh laughed heartily, but was not at all scandalized when one famous University Professor kicked another famous Professor, in the same faculty, down before him from near the North Bridge to where the Register House now stands. The *casus belli* was simple, but, as reported, most irritating. The offending Professor was lecturing to his class one morning, and happened to say that baldness was no sign of age. "In fact, gentlemen," said the suave Professor, "it's no sign at all, nor the converse. I was called in very early yesterday morning to see the wife of a distinguished colleague, a lady whose raven locks have long been the pride of rout and ball. It was early in the morning, and I caught the lady in dishabille, and, would you believe it, the raven locks were all fudge, and the lady was as bald as the palm of my hand." The Professor said nothing more, but no sooner was his lecture ended than the students casually inquired of the coachman whom the Professor was called to see so early yesterday morning. The coachman, innocently enough, answered, "Oh, Mrs. Professor ——." This was enough, and so, before four and twenty hours went round, the story came to Professor A. that Professor B. had said in his class, that Mrs. Professor A. wore a wig. For two days they did not meet, and when they did the offender was punished in the ignominious manner described.—*All the Year Round.*

An Aggrieved Dog.

New Hampshire furnishes yet another dog story, as follows: Last autumn Messrs. D. K. Marvell and M. S. Hall went to Westfield, Mass., purchased a coon dog which they transported by coach to Tyngsborough, thence by rail to Milford, N. H. The dog was very successful in coon hunting and always seemed contented and happy. Last week Mr. Marvell had occasion to go away with his team, and the dog attempted to follow, but he drove him back. Soon after, Mr. Hall started out for a drive, and the dog was so persistent in his attempt to accompany him that, after unsuccessful efforts to drive him home, he asked a friend to detain him half an hour, which he did. Nothing more was thought of the dog till he was missed at home, when search was made, but no trace of him could be found. He was liberated as directed, but that was the last seen of him. Messrs. Marvell and Hall advertised him, and as a result heard from him at his old home at Westfield, Mass. It would appear that he was grieved at the treatment he had received from his owners, and resolved to return to his old home, the way to which, a distance of nearly thirty miles, he in some way found, although coming to Milford a year ago in a close car.

At Grapeville, Westmoreland county, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has just completed its water works, at a cost of $20,000. The water in that immediate vicinity is too deeply impregnated with sulphur to make it available for use in their locomotives, and hence the company was obliged to bring the necessary supply from a distance.

Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, &c., will be inserted at transient rates only—TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—LADY CORRESPONDENT—Address C. L. R., this office.

WANTED—SALESMEN—TWO DRESS Goods Salesmen. Address, with reference, experience and salary wanted, E. M. McGILLIN, Youngstown, Ohio.

WANTED—MILLINER—A FIRST-class Milliner, to go out of the city. Liberal wages paid. Address, stating qualifications and where can be seen, R. SMITH, this office. TTHS

WANTED—50 COAL MINERS—TO mine Bituminous Coal at Morrisdale Mines, Clearfield county, Pa. Apply to D. W. HOLT, Superintendent, Philipsburg, Center county, Pa.

WANTED—FIVE COAL MINERS, married men preferred; Farm and Garden Hands; several Girls and Women wanted to do housework and cooking in and out of city. Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street, first door from Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—PROFESSOR—APPLICATIONS (with testimonials) for the Chair of Ancient Languages and Literature in West Virginia University will be received until August 27, 1873, at which time the Regents will elect. Salary $1,400. Fall term begins September 3. Address G. C. STURGISS, Secretary, Morgantown, W. Va.

WANTED—PURCHASERS—FOR 80 Beaver county Farms, from 20 to 100 Acres each, the best Farms in the market. Price from $50 to $100 per Acre, and about 30 Farms in other counties, within fifty miles of Pittsburgh, with improvements to suit any one wishing to buy a Farm. Also five first-class Dwelling Houses, in Allegheny city, near the Park. Inquire of E. O. KEYS, 43 Fifth avenue, in First National Bank Building.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—25 ACTIVE Agents, to canvass in general. $25 to $75 per day can be made by good canvassers. Apply at 253 Penn avenue.

FOUND.

FOUND—AT THE ALLEGHENY DROVE Yards, a Heifer. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying charges. JAMES HUNTER.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—WANTED, BY A SINGLE Gentleman, in a central locality. Address Orop, Commercial office.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—OFFICES—TWO VERY desirable Office Rooms, second floor, fronting on No 116 Federal street. One of the best buildings in the city. Possession given immediately. Inquire of EDWARD GROETZINGER, 116 Federal street, corner Park Way, Allegheny City. tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—WOOD WORKING MACHINERY and Manufacturers' Supplies of all kinds. Send for circulars and prices. M. B. COCHRAN & CO., 121 Liberty street.

FOR SALE BELTS, HOSE THE ONLY Pure Oak Tanned Leather Belts and Hose made in this city, are manufactured by HARTLEY, McKEE & CO., 58 Smithfield street, sole Agents. TH

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60 horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—LOT 100 FEET SQUARE, corner Bingham and Ninth streets, Pittsburgh, South Side. Also, Lot 100 feet square, corner Bingham and Eighth streets. Inquire of BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO., Second and Wood streets.

FOR SALE—A. S. CAMERON & CO.'S Steam Pumps, suitable for every purpose to which Steam Pumps can be applied. Having been largely improved, we offer them as the best and cheapest in the market. ATWOOD & McCAFFREY, corner Third avenue and Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. TTHS

FOR SALE—COAL—21 ACRES OF Land, with a Coal privilege of 120¾ acres lying 3 miles north of the city of Wheeling, West Virginia, on the east side of the Ohio river, and on the line of the Pittsburgh, Wheeling and Kentucky Railroad. Price $15,000. For particulars inquire of R. B. WOODS, Wheeling, West Virginia.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY—Farm of 110 Acres, 20 in Timber, situated 9 miles from Apollo Station, West Pennsylvania Railroad; Frame House of 6 Rooms; new Bank Barn, 40 by 60; 3 never failing Springs; Church and School convenient. Terms easy. Call on or address W. H. MURPHY, 88 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. TTHS

FOR SALE—HORSE, BAROUCHE and Harness—one of the best family horses in the city; sound, kind and gentle, will not scare at locomotives; has been driven by a lady for one year; also Barouche and harness, have been in use but a short time. Having no further use for them they will be sold at a reasonable price. Can be seen at the stables of R. H. PATTERSON & CO., corner of Liberty and Seventh avenue, or at Dr. G. W. SPENCER'S Office, No. 254 Penn avenue.

FOR SALE—GREEN TROTTERS—LOW Grey Mare, 6 years old, 15 hands, Ethan Allen and Montezuma blood, very fine family horse, never trained, can haul a top wagon in 3 minutes; Bay Colt, 4 years old, by a son of old Stockbridge Chief, who has record of 2:26. This colt is nearly 16 hands, never had shoes on and shows a slashing 3-minute gait; will make a trotter; for Sale very low. Dapple Brown Mare, 9 years old, pacer, the best and safest family horse living; can pace in 2:30, trot in 3½; for women's and children's use she is unexcelled; handsome, and for sale all of them simply cheap. Address H. C. GRAFF, Box 400 Maysville, Columbiana county, Ohio.

NOTICES.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Desiring that the public should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their meters tested to leave their orders at the offices of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention.
R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

Colorado Flour.
We have this day received One Car FANCY FAMILY FLOUR, superior to any Fancy St. Louis.
To be had only of
WATT, LANG & CO.,
172 AND 174 WOOD STREET.

Special Announcement.
Having purchased from the firm of Messrs. Overholt, the balance of their Entire Stock of the
CELEBRATED BRANDS OF
WHISKIES,
KNOWN AS THE
A. & H. S. Overholt,
B. F. Overholt & Co., and
H. S. Overholt & Co.,
We are prepared to furnish the trade with the above brands, with age ranging from 1 to 9 years old.
We have also in store a large stock of the well known
McKim, Moore, Finch and Fountain
And other PURE
RYE WHISKIES,
At all ages to suit. Our Stock of IMPORTED
Cognacs, Ports, Sherries, Gins
&c., are among the largest, all of which we offer to the trade at very reasonable prices. Call and be convinced.
J. K. Lanahan & Co.
No. 355 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Co-Partnership.
Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned have formed a Co-Partnership under the firm name of
Dithridge & Co.,
To date from July 23d, 1873.
GEO. W. DITHRIDGE,
PAUL ZIMMERMAN,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
GEO. W. BLAIR.

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS.
Dithridge & Co.,
Successors to EDWD. DITHRIDGE,
Manufacturers of every variety of
XX FLINT GLASS,
Lamp Chimneys,
AND
SILVERED GLASS REFLECTORS.
OFFICE AND WORKS,
Washington and Franklin Streets.

WM. M. M'COMBS,
Real Estate and Insurance Ag't
No. 110 Smithfield Street.
Property Bought and Sold all parts of the county.
Money to Loan on Bond and Mortgage and Commercial Paper.

REMOVAL.
In order to accommodate our large and increasing trade we have Removed from our old stand, No. 63 Smithfield street, to Nos. 145 and 146 WATER STREET, and Nos. 188 and 190 FIRST AVENUE.
August 1, 1873. SPECK & MORROW, Wholesale Liquor Dealers.

MERCHANT TAILOR.
B. TIEGEL,
No. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET.
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for Spring and Summer Wear, AT LOWEST PRICES.

WILLIAM BOYD. T. BOYD
WILLIAM BOYD & SON,
Builders and Contractors
Office, 214 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

Protect your Buildings
Which may be done with less than quarter the usual expense by the use of
GLINE'S
Patent Slate Roofing Paint.
A roof may be covered with a very cheap shingle, and by the application of this Slate, be made to last from 20 to 30 years. Old roofs can be patched and coated and made to look much better and last longer than new shingles without the slate, for
ONE-THIRD THE COST OF RE-SHINGLING.
The cost of Slating new shingles is only about the cost of simply laying them, and the Slate is FIRE PROOF against sparks and live coals falling upon it, as may be easily tested by any one, and as appears from the fact that Insurance Companies
MAKE THE SAME TARIFF THAT THEY DO FOR SLATED ROOFS.
For tin and iron it has no equal, as it expands by heat and contracts by cold, and NEVER CRACKS or scales. For Cemetery Fences it is particularly adapted, as it will not corrode in the most exposed places. Roofs covered with Tar Sheathing Felt can be made water-tight at a small expense.
The Slate or Paint is
EXTREMELY CHEAP!
Two Gallons will cover a hundred square feet of shingle roof, or over four hundred of tin or iron. Price of the Slate ready for use is 80 cents per gallon, $16 per half barrel, or $30 per barrel of about 40 gallons, with a liberal discount to the trade. We furnish and apply the material for $2 50 per 100 square feet in the vicinity of New York.
WE USE NO TAR IN THIS COMPOSITION,
Therefore it does not affect the water from the roof, if turned off for the first one or two rains.
The Paint has a very heavy body, but is easily applied with a 4 or 5 inch colored brush.
On old rotten shingles it fills up the holes and pores, hardens them and gives a new and substantial roof that will last for years. On curled or warped shingles it brings them to their place and keeps them there. It fills up the holes in tin or felting roofs, and stops the leaks. One coat is equal to ten of ordinary paint.
The color of the Slate when first applied is of a dark purple; and in about a month it changes to a light uniform slate color
AND IS, TO ALL INTENTS AND PURPOSES, SLATE.
It is a slow dryer, but rain will not affect it in the least in one hour after it is put on.
Samples sent to any part of the country by Express C. O. D., at the following prices: if ordered to be sent by freight the money must accompany the order.

1 Gallon and Can	$1 50
2 Gallons and Can	2 35
5 Gallons and Keg	5 50
10 Gallons and Keg	9 50
15 Gallons and Keg	13 50
20 Gallons and ½ Bbl	16 00
40 Gallons and 1 Bbl	30 00

Roofs examined, estimates of cost given, and when required, will be put in thorough repair. Orders respectfully solicited.
Agents wanted in every town.
For full information, recommends from Insurance Companies and others. Editorials from the leading newspapers, or a sample shingle coated with the Slate, address,
N. Y. Slate Roofing Co,
6 Cider Street, New York City.
TTS

FALL STYLES
SILK HATS!
Broadway and Trade Styles.
Fur, Cassimere and Wool
HATS.
SILK, CLOTH AND FUR
CAPS.
Full Line, all the New Styles in Market.
R. H. PALMER,
151 WOOD ST.
P. S.—New Goods Received Daily.

Mosquito Bars,
LACE CURTAINS,
DRAPERIES,
CORNICES,
TURKISH FOLDING SPRING BEDS,
METROPOLITAN SPRING BEDS.
Upholstering of all Kinds.
E. EDMUNDSON & SON'S,
55 MARKET STREET.

Steam Heating.
We are prepared to Contract for
HEATING
Public or Private Buildings with our simple but
Unrivaled Apparatus
Adapted to high or low steam.
CRAIG BROTHERS,
129 SECOND AVENUE.
Refer to the following buildings heated by us in this vicinity: Court House, Opera House, Library Hall, American Theater, Trinity Church, Semple's Dry Goods House, Arbuthnot & Shannon's, Liberty street, Schmertz's Shoe Warehouse and Factory, Hugus & Hacke's Dry Goods House, City High School. TTHS

STEAM ENGINES
FOR SALE,
Of the following dimensions: 16x30, 15x18, 14x30, 12x24, 10x18, 10x22, 9x14, 8x24, 8x12.
Also prepared to furnish to order ENGINES OF ALL SIZES.
Particular attention paid to WINDING and HOISTING ENGINES and FIXTURES FOR COAL WORKS, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Band Wheels, Pulleys, Grate Bars, Sash Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c.
T. CARLIN,
Fourth Ward Foundry and Engine Works,
186, 188 and 190 Lacock, and 37 and 39 Sandusky Streets, ALLEGHENY. TTHS

$20 REWARD.
STRAYED or STOLEN
MULE,
From the M. C. & C. Co.'s Mines, Pan Handle Railroad, near Mansfield, Pa., on Saturday night, August 9th, a light sorrel Mule, 4 feet 7 inches high, 6 years old, letter K branded on left hip or shoulder.
The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the Mule.
R. BELL, Superintendent
M. C. & C. Co.'s Mines, Mansfield, Pa.

CARD TO THE PUBLIC.
The undersigned would respectfully announce to the Public, that they are prepared to Manufacture all kinds of
WOOD WORK,
In Black Walnut, Ash or Chestnut, viz.: Bank Desks, Counters, Shelving and Carved Work, of every description. Cabinet Work made to order.
Factory, Corner Second Ave. and Try St.
MOECK & BRO.,
PITTSBURGH.

In Store and to Arrive.
5 cars White Oats;
2 cars Mixed Oats;
2 cars Shell Corn;
1 car Ear Corn;
1 car Maxima Family Flour;
1 car Ada Mills Family Flour;
1 car Bakers' Flour;
Baled Hay, Chop, Bran, Wheat, Rye.
Butter, Eggs and Produce generally arriving daily.
D. McMillan & Co.,
359 Liberty Street and 370 Penn avenue.

Hutchison & Co.
Iron Working Machinery
AND
MACHINISTS' SUPPLIES,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
28 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Geo. I. Whitney,
Broker and Notary Public.
Notes, Stocks and Bonds.
ALSO,
GOLD.
Represented Daily on the New York Stock Exchange.
Collections Made and Promptly Remitted for a Lowest Rates.
Notarial Business Transacted. Correspondence Solicited.
FIFTH AVENUE AND WOOD STREET.

BUILDERS'
HARDWARE,
At Bottom Prices,
Including genuine BRONZE
Door Locks, Knobs
&c. AGENTS FOR
"Beaver" Files and Rasps,
"Novelty" Clothes Wringers,
Hobson's "Choice" Steel,
Griffith's Coal Hods, &c.
Liberal Cash Discounts.
Lindsay, Sterrit & Co
247 LIBERTY ST.,
(Opposite the head of Wood street,) PITTSBURGH.

ABDIEL M'CLURE & CO.,
RAG and PAPER
WAREHOUSE
AND
Broom Factory,
No. 362 Penn Avenue,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Have in store and constantly receiving, a very fine stock of
TISSUE, MANILLA,
AND
STRAW WRAPPING PAPERS.
And we also make a speciality of
PAPER SACKS,
For Grocers, Confectioners and Flour Dealers.
New and attractive designs in Printing, on Sacks, done at short notice and at cost.
We also keep constantly on hand, of our own manufacture, a large and well selected stock of
BROOMS
Which we offer to the Trade at lowest wholesale prices.
Send for price list.
ABDIEL M'CLURE & CO.,
TTHS 362 PENN AVENUE.

Important Medical Notice!
Dr. L. J. KAHN, F. R. C. S.,
Proprietor of DR. KAHN'S GRAND MUSEUM AND POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, 688 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY, author of a series of Medical Works on Pathology and Physiology, &c., &c., begs to announce to his patients of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and vicinity, that being unable to attend during the visit of his Branch Museum in October last, has, at the request of numerous patients, consented to attend in this city for one month, and may be consulted from SATURDAY, 16th inst., at
NO. 153 SECOND AVENUE
Opposite Homeopathic Hospital.
Dr. KAHN
Confines his practice exclusively to the treatment and cure of all
Nervous Diseases
Arising from Physical Debility, Exhausted Vitality and other diseases appertaining thereto.
Nervous Exhaustion.
A Medical Pamphlet, containing a series of Lectures, as delivered at Dr. Kahn's Museum, No. 688 Broadway. Price 25 cents. Copies of the above may be obtained by addressing Dr. Kahn, at 153 Second avenue, Pittsburgh.
OFFICE HOURS:
Daily from........ 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Daily from........ 6 P. M. to 9 P. M.
Sunday........ 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

Oxidized Silver Jewelry,
The Latest Thing Out.
BALL EAR RINGS,
CUFF BUTTONS,
NECKLACES AND CROSSES,
Very handsome, for Sale at
WATTLES & SHEAFER'S,
101 Fifth Avenue.

PEARL WHEAT
IS WITHOUT DOUBT THE MOST
Delicious, Wholesome and Nourishing
Preparation of nature's great food ever produced. Essentially nothing but the woody fibre and a portion of the water are removed by the process, leaving all the starch, gluten and the greatest part of the mineral substances (phosphates), all that is nourishing in the wheat. The removal of the woody fibre makes it far more palatable than the various preparations of wheat now in the market. No other article of food contains such proper proportions of the requirements of the whole human system. To those suffering from INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, and to persons of sedentary habits, it will prove invaluable. As a BREAKFAST DISH it is unequaled. Our best physicians here say it is of more importance than anything else that can be found. Try it once and you will never be without it. Ask your Grocer or Druggist for a Package. Manufactured only by the
Pearl Wheat Manufacturing Co.,
185 to 195 FIRST AVE., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Wm. B. Hays & Son,
PORK PACKERS,
DEALERS IN
Bacon, Mess Pork, Dried Beef,
Lard, Lard Oil, Carbon Oils.
Curers of the Celebrated
Star-Anchor Brand Extra Sugar-Cured Hams.

Just Received and in Stock,
English Pickles, assorted,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
Raspberry Vinegar,
L'Estragon Vinegar,
Potted Meats, assorted,
Soho Sauce,
Chinese Sauce,
Athenæum Sauce.
Prepared by Cross & Blackwell,
At BLAIR'S, 62 Fifth Avenue.

STENCILS
STEEL STAMPS,
BURNING BRANDS,
SEAL PRESSES,
CANCELLING and
RIBBON STAMPS,
STENCIL COLORS.
Brushes and all Stencil Materials Wholesale.
W. A. BUNTING'S
STENCIL ROOMS,
184 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH.

The Daily Commercial.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1873.

THE Bedford county Democratic Convention failed to denounce the salary grab. MEYER, the Democratic Representative from that district in the last Congress, voted for it, and holds on to his increased pay. His party friends, therefore, mercifully refrained from treading on his toes.

HON. W. S. MOORE, of the Washington district, and Hon. H. L. RICHMOND, of the Meadville district, members elect of the next Congress, have both been charged with having importuned their friends in the last Congress to vote for the increased salary amendment, and both have distinctly denied the charge; yet we find the charge steadily traveling the rounds of the Democratic press.

VALLANDIGHAM ran for Governor, in Ohio, as the anti-war candidate, in 1863, and was beaten 100,000. His chief supporter in that fight was WILLIAM ALLEN, the Democratic candidate for Governor in 1873. Ten years have elapsed since ALLEN thus tried to turn back the tide of the war, and in all that time neither ALLEN nor his party has learned anything. Both stand, to-day, just where they stood then.

MR. AMASA WALKER, in his recently published letter to Mr. GROESBECK, says that a strictly revenue tariff is "one that does not interfere with the industry of the country—in other words a free trade tariff." If that is what is meant by a revenue tariff, we are for it. All we want is a tariff that will not "interfere with the industry of the country." Give us that, and you may call it a free trade tariff, or a revenue tariff, or by any other name that will answer as well.

THE Mennonites who recently arrived at New York have chosen Minnesota for their future home, and it is noteworthy that all the immigrants from the North of Europe choose their American home as far North as they can get. A Western farmer once assured us that when a Pennsylvanian went West he invariably chose the prairies, in preference to the hilly or rolling lands, for, having wrestled all his life with the hills, he naturally turned to the soil that would be the easiest cultivated; while, on the other hand, the immigrants from Holland, and similar regions, invariably chose the hilly land, being tired of the monotony of flat surfaces. We would naturally suppose that this inclination to something different from what a man has been used to would also extend to climate, but it does not. The Northern man does not seek the South, nor the Southern man the North, but each tries to get as near as he can to the climate he has been accustomed to. The rule of contraries is not, therefore, uniform in its operations.

THE New York papers are showing some uneasiness at the possible or probable loss of the grain trade of that city. Much of the produce of the West that has heretofore gone to New York is now going to Montreal, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore. The reason assigned in New York is that the railroads leading to those cities discriminate in their favor and against New York; but the real cause doubtless lies in the better accommodations and facilities there afforded to the trade. The steamship lines now running direct from Philadelphia and Baltimore to Europe, with the facilities afforded for storage and transferring, have operated largely, so far, in favor of those cities, and will continue to do so. Besides that, it is unreasonable to suppose that New York can any longer monopolise so large a trade as this, with other seaboard cities near her and equally capable of accommodating it. We rejoice, for our part, to see that the monopoly is breaking, if not already broken. The concentration of trade and commerce at any one point is neither desirable nor safe; and the country will prosper more, and grow faster, with half a dozen busy seaports, than with one overgrown mart, where monopoly is sure to beget insolence and extortion.

IF THE testimony taken in the case of the railroad horror on the Chicago and Alton Road proves anything it proves that that important thoroughfare has but a single track, and that its conductors and engineers run their trains on their own responsibility, without orders from any superior source. The station agent at Lemont says he begged the conductor and engineer of that freight train not to start out, but to wait for the down passenger train; and that, solely of their own accord, they started their train out, with the sad results already known. Now, on any well regulated single track road, all trains would be run by telegraph, under the guidance of one man, and no conductor of a freight train would dare to leave a station without telegraphic orders from headquarters. The willful obstinacy and pigheadedness of the officers of this freight train cannot be too severely condemned or punished; but the plainly apparent lack of system and discipline on the part of the managers of the road is just as worthy of condemnation. Like master like man. If the managers of the road are careless, and reckless, and unsystematic, the employees will be no less so; and we are forced to the conclusion, from all the evidence in the case, that the Chicago and Alton Road is miserably managed, and that its conductors and engineers, although bad as bad can be, are no worse than those who, by their culpable negligence and inefficiency, have rendered it possible for such things to occur. It will be all right to catch and hang that conductor and engineer, but pray do not let the hanging stop there.

A REVIVAL WORSE THAN DEATH.

Persons who believe in the utility of religion, especially of the Christian religion, as an element in national character and in political institutions, might well regard with satisfaction any trustworthy signs which seemed to indicate its revival among the French people. France being Romanist in so far as it is Christian, many liberal Protestants would, we suppose, readily admit that a general revival there of piety of the Catholic type would be a rather hopeful omen regarding the national future, as any historical form of Christianity is better both for the individual and society, than the ignoble secularism or atheism of French radicals. As a matter of fact, some religious people, not partial to Romanism, hail the pilgrimages and the devout professions which have become so common in France as good auguries of possible national regeneration, with political quiet and conservatism. There is, however, much reason to think that such hopes are quite delusive, and founded on misapprehension of the real character of the phenomena.

In the first place, the movement is not a strictly French agitation. While the persons sincerely stirred by it, deplore their own and their nation's sins and, seeking pardon for the past, vow better things in future, they are assiduously taught to identify their revived religious fervor with increased devotion to the Holy See. Thus, in the minds of the pilgrims, while piety and patriotism are blended, both find their object in an interest outside of France, in that ancient religio-political system which has for so many centuries been the disturber of the peace of Europe in general and of France in particular. Readers may have noticed that in Italy and in England the Papal hierarchy are endeavoring to interest their subjects in the great restoration aimed at, by taking advantage of the French movement. In the former country the government interfered with their plans, but the pilgrimages organized by Archbishop MANNING will, no doubt, be performed according to programme. Hence, it is clear that the so-called religious revival in France is merely a part of a grand scheme of reaction, which regards the whole Papal world, and which is designed to uphold Popery or Ultramontane Catholicism, against liberalism and modern civilization.

In the second place, the leaders of the French movement outrage the sense and sensibilities even of sober-minded Catholics by their reckless avowal of superstitious dreams as articles of faith. This effect of their proceedings was strikingly apparent lately in the National Assembly, when it was proposed to erect an "expiatory church" on the heights of Montmartre. Catholics were generally in favor of the church which had been recommended by a high ecclesiastical dignity, but the religious party *par eminence* wished for something more. They demanded that the edifice should be dedicated to "The Sacred Heart of Jesus," and that the object of its erection should be formally declared to be to "draw down the divine compassion on the capital." The Assembly was also required to recognize the consecration of the church as "an act of public utility." It is little to say that the debate on the subject was such a debate as never before took place in any legislative body. An American notices with curiosity that, one of the most devout of the advocates of the measure supported it by an appeal to the example of the United States and England in "prostrating themselves before God." He probably alluded to our days of fasting and prayer during the war, and perhaps to Thanksgiving day. The reference was wholly out of place, we need hardly say. M. DE PRESSENSE, the learned and eloquent Protestant pastor, reminded the Assembly that it was a political body, which had neither right nor call to legislate about "the things of conscience, which is the exclusive domain of the Divinity." He also reminded members that the devotion of the Sacred Heart—for which the sanction of the Assembly was asked—was a disputed point within the Catholic Church, having been condemned even by Popes and having been opposed by the best portion of the Church of France from GERSON to PASCAL. And then followed a stormy contest which lasted for six or seven hours. The bill, so modified as to omit reference to the Sacred Heart, was passed by a large majority.

It is, however, this objectionable and in some sort heretical worship which now attracts tens of thousands of pilgrims to Paray-le-Monial, celebrated for the visions of MARIE ALACOQUE. There, according to her own account, she saw "the heart of JESUS, more brilliant than the sun, in the midst of the flames of pure love, and surrounded by seraphim, who in admirable harmony, sang:

> L'amour triomphe, l'amour jouit,
> L'amour du saint coeur rejouit.'

Though venerated French bishops have spoken of the biography of this MARIE ALACOQUE as "one of the most mischievous books of its class, as revolting the world both inside and outside of the Church, as filling good men with horror and affording subjects of raillery to libertines," and though Catholic physicians have professed full belief in her insanity, the scene of her vision is one of the chief places to which pilgrims of all ranks resort. It is not surprising to learn that among the objects there sold or given to devotees of the uninstructed class are specimens of the straw on which PIUS the Ninth reposes in the dungeon in which he is confined by his relentless enemies. In fact, these straws furnish a key to the meaning of the entire movement. Instead of suggesting grounds of hope for France, the revival is manifestly of the kind which is always followed by disastrous reaction and more utter spiritual deadness, and the sooner the rest of the world so understands it the better. One of the most significant, and at the same time alarming, features of the movement is the extent to which it is favored by dignitaries of the Gallican Church, which during so many ages resisted superstitious and servile dogmas from beyond the Alps.

THERE have been, within a few years, several heavy defalcations among county officers in Ohio, and the counties in which those defalcations happened have uniformly been Democratic. The latest instance is in Fairfield county, where the county treasury has been robbed of over $100,000 by a Democratic office holder. There is, of course, a natural tendency on the part of the Republicans to make party capital out of such facts; and the Cincinnati *Enquirer* as naturally puts in a caveat against this tendency. It says:

> "We publish this morning an extended account of the Fairfield county dishonesty. The defaulters, we believe, were Democrats. *The men who exposed them were Democrats.*"

This is undoubtedly the correct stand to take. A party is responsible for the dishonesty of its officials, where it seeks to cover up their acts or prevent their exposure and punishment, as in New York city; but where the exposure is promptly made, by the party friends of the accused, and there is no attempt at concealment or excuse, there is no ground for holding the party responsible for the dishonest acts of its members.

This, however, has not been the course generally pursued by the Democratic press toward Republicans. In the Credit Mobilier case, the Republican party ferretted out the frauds and exposed all the facts in the case; yet, the Democratic papers have, with one accord, tried to make party capital out of the exposures.

If, then, the idea thrown out, in this Ohio case, by the *Enquirer*, that where honest Democrats expose the dishonest ones, the party is not to be held responsible for the dishonesty, be correct, then, by parity of reasoning, the Republican party should not be held responsible for the Credit Mobilier dishonesty. And if, on the other hand, the Republicans *are* to be held responsible in the Credit Mobilier case, then the Democratic party in Ohio must be held to account for the dishonesty in Fairfield and other counties, no matter who made the exposures. The rule works both ways.

One Side of the Coal Question.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

The coal question, at this time, engrosses a good deal of public attention, and well it may for it concerns the prosperity of this city quite as much as any other subject, and it cannot be ignored. If the coal mining interest of this county becomes paralyzed, what becomes of the iron and steel mills, and other manufactories of this city, which have thus far been successfully competing with similar establishments located in other parts of the country; and principally because of the ability of our manufacturers to obtain cheap fuel. Take away from Pittsburgh her cheap fuel, and the value of her industries very perceptibly diminishes. When our manufacturers are unable, for any reason, to compete with others, then our laboring population (and we are preeminently a laboring community) are thrown out of employment on account of stoppage of mills, &c., and then the miners, for whose benefit high prices of coal are established, are also compelled to suspend work either wholly or partially; the principal part of the coal consumed in this city being used in iron mills and other manufactories.

The average citizen of Pittsburgh thinks, no doubt, that this city is possessed of so great natural advantages as preclude the possibility of a rival. Let him "lay not the flattering unction to his soul." It may be that the rival is nearer at hand than is generally believed. As "figures won't lie" and facts are the strongest arguments, permit me to compare the present card prices for iron and nails in the Pittsburgh and Cleveland markets; the figures for Pittsburgh being taken from the *American Manufacturer* of August 7th, 1873, and those for Cleveland from the Cleveland *Herald* of August 9th, 1873:

	Pittsburgh.	Cleveland.
Iron flat bar	3 8-10c	3 5-10c
Iron horse shoe	5 3-10c	5 c
Nails, 3d	$6 25	$5 90
Nails, 4d	5 50	5 15
Nails, 6d	5 25	4 90
Nails, 8d	5 00	4 65
Nails, 10d	4 75	4 40

Why is Cleveland able to name lower prices for the articles enumerated, than Pittsburgh, although we have been accustomed to consider that Pittsburgh had almost a monopoly of their manufacture? I think it is chiefly because coal, which enters so largely into the cost of manufactured iron, is furnished to her iron mills so cheaply, the cost of producing coal being much less than the cost of the production of coal in this county. The price paid for mining the Massillon coal (four feet vein) is ninety cents per ton, while the price paid for mining coal for consumption in this city has been from $1 25 to $1 31 per ton during the past ten months, the Pittsburgh seam of coal being from four feet nine inches to five feet thick, and therefore much easier mined than the Massillon vein.

The question which now most interests every manufacturer of iron in this city, as well as every man, woman and child depending for support on the work furnished by them is, how shall we maintain our supremacy as an iron manufacturing city? a question more easily asked than satisfactorily answered. Surely it cannot be by any agitation or disturbance that shall result in an increased cost of fuel to the consumer, which is understood to be the programme of the miners of this county, who now demand the equiretal of four and one half cents per bushel for the mining of coal run over an inch and a half screen, although the price paid during several years past, with the exception of the last ten months, has been but four cents per bushel.

On the first day of October, 1872, the card price (in Pittsburgh) for flat bar iron was five and two-tenths per pound, and the price paid for mining coal was four cents per bushel over an inch-and-a-half screen. To-day the card price for the same iron is three and eight-tenths per pound, and our manufacturers are obliged to purchase coal for which four and one-half cents mining is paid, (three and a half cents per bushel over a three-quarter-inch screen being equal to four and a half cents per bushel over an inch-and-a-half screen), a reduction in iron of one and four-tenths per pound, and an advance in mining of one-half cent per bushel.

Another fact fully appreciated, but perhaps not relished by our home consumers of coal, is this: During the past ten months the miners have demanded and received one cent per bushel more for mining coal intended for home consumption than for coal intended for down the river markets. Is there justice in this discrimination against the manufacturing interests of Pittsburgh? Is this the way to build up home industries? If it is, it is a very novel way, and can be approved only on the ground that "the end justifies the means."

The day when the city of Pittsburgh could depend entirely upon her natural advantages is past, and she must now make the most of her natural advantages, together with brains, muscle and capital, if she would retain the proud eminence to which she has attained in the manufacture of iron and its products. Buffalo has just completed a railroad to the Cameron county coal fields; Cleveland has built another railroad to the Massilon coal district, and is constructing still another; Indianapolis has the Indiana block coal almost at her door; Chicago has the Illinois coal, the Indiana block coal and the Straitsville and Hocking valley (Ohio) coal; Columbus has the Straitsville and Hocking valley coal; new coal fields are being developed to supply Cincinnati, and St. Louis has large coal fields to draw from, and although it is not of so good quality as Pittsburgh coal, it is so improved by the new washing process that it will render St. Louis iron manufacturers almost if not quite independent of all other sources of supply.

These facts are worthy of the serious consideration not only of our iron manufacturers, but of every individual directly or indirectly interested in the manufacture of iron in Pittsburgh—puddlers, boilers, rollers, miners and others. The subject is a serious one, with which it will not do to trifle, for it is well known that a prestige once lost is not easily regained.

Contenting myself with a statement of facts, I leave to some person more capable the difficult task of suggesting a plan by which the dangers that threaten our home industries may be averted.

OBSERVER.

[Our correspondent, we think, is mistaken in attributing to the miners a desire to advance the cost of mining coal. We understand them to ask the same price as now, practically; but we will let them speak for themselves, if they wish.—ED. COM.]

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

A maid reclined beside a stream,
At fall of Summer day,
And half awake, and half a-dream,
She watched the ripples play;
She marked the waters fall and heave,
The deepening shadows throng,
And heard, as darkened down the eve,
The river's bubbling song;
And thus it sung, with twinklin' tongue,
That rippling shadowy river—
"Youth's brightest day will fade away,
Forever and forever!"
The twilight past, the moon at last
Rose broadly o'er the night,
Each ripple gleams beneath her beams,
As wrought in silver light;
The heaving waters glide along,
But minging with her voice
The nightingale now pours his song,
And makes the shades rejoice;
And thus he sung with tuneful tongue,
That bird beside the river—
"When youth is gone, true love shines on,
Forever and forever!"

The Iowa *State Register* says that the harvest in that State is a bountiful one—wheat and oats good, and the corn crop immense.

"Old Probabilities" has been blamed for not having foreseen the storm that lately swept the Atlantic Coast from North to South. That storm, it now appears, came from the far North, and as there are no signal stations in Canada, it was impossible to receive intelligence, in advance, that it was coming.

At a meeting of the corporators of the Manchester, (N. H.) Print Works, it appeared from the statements of the officers that the company had been losing $500,000 a year, for seven years, and that the stock, in that time, had fallen from $2,200 to $300 per share.

England is outstripped in the iron trade not merely by the United States, but by France. The contract for 12,000 tons of steel rails recently advertised for by the Belgian government, has been taken by an iron manufacturing firm at Le Creuzot, France.

Rum river is a murky stream near Princeton. Most of the inhabitants along its banks contrive to keep sober.

Miss Dorcas Knowles, a maiden of seventy-one years, hung herself at Hampden, Maine. Disappointment in love is believed to have been the motive.

Blackberry picnics are all the rage in Oregon.

The Boston Courts are going for the prize candy men.

The Superintendent of a Georgia railroad was asked for half fare tickets to those wishing to emigrate to Texas. He replied: "Not one cent for emigration—thousands for immigration."

The fencing in of Niagara Falls on the American side will be likely to drive visitors over to Clifton, on the Canada side. This has been the dullest season known at the Falls for years.

The marriage of a deceased wife's sister is illegal in Great Britain, but the courts have recently decided that they would not set aside a settlement of real and personal estate made before marriage by the husband for the benefit of a woman so married.

The attendance at the schools of London since the establishment of the new school board has been increased by 50,000. Some of the new school houses accommodate upwards of 1,500 children.

Hartford has one club house, but now sixty leading business men have formed another for intellectual improvement and pleasure. Terms of membership $100 initiation and $100 annual dues. Will the wives scold or form clubs of their own in opposition, or do both?

The wild dogs in the woods near Jamaica, L. I. continue to give a good deal of trouble. Almost nightly they commit depredations upon the pigs and poultry of the farmers, and travel through the woods, especially at night, is dangerous.

M. Colas attributes the blue color of the water of certain lakes—Lake Geneva, for instance—to the presence of minutely divided gelatinous silica. The blue color of the sky is credited to the same cause, the particles of silica being very freely divided, and of a gelatinous nature.

The *Evenement* estimates the number of industrial establishments in France at 150,000, employing two millions of hands and steam power equal to 650,000 horses. The business done amounts to twelve thousand millions of francs. The Department of the Seine occupies the first place, with a sum of 1,989,738 francs, and the Cantal comes at the bottom of the list, with 3,577,458 francs only.

"We fight with ideas," said Heine, "and newspapers are our fortresses." There is probably no such force in the world to-day as the press. In spreading freedom and disseminating knowledge, in shattering shams and destroying nonsense of various kinds, in searching out all kinds of truth, and then daring to declare the same, it has been achieving the capital victories of the world for the last twenty-five years.

At the head of Lake George, New York, which is now a favorite summer resort, may be seen the site of old Fort William Henry, which was built in 1755 by General Johnson, captured by the French under Gen. Montcalm, in 1757—the scene of the massacre of 1,500 English, and burnt by order of the commanding officer of the French. Its ruins remain to-day, after the lapse of over one hundred years, with pines growing over them, as monuments of the fierce struggles of the English and French for the possession of the lakes.

The highest mountain on the North American continent is Mount St. Elias, in Alaska, whose elevation is 17,900 feet. Next to it comes the volcano of Popocatapetl, in Mexico, 17,884 feet, and Orizaba, also in Mexico, 17,373 feet. If the newly-discovered peak of the Holy Cross, in the Yellowstone region, found by the Hayden exploring party, be really 17,000 feet high, as they estimate, it will be the fourth peak in elevation on the continent of North America, and the highest mountain in the United States, excluding Alaska. Heretofore the highest peak in this country was supposed to be Big Horn mountain, which is elevated 15,000 feet.

The works of the Hoosac tunnel are now so far advanced that the contractors confidently expect to have it completed by next spring.

An architect of theatrical proclivities says that he is going to write for Boucicault's new theater a five-story drama, with a Mansard roof to it.

There is just now in England an effort making to substitute poultry for meat, on the ground of the high price of the latter. This is found practicable in the country, but in London the cost of the ducks and chickens precludes any idea of economy, as it would in this country in cities, and we are afraid in the rural regions also.

PERSONAL.

John J. Snider, aged 106 years, who served in the British army in our own war of the Revolution, and was subsequently under Blucher in the battle of Waterloo, died recently in the poorhouse at Statesville, N. C.

It is announced that the President will celebrate his silver wedding at Long Branch to-morrow, on which occasion there will be present not only the immediate relatives, but several members of the Cabinet and a host of friends from New York.

Mrs. Samuel Six-shooter Colt's income is $600 per day, and she can't spend half of it.

The death of Mr. Meredith leaves Reverdy Johnson the sole survivor of Gen. Taylor's Cabinet.

A subscription list is now in circulation in New York city to raise funds for the presentation of a suitable testimonial to ex-President Thiers for his services to the French Republic. It is proposed to raise $4,000 by four hundred subscriptions of $10 each, and when the above amount is obtained the form of the testimonial will be decided upon at a general meeting of the subscribers. Already two hundred and fifty names have been obtained.

Washington Irving once, when picking up an apple under a tree in his own orchard, was accosted by an urchin of the neighborhood, who, not recognizing him as the proprietor, offered to show him a tree where he could get some better apples than those. "But," said the boy, "we must take care the old man doesn't see us." "I went with him," said Irving, "and we stole a dozen of my own apples."

It may be worth while saying that the late Lord Westbury was the Bethell who figured in the well-known legal story. Whilst practising as a barrister he applied to one of the judges for a rule, and was put off and delayed and otherwise trifled with. Happening to be at a watering place soon after, he saw the obstreperous judge bathing in the sea, and at once put off in a punt to renew his "application." The judge saw him coming, and, knowing what a determined fellow he was, cried out, "Take a rule, Bethell, take a rule," and dived out of sight.

In Chicago, some demonstration in honor of Father Marquette, during the present August, is proposed, from the fact that he was there, about this time, two centuries ago. Why not include the name of Joliet? Louis Joliet was the head of the expedition that discovered the Upper Mississippi, and which returned via Chicago. Joliet led in behalf of the French government, and Marquette was an ecclesiastical attache. Mr. Barry, of Chicago; Smith, historian, of Wisconsin, and Judge Law, of Indiana, gave one Nicholas Perrot the credit of being at Chicago two years before Father Marquette, and Charlevoix, the historian, said that Perrot, in the spring of 1671, from Green Bay, "turned south and went to Chicagou, at the lower end of Lake Michigan, where the Miamis then were."

Thurlow Weed's private life continues to be made up of deeds of charity. Old and infirm as he is, he walks about seeking out deserving objects and throwing rays of sunshine into the homes of the poor. Last week I learned that he had given one thousand dollars to an old, superannuated subaltern who, in earlier years, had performed service for him in the political primaries. The latter was thunderstruck when the thousand dollar check was handed him. Were Mr. Weed's charities to be known, it would be found that he has scattered three or four fortunes in this manner.—*New York Letter.*

It is not generally known that among the many other interesting incidents in the life of President Andrew Jackson he was twice married to the same woman, a former Mrs. Rachel Robards, daughter of Mrs. Donelson, the widow of Colonel John Donelson, an emigrant from Virginia to Tennessee. On account of the dissolute habits of her husband, Captain Robards, application was made to the Legislature of Virginia for a divorce, and soon after intelligence was received that the petition had been granted. Supposing that she had been freed from marital relations, Mrs. Robards and General Jackson were married in Natchez, in 1791. In December, 1793, it was ascertained that the proceeding in the Virginia Legislature was simply an authorization for a suit for a divorce to be entered in a Kentucky court, and the suit had just been brought to a successful issue. Much chagrined, but determined to be honorable and correct, Jackson on his return to Nashville in January, 1794, took out a license and was again married.

The *Woman's Journal* states that the Miss Wadsworth who has just been appointed physician to the Sultan, is a daughter of Titus V. Wadsworth, of Franklin, N. H. She is a graduate from Mount Holyoke Seminary, studied medicine in Philadelphia, and practiced her profession four years in Springfield, Mass.

Elias Durand, an eminent botanist, died last week, in Philadelphia, aged seventy-nine. He was a native of France, and was on the medical corps of Napoleon's army. In Philadelphia he became well known as a skillful and learned druggist and chemist, made a large collection of plants and contributed frequently to scientific periodicals.

Fred. Douglass is in Boston. He is preparing a lecture on the life and times of old Ossawatamie John Brown, who was hanged by Governor Henry A. Wise, in Virginia, for trying to get up a negro revolt at Harper's Ferry.

Between five and six miles from the city, says the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, on an obscure neighboring road, a quarter of a mile from the Brownsboro road, rests the remains of the twelfth President of the United States, Zachary Taylor. The grave is situated in the northeast corner of the Taylor farm, and it is mortifying to relate that it is in a sadly neglected condition, underbrush, weeds and ailanthus trees rendering it very difficult of access. No monument has ever been erected to General Taylor's memory. The remains lie in a plain vault, built in the side of a hill, with a marble slab over the door, bearing the inscription, "Z. Taylor, born November 24, 1784; died July 9, 1850." The place does indeed appear forgotten. A stone wall incloses the little grave-yard, and a rusty and unused iron gate frowns upon the visitor. It evidently has not been opened for years. Col. Richard Taylor is buried to the right of Gen. Taylor. An obelisk, eighteen feet high, is erected over his grave, bearing the inscription, "Col. Richard Taylor, a soldier of the Revolutionary War, and a native of Orange county, Virginia, born April 3, 1744; died January 19, 1829." Col. Taylor came to this State while his son Zachary was an infant, and settled on the plantation where he is now buried.

THE TICKET AND THE PLATFORM.

What the Papers Have to Say About Them.

[From the New Castle Guardian.]

For State Treasurer, Hon. R. W. Mackey, as had been generally anticipated, was nominated on the first ballot, almost without opposition. This, in case of a man so long and so prominently before the public, is one of the highest compliments that could be paid, and strong evidence of his fitness for the position he has filled so acceptably. For Supreme Judge, the choice fell on Hon. Isaac G. Gordon, of Jefferson county, one of the ablest and purest jurists of the State. We commend the platform adopted to the careful perusal of all our readers. The resolutions give no uncertain sound on any of the questions now demanding the attention of the people, and we regard them as among the clearest and most straightforward enunciations of political principles ever presented by any convention.

We doubt not, the doings of the Convention will be ratified by an overwhelming majority on the second Tuesday of October.

[From the Bucks County Intelligencer.]

The Republican State Convention, which met at Harrisburg last Wednesday, dispatched its business very quickly. The nominations were settled, the speeches made, and the resolutions adopted, before six o'clock in the evening. The Convention meant business from the beginning, and it in that spirit discharged all its functions.

For the Supreme Court, the Convention probably did the best thing possible under the circumstances in nominating Judge Gordon. Our own preference, as was natural, was for Judge Paxson, but during the day the contest between the adherents of Judge Paxson and Judge Butler became so heated that the nomination of either would have caused much dissatisfaction. It was his impartial position in this respect, and his entire separation from the elements of the conflict, that gave Judge Gordon the ultimate victory. He was, beside, most efficiently urged by such men as Senator White and Russell Errett, both of whom have the ways of politics at their fingers' ends. The East will have to bide its time for a larger representation on the Supreme Bench, and that day will soon come. As for Judge Gordon, he is represented to be in every way fitted for the high station. He is a lawyer of established professional reputation, of the purest moral character and of undoubted political orthodoxy. He is fifty-five years of age—just in the prime of his usefulness. Some years ago he served as President Judge of his judicial district, and made an excellent record. From all that we can learn, Judge Gordon will make a worthy member of our Court of last resort. His personal popularity in the western counties is so great that he will receive a very strong vote in that region.

In the canvass for State Treasurer the ascendancy of Robert W. Mackey was so great that there was really no contest at all. His chief competitor, Mr. Henry, contented himself with getting into the line of promotion, to be ready for future opportunities. Mr. Mackey and his friends had laid their plans early and thoroughly, and those who thought that there ought to be a change found themselves very weakly represented. As we were among these, it is our duty to admit that we have been over-ruled by the voice of a Convention representing the Republicans of Pennsylvania, and to accept that verdict without complaint. We have always thought, and still think, that no man should hold a public trust of this kind for five successive terms; but our contest upon this point was made within the Republican party, and we of course shall respect its decision. As to the personal qualifications and official ability of Mr. Mackey, they have not been successfully impeached. He will receive the solid vote of the party, and will not fail of an election.

The resolutions adopted commend themselves to the people. They embody all that need be said in regard to the issues of the times. The Republican party rests upon its established policy, as exemplified in our State and National administrations. Its works are to be seen of all men, and past elections have shown that they are approved. As to the result of the campaign, that is altogether a matter of speculation. That the Republicans will elect their State ticket and control the next Legislature is fully conceded by all intelligent observers. The only point of interest in the eyes of politicians is the extent of the majority.

[From the Philadelphia Sunday Republic.]

The Republicans of Pennsylvania never met together in council for the purpose of making nominations for State offices with more harmony or with greater prospects of success than they did on Wednesday last, and although necessarily where there were half a dozen or more aspirants for preferment, some were disappointed, every member of the party who was in Harrisburg, delegate and spectator, left that city with the satisfaction that neither of the gentlemen selected was lacking in any of the qualifications essential to success, and determined to labor zealously during the campaign, not so much to secure victory, which is certain, but to roll up just such a majority as rewarded their efforts last October. Although this is what is considered as an off year—that is, one in which neither Governor nor Congressmen are to be elected—the Republican party is determined to poll its full strength, and this fact prompted the Convention to select men to head the ticket against whose integrity naught could be truthfully said, and who, it was known, after sworn into office, would honestly and faithfully perform their duties.

Mr. Robert W. Mackey, the nominee for State Treasurer, is so well known from one end of the Commonwealth to the other that it is almost unnecessary to say a word in his praise. During the campaign of last year a few who either did not know him well or were biased by personal motives, attempted to injure his fair fame, notwithstanding the fact that not being then a candidate for any office, they had no justifiable excuse for bringing him before the public in any way; but he quietly followed the path of duty unintimidated and undismayed, and to-day stands before the voters of the State the nominee of the Convention by a vote of 115 delegates out of 133, and the favorite of 350,000 Republicans who will honor him with their votes less than two months hence. No man who has had custody of the State funds ever enjoyed to a greater degree the confidence of the taxpayers and people generally, and there is no man probably who possesses to the same extent the respect of the opposite party, whatever Democratic journalists may be compelled for partisan effect to say to the contrary. Who is Robert W. Mackey? Known in ever city, town and hamlet as a careful, honest State Treasurer, and the personal friend or acquaintance of thousands, there is naturally a large majority of those who will support him who have never seen him, and who know but little of his antecedents. Of delicate *physique*, the result of years of physical suffering, he is, in appearance, anything but what may be imagined by one who has never seen him, and yet, with all his ailments, he is strong enough to endure labor which would appal men of better health and larger frame, and is rarely if ever prevented from attending to his official duties. Still a young man, he has been for many years, indeed since boyhood, connected with banking institutions, and having ascended, step by step, from the humble position of boy in one of these monetary establishments to that of a high and responsible post, he entered upon a more extended field, and has for three successive years been elected State Treasurer by the Legislature. The public clamored for a change in the law, and the Treasurer was made elective by the people, he is now before them awaiting their decision as to whether a man who has discharged an important and responsible trust in an acceptable and efficient manner, who has in three years paid off five millions of the public debt, and who is now diminishing our obligations at the rate of $200,000 a month, should not be indorsed by them.

For Judge of the Supreme Court, Hon. Isaac G. Gordon, of Jefferson county, has been nominated. We had hoped, and until within a week of the meeting of the Convention believed, that Judge Paxson, of this city—a gentleman eminently fitted for the post—would have been selected, and we still are under the impression that not only should the successor of Judge Read have been a Philadelphian for local reasons, but that the succession belonged to this city. The majority, however, thought otherwise, and with the other friends of Mr. Paxson we acquiesce in the decree, and with more gratification because the nominee has proved his judicial ability, is an attorney of recognized talent and honor, and is not only immensely popular with the residents of his section of the State, but has a knowledge of questions connected with oil operations and land titles connected therewith, such as few lawyers possess, and which will be of immense service after he takes his place upon the bench.

The platform adopted is one which cannot fail to satisfy every member of the party, whatever his calling or position, and his must indeed be a stupid, a perverted mind who does not, after reading the plainly-worded resolutions, become convinced that there is only one political organization worthy of support, and that the one which saved the nation, and which is now rescuing as rapidly as practicable country and State from the thraldom of oppressive debt incurred by Democratic infamies or under Democratic government. The principles and belief of the Republican party, as set forth in this platform, are in brief the following: That there should be rigid economy in the State and National administrations; that the taxes should be reduced as rapidly as is consistent with good government, the maintenance of the public credit and certain extinguishment of State and National debts; that the public lands should be sacredly reserved for homes for actual settlers, and not granted to corporations; that adequate provisions should be made for the protection of persons engaged in mining and other hazardous forms of labor; that an increase of salaries is unwise, and that voting for or receiving increased pay for services already rendered, whether in State or Nation, should be severely condemned, and the late act of Congress by which the salaries were increased should promptly and unconditionally be repealed; that we heartily denounce corruption, wherever found, and to secure economy and political purity it is the duty of every citizen to labor actively to see that none but good men secure party appointments or nominations; that the present tariff should be left undisturbed; that order and security in the States lately in rebellion must come through the stern enforcement of the laws enacted to protect life, liberty, and the freedom of thought; that the Republican party is the only organization competent to so meet the grave issues that are now constantly arising as to secure the just rights of the whole people, and that it sympathizes with every movement to secure for agriculture and labor their due influence, interests, and rights, and will be their ally in every just effort to attain those ends.

[From the Erie Dispatch.]

This portion of the State will take a peculiar pride in supporting the nomination of Judge Gordon, our candidate for Supreme Judge. Of his eminent fitness for the position there can be no question, and the people will rally to his support as heartily as to that of R. W. Mackey, who seems to be the most popular Treasurer that the State ever had.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
HON. ISAAC G. GORDON, of Jefferson County.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
HON. ROBERT W. MACKEY, of Allegheny County.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

PRESIDENT JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
HON. THOMAS EWING, Pittsburgh.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
HON. J. W. F. WHITE, Sewickley.

STATE SENATE,
HON. GEORGE H. ANDERSON, Pittsburgh.

ASSEMBLY,
First City District,
HENRY H. McCORMICK, Pittsburgh.
Second City District,
S. J. WAINWRIGHT, Pittsburgh.
County Districts,
J. C. NEWMYER, Wilkins.
A. B. YOUNG, Robinson.
A. C. HAYS, Pittsburgh (South Side).
B. C. CHRISTY, Sewickley.
HENRY GERWIG, Allegheny.

PROTHONOTARY,
B. F. KENNEDY, Pittsburgh.

COUNTY TREASURER,
Capt. SAMUEL KILGORE, Pittsburgh.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
AUGUSTUS BECKERT, Pittsburgh.

JURY COMMISSIONER,
Capt. JOHN McCLELLAND, West Deer.

CORONER,
WILLIAM McCALLIN, Pittsburgh.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
THOMAS VARNER, Baldwin.

NEW BRIGHTON JOTTINGS.

New Brighton—Its Churches—Burgess Johns—Kenwood Boarding School—Personal, Etc.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

NEW BRIGHTON, August 19, 1873.

Few rural towns are so well supplied with churches as New Brighton. Most of the denominations have nice church edifices. The Associate Presbyterian church, if not entertaining "high church" notions, occupies a location "high and lifted up." The Episcopal church is a cozy, vine covered stone structure—not large, but rather pretty inside. The First Baptist church is a neat frame, almost at the edge of the town. Close to the Associate church is the "Church of God," a plain building, in keeping with the plain notions of the founder of the Winebrennarians. The two Methodist churches, Methodist Protestant and Methodist Episcopal, are in close proximity to each other. Both edifices are fine specimens of church architecture, without being expensive. The Presbyterian church is a beautiful stone building, with a Sunday school room and chapel at the rear of the main building. It is really a beautiful church. The pastor, Rev. Mr. Critchlow, has long been pastor of that congregation, which, under his faithful ministry, has grown into its present healthy condition. Close to the railroad depot is a plain, forsaken-looking structure, the Quaker church.

The Chief Burgess of New Brighton, Mr. M. S. Johns, is an old Pittsburgher. He performs the duties of his office with much satisfaction to the people.

Among the leading physicians is Dr. McKinney, the son of the venerable Dr. McKinney, formerly editor and proprietor of the *Presbyterian Banner.* Though a young man, he occupies a fine position in the medical profession. Quite a number of Pittsburghers and their families are summering in and around New Brighton.

"Kenwood College" building for boys, is still full of guests during the vacation season, who are enjoying the delightful grounds. Very soon the time will arrive for youths to enter the school. We learn incidentally, that quite a number of applications have been made to Professor C. Jacobus, President, to enter the school. This is to be expected owing to the superior advantages offered to scholars. The limited number of pupils taken ensures thorough culture and substantial progress. The grounds are broad and spacious and offer unrivaled advantages for physical exercise and amusements. The morals of the boys are also closely watched, and the usual temptations of college life are removed out of the way. We are not surprised that parents and guardians are seeking information relative to the best place to educate children. Knowing full well the excellencies of the institution, and health-giving advantages by location, we can unhesitatingly commend the college as a safe place for boys.

X.

FROM LOCK HAVEN.

Extensive Sales of Stumpage in Surrounding Counties—The Late Rains and the Flood—The Grandfather of All the Rattlesnakes Killed—Camp Meetings.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

LOCK HAVEN, PA., August 18, 1873.

There have been several heavy sales of "stumpage" in Clinton, Clearfield, Centre and Elk counties, to parties in this city, within a few days. Selling "stumpage" means to sell the right to take timber off the land within a specified time. It is generally sold by the foot, and payments made as fast as the timber is removed. It is estimated that the sales already made amount to over half a million dollars. Among the heavy purchasers is ex-Sheriff Smith, Mayor of this city. Many heavy fortunes have been realized from similar purchases in former years.

The rain of last week raised the river seven feet above low water mark. The flood has now subsided sufficiently to allow rafts to go down. The long continuance of the freshet last spring enabled nearly all the rafts to go out, but the woodsmen have been active since, and quite a fleet of rafts is now going out. The logs carried out from the booms between this point and Williamsport by the flood are estimated at 20,000,000 feet. No other damage of any consequence is reported.

Rattlesnakes abound this season in the mountains in this vicinity. They have not been so numerous before in forty years. A family of three farmers have killed eighteen within two weeks, and another gentleman killed an old settler that measured six feet and carried twenty rattles. He is supposed to be the grandfather of all the rattlesnakes in Central Pennsylvania.

The Camp Meeting of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Wayne station, five miles east of this city, begins to-morrow. The grounds have been newly fitted up, a large number of new cottages and tents erected, and the wholesale renting of these indicates that there is to be a larger crowd on the grounds than ever before. The managers announce improved regulations, and no running of railway trains to the grounds on Sunday. Wayne camp ground is said to be the finest, most romantic in location and best improved of any in the State west of the Susquehanna.

The Camp Meeting of the Evangelical Association or Albright Methodists, eight miles below this city, has been in session a week. The brethren and sisters stood unflinchingly at their posts during the terrible rain of Wednesday, and preaching, singing and praying went on without interruption amidst the roaring of the elements. The meeting will close on Friday. Since the rain it has been quite largely attended. The grounds are very fine and the tents and tabernacle water proof.

C.

MURDER IN SELINSGROVE, PA.

Dr. P. R. Waggonseller Killed by a Saloon-Keeper.

[From the Harrisburg Telegraph, 19th.]

On Saturday last Dr. P. Richter Wagonseller, a prominent physician of Selinsgrove, Snyder county, was cut in the stomach by a man named Wenrich, a saloon keeper, and died from the effects of the wound on Sunday morning. The facts of the matter, as near as our informant could give them, are as follows: A hired man in the employ of Dr. Waggonseller was quite intemperate in his habits, and the Doctor had notified the landlords not to sell him any liquor. On Saturday he found the man under the influence of liquor, and as he (the Doctor) came down street, and when near the Keystone Hotel, he met Wenrich, and accused him of selling his man the liquor. Wenrich denied it, and the doctor still asserting it, Wenrich called him a liar. Dr. W. then struck Wenrich across the mouth with the back of his hand, when Wenrich (who had his knife in his hand and was striking at a post) turned and struck the doctor in the bowels, inflicting a mortal wound, from which he died as above stated.

Dr. Waggonseller was a son of the late Dr. Jacob Waggonseller, who many years ago represented that district in the State Senate. The deceased was about fifty years of age and a leading physician in the county. He was a graduate of Pennsylvania College at Gettysburg, ranking highest in his class, and his death is a great loss to the community in which he resided.

Wenrich was arrested and committed to prison to await an investigation of the case.

The Beginnings of Sickness.

Never trifle with what are called small ailments. A disorder easy of control at first, if neglected for a few weeks may become a mortal disease. Be especially careful not to let debility gain upon you, for it is the door through which all maladies enter the system. If you feel languid, inert, and to use a common expression, "as if there was no life left in you," resort at once to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. That great vegetable tonic will supply the vitality you so urgently need. It is nerve food. By its tonic action the stomach is so invigorated that digestion becomes regular, easy, perfect; while its mild, cathartic properties relieve the bowels from obstructions, and its alterative operation beneficially affects all the secretive organs. For the miseries of dyspepsia, and they include almost every unpleasant feeling that belongs to physical disease and mental wretchedness, this potent tonic is a certain and speedy balm.

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EDUCATIONAL.

Iron City College
Corner Penn avenue and Sixth streets, Pittsburgh.
Students Can Enter at Any Time.
For Circulars or other information call at the College or address
J. C. SMITH, A. M., Principal.

Newell Institute.
YOUNG LADIES' DIVISION, No. 255 Penn avenue.
BOYS' DIVISION, (Removed to) 47 Seventh street, near Penn.
Time of Re-opening September 8th.
Applications received on and after September 1st.
Spacious and tasteful Rooms in both Divisions.
This Institute is well known in the East as supplying first-class preparation for College. Young Ladies prepared, as heretofore, for Vassar.
The same THOROUGHNESS characterizes the teaching in all the classes.
A Preparatory Class will be organized in each Division. Terms, $30 per half year.
For Regular Terms, &c., see Catalogue at Book and Music Stores.
STEADY SUCCESS FOR TEN YEARS largely obtained through EFFICIENT Teachers, warrants the Principal in soliciting confidence and continued support.
J. R. NEWELL, PH. D., Principal.
H. NEWELL, Assistant Principal.

Willard School,
FOR
Young Ladies and Gentlemen,
28 SIXTH (late St. Clair) STREET.
The Seventh Academic Year will begin MONDAY, September 1st, and is divided into Two Sessions of Twenty Weeks each.
The Two Schools, hitherto separate, will be united at the beginning of the Session.
The School Hours will be from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M.
The Course of Study embraces all the branches of a thorough English and Classical Education, together with full instruction in the German, French, Spanish and Italian Languages.
For Course of Studies in the several Departments see Circulars, to be had at the Book and Music Stores.
Applicants for admission received on and after Monday, August 25th.
ISAAC W. KOONTZ, A. M., Principal.

Ayer's Latin School for Boys,
NO. 29 FIFTH AVENUE,
RE-OPENS SEPTEMBER 1st.
A limited number of pupils will be given thorough instruction in the Classics and English branches by competent and experienced teachers.
For terms see catalogues at the Music and Book Stores.
For further particulars call on or address the subscriber at No. 25 Sixth avenue. Will be at the School Rooms from 1 to 2 P. M.
W. A. HOLMAN, Principal.

The Episcopal Classical Academy
REOPENS FOR THE FALL TERM,
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 1st.
Pupils are prepared for College or Business.
The instruction is careful and thorough, and our pupils heretofore have ranked among the first in examinations for admission to College.
We aim at a high standard of intellectual culture and moral purity.
Parents desirous of entering their sons will find the Principal at the School Rooms, 64 Grant street, during the last two weeks of August daily, from 9 A. M. to 12 M.
Catalogues may be had at the Book Stores or from the Principal.
Rev. T. L. BELLAM, A. M.

Pennsylvania
MILITARY ACADEMY,
CHESTER, PA.
For Boarders only. The Twelfth Annual Session opens WEDNESDAY, September 10th.
The location is elevated and healthful, the grounds ample, and the buildings handsome and commodious.
Thorough instruction in Civil Engineering, the Mathematical and Natural Sciences, the Classics and English is imparted by West Point Graduates and other competent Professors.
Careful attention is given to the moral training and personal habits of Cadets.
For circulars apply to CHARLES H. PAULSON, No. 73 Wood street, Pittsburgh, or to COL. THEO. HYATT, President.

BISHOP BOWMAN INSTITUTE—
A Collegiate School for Young Ladies.
No. 62 GRANT STREET.
The next Session will begin on MONDAY, September 8th.
Registers giving full information can be had at the Bookstores, or at the School after August 25th.

BEAVER COLLEGE AND MUSICAL INSTITUTE.
Finest and largest School Buildings in Western Pennsylvania.
Thorough instructions. The BEST is the CHEAPEST.
Expenses may be made very low.
OPENS SEPTEMBER 9.
R. T. TAYLOR.

PACKER COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, BROOKLYN, N. Y.
A. CRITTENDEN, Ph. D., Principal,
Will Re-Open SEPTEMBER 17th, 1873.
Application for Boarding Pupils may be made to Mrs E. J. Smith, Packer Col. Institute, by letter till September 1st, or later personally.
For catalogues address as above.

NORTH SIDE INSTITUTE—
This school, we are informed, is to be established in our sister city in that large and substantial building on the east corner of Federal street and North avenue, overlooking the Park. Mr. WAKEHAM, the Principal, so widely known in the community as an Educator, will be assisted by an efficient corps of Teachers. Mr. W. may be seen at the rooms every morning after 8 o'clock. Circulars may be had at any of the Bookstores.

Civil and Mechanical Engineering
AT THE RENNSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, TROY, N. Y.
Instruction very practical. Advantages unsurpassed in this country. Graduates obtain excellent positions. Re-opens Sept. 17th. For the Annual Register, containing improved Course of Study, and full particulars, address Prof. CHARLES DROWNE, Director.

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NEW DRESS GOODS
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WM. SEMPLE'S
165, 167 and 169
Federal Street, Allegheny.

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BUSINESS CHANCES.

DISSOLUTION.
Owing to the death of MOSES ATWOOD LORENZ, the firm of LORENZ & WIGHTMAN, GLASS MANUFACTURERS, was dissolved on the 1st inst. The business of the old firm will be settled by surviving partners at the offices, 32 Wood street, and works, Thirty-fourth and Thirty-sixth wards, South Side, where the same business will be carried on as heretofore under the firm name of
THOS. WIGHTMAN & CO.
The present firm being owners of the extensive works in the Thirty-fourth and Thirty-sixth wards, formerly West Pittsburgh and Temperanceville, are prepared to fill orders promptly from this date, and having an experience of over THIRTY YEARS can promise entire satisfaction in the future as in the past.
THOS. WIGHTMAN & CO.
Pittsburgh, August 6, 1873.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—
Owing to ill health, MR. L. O. BALDWIN withdrew from our firm July 1st, 1873.
JOHN GIBSON'S SON & CO.
Philadelphia, July 30, 1873.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO.,
PITTSBURGH, PA., August 18, 1873.
NOTICE.
Sealed Proposals
To be directed to the "Board of Directors of the Allegheny County Prison," will be received at this office until the 28th inst., inclusive, for making a
SMALL BOILER,
To be set up in the County Jail.
Specifications for the same can be seen on application at the County Commissioner's Office.
HENRY WARNER, County Controller.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO.,
PITTSBURGH, PA., August 18, 1873.
NOTICE.
Sealed Proposals
Will be received at this office, until the 28th inst, inclusive, for
Repairing the Wood Work
Of the Bridge over Watson's Run, in Forward township.
Also, SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office, until the 28th inst., inclusive, for Repairing the Bridge over Chartiers Creek, in Stowe township.
For information in regard to the foregoing, apply at the office of the County Engineer and Surveyor.
HENRY WARNER, County Controller.

NOTICE TO MACHINISTS
The time for receiving proposals for building one pair of Pumping Engines for the new Water Works has been extended until 9 o'clock A. M., MONDAY, September 1, 1873.
OFFICE BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS,
MUNICIPAL HALL, PITTSBURGH, PA.,
July 7, 1873.
NOTICE TO MACHINISTS AND ENGINE BUILDERS.
Sealed Proposals
Will be received at this office until 9 o'clock A. M.,
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1873,
For constructing and erecting
Two Graduating Plunger Pumping Engines,
On grounds belonging to the city, on the Allegheny river immediately above mouth of Negley's Run.
Plans of the same can be seen, and specifications and forms of proposals obtained, on application at the office of the Mechanical Engineer.
The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids, should they deem it for the best interests of the city.
D. W. C. CARROLL,
ROBERT WATSON,
HILL BURGWIN,
H. M. ROLFE,
P. H. LAUFMAN,
Board of Water Commissioners.
JOHN ROSS, Secretary.

Use Sawyer's Barbers' Soap

DRY GOODS.

165, 167 and 169
Federal Street, Allegheny.
MEN'S WEAR
Of all kinds, in
WOOLEN, COTTON AND LINEN FABRICS
FLANNELS and BLANKETS
At Very Low Prices.
Comfortables and Coverlets.
Also, White and Colored Quilts, Three Fourth and Full Size.
Prints, 6 1-4c,
Prints, 8 1-3c,
Prints, 10c.
4-4 Percales, 12 1-2c,
Fine Shirting, 8 1-3c,
4-4 Shirting, 10c.
4-4 Heavy Sheeting, 10c,
Russia Crash, 10c.
Extra Bargains
IN
NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS,
RIBBONS, FLOWERS,
PLUMES, FEATHERS,
HATS, BONNETS,
SUN BONNETS, MEN'S HATS.
WM. SEMPLE.

CARPETS.

OIL CLOTHS!
The Largest Stock, in all Widths, of
American Manufacture
EVER OPENED IN THIS MARKET.
SPECIAL NOTE.
American Oil Cloths have long been conceded as excelling all Foreign Makes, and are EXPORTED TO ENGLAND on account of their superiority in Elegance of Finish and Beauty of Design.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

CARPETS!
SUMMER STOCK.
LOW PRICES!
GOOD STYLES.
Mattings,
Oil Cloths,
Shades,
Stair Rods, &c.
Bovard, Rose & Co.
21 FIFTH AVENUE.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
OIL CLOTH, WINDOW SHADES, &c.
Green Shade Cloth a Specialty.
Also, Agents for the BOSTON BELTING CO.'S RUBBER BELTING, HOSE, STEAM PACKING, &c.
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PAINTING, GRAINING AND GLAZING.
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PITTSBURGH, P

MEDICAL.

Speedily Cured!
ALL FORMS of Venereal, Private and Nervous Diseases at the old established Girard Medical Institute, No. 172 Second avenue, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Spermatorrhea, or Seminal Weakness or Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth or excess in maturer years, and which produce some of the following effects, as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfits the victim for business or marriage, and ultimately causing insanity and consumption, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Medicine supplied at the Institute. A medical pamphlet relating to private diseases sent in sealed envelope for two stamps. All communications confidential.
This Institute was established for the express purpose of supplying the afflicted with scientific and reliable treatment, and is not to be classed with the numerous quacks and impostors that infest all large cities. The proprietors have made the treatment of Private and Special Diseases the study of their lives, and can refer to thousands all over the country that have been benefitted and cured by their treatment. No matter how difficult or how long standing your case may be, if curable, after a personal examination they will frankly tell you. Remember, they have cured many cases given up by other physicians.
Patients treated by mail or express, but where possible it is best to visit the city for personal consultation; or address
GIRARD MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
No. 172 Second avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays by appointment.

IMPORTANT MEDICAL NOTICE.
DR. JORDAN,
Proprietor of the Grand Anatomical Museum, author of "Self Control," Medical Essays on Marriage, &c., has opened an office for about one month, at 133 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh, where he may be personally consulted on those diseases which he has for so many years successfully practiced, viz: Nervous and Physical Debility, Spermatorrhœa, Depression of Spirits, Impaired Sight and Memory Prostration, Lassitude, Loss of Energy, Timidity, Self Distrust, Dizziness, Love of Solitude, Groundless Fears, and many other ailments arising from youthful indiscretion. Dr. Jordan addresses those particularly who have been badly treated, or pronounced incurable, to pay him a visit, as in no instance do they leave his care without a permanent cure being effected. Office hours for consultation from 10 A. M. till 2 P. M., and from 5 to 8 P. M. daily; on Sundays from 10 till 2, at 133 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Doctor Whittier,
Office, No. 296 PENN STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Specially treats all Private Diseases. Cures guaranteed. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis (all forms). Also, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Seminal Emissions, Loss of Sexual Vigor, Mental and Physical Decay, &c., &c., are thoroughly cured, without exposure, or detention from business. Medicines supplied. Confidential consultation or pamphlet free; call or write. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. "True Marriage Guide," 260 pages, illustrated, 50 cents.

PRIVATE DISEASE—OFFICE NO. 194 PENN STREET, next door to St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also, seminal weakness, impotency and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention. A cure warranted or money refunded. Has Diploma in the office, and is a regular physician of twenty years' standing in this city, having cured 20,000 cases. For circular, etc., address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Office hours from 9 A. M. till 7 P. M.

SUMMER RESORTS.

SHAKSPEARE HOUSE,
EAST END.
This Hotel, which has recently been refitted and elegantly painted throughout by Mr. Wm. Stoughten, is now ready for guests. It is situated on a beautiful and airy spot, surrounded by a large and commodious yard, with shade trees, croquet grounds and everything that could be desired for parties that wish to spend the warm months where they can get pure air and tip-top meals.
WM. STOUGHTEN,
PROPRIETOR.

AGENTS WANTED
TO SELL THE
LITTLE DETECTIVE!
A useful article for seeing what is going on without looking directly at it.
POLICEMEN
Use them thus: They stand around the corner close to the building, and direct their attention up the street through the Little Detective. From a chamber window they can
OBSERVE WHAT IS GOING ON
In the houses opposite. For observing the movements in Street Cars, Churches, Theatres, &c.,
Of any person or persons you may wish to. Merchants can see their clerks' movements in any part of the store.
FOR SALE AT
Arizona Diamond Store
PITTSBURGH.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SS: At Pittsburgh, June, 1873. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of ROBERT B. EDGAR, of the borough of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
WM. HENRY, Assignee,
Fallston, Beaver county.
June 20, 1873.

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS!
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S
165, 167 and 169
Federal Street, Allegheny.
Housekeeping Goods
ALL KINDS CHEAP.
HOSIERY
For Ladies, Gents and Children.
UNDERWEAR,
For Ladies, Gents and Children.
GLOVES
For Ladies, Gents and Children.
HANDKERCHIEFS,
For Ladies, Gents and Children, in Great Variety, Cheap.
HAIR GOODS,
Real and Imitation, at Bargains.
CORSETS
All Sizes, 37½c.
HAMBURG TRIMMINGS,
Immense Variety, at all Prices.
TRIMMINGLACES
AND NETS, ALL KINDS.

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E. KRIEG, Secretary.
J. G. FLEISHMAN, Treasurer.
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A. Rapp, R. Houlden,
F. Schutte, R. Young,
G. A. Mundorff.

German American Ins. Co.
OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Office, Fifth Avenue Bank Building,
No. 195 FIFTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
Capital Stock - - $100,000.
G. H. MEYER........President.
H. H. NIEMAN........Vice President.
J. H. KAERCHER........Treasurer.
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Manufacturers' and Merchants' Insurance Company,
87 WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
Capital, - $250,000.
Assets $343,600 18, Jan. 1, 1873.
Directors:
James I. Bennett, John Wilson,
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Mark W. Watson.

People's Insurance Company
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, N. E. Corner Wood street and Fifth avenue.
Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
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Western Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED APRIL, 1849.
CAPITAL........$225,000.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.
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H. Sellers McKee.
ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
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Monongahela Insurance Co.,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED 1854.
CASH CAPITAL........$175,000.
Insures Against Fire and Marine Losses.
Office—NORTHEAST CORNER WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE, Second Floor, entrance on Fourth avenue.
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Captain F. A. DOHRMAN, General Agent and Surveyor.
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James McCandless.

Citizens' Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office—No. 131 Smithfield street, second door from City Hall.
WM. BAGALEY........President.
JOHN REA........Secretary.
Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.
Insures against loss or damage by fire.
DIRECTORS:
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"OLD RELIABLE"
Franklin Fire Ins. Co., of Philadelphia,
ORGANIZED 1829.
CASH ASSETS—$3,500,000.
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TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS.
A large and desirable contract is about to be let. First-class parties, with large capital, may learn particulars as below; no others need apply. Address
CHARLES H. ROBBINS,
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THOMAS M. DROWN
ANALYTICAL CHEMIST AND CONSULTING METALLURGIST,
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Gas Pipe,
MALEABLE FITTINGS,
POWELL'S STAR GLOBE VALVES.
Send for wholesale price list.
J. B. SHERRIFF & SON,
68 WATER STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

James T. Brady & Co

Corner Wood and Fourth Avenue,

BANKERS,

Buy and Sell all kinds of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

On most favorable terms.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Money Loaned on Government Bonds at Lowest Market Rates.

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GEO. B. HILL....C. HANSON LOVE..JAS. N. HILL

GEO. B. HILL & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

58 Fourth Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

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FOR SALE

City of Pittsburgh

SEVEN PER CENT.

BONDS,

At Par and Interest,

FREE FROM TAXATION.

We Buy and Sell on Commission all kinds of

Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages,

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

Negotiable Paper, &c.

Collections made on all accessable points. Interest allowed on time deposits.

Passage Tickets by the National Line, comprising some of the largest steamships afloat, from or to London Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow.

Drafts payable on demand in any part of England Wales, Ireland and Scotland, at lowest rates.

Geo. B. Hill & Co.

Security Trust Co.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania,

NO. 64 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL,

$1,000,000.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

President..........................DAVID GREGG

Directors.

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DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Deposits Solicited and Interest Allowed on same. Dividends, Coupons, etc., Collected Without Charge.

ALL CLASSES OF SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

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FOR SALE,

CITY OF PITTSBURGH

STREET IMPROVEMENT

Seven Per Cent.

Penn Ave. Bonds

At Par and Accrued Interest, Free from Taxation.

Connellsville Railroad Sixes.

These Bonds are a FIRST MORTGAGE on the first 11 miles of the road, taking precedence of all other liens, are the best possible security; have 14 years to run, and are offered at 86 and accrued interest, free from taxation.

Ira B. M'Vay & Co.,

BANKERS,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, August 20, 1873.

The money circles of Pittsburgh are in perfect quiescence and no change of quotations can be predicated. Short paper is easily sold at from 7 to 9 per cent. per annum, but long loans are more cautiously handled by purchasers.

The exchange market is heavy, rates having changed to from 75c to $1 per thousand as against New York. Most of the banks are shipping currency.

—The managers of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, report that of the $9,000,000 of the 7-30 loan remaining unsold on the first of June last, less than $5,000,000 now remains, and that as soon as this balance is absorbed, the company will issue only 6 per cent. bonds. There are now between 500 and 600 miles of the road in regular operation, with a growing traffic; surveys and construction are progressing satisfactorily; the survey prosecuted the present season in connection with the Stanley military expedition, has resulted in the location of an excellent line through Western Dakota and Eastern Montana, and the company has advertised for proposals for grading and bridging the Yellowstone division, extending 205 miles from Bismarck, at the crossing of the Missouri river, to the crossing of the Yellowstone, in Montana. The company's lands (amounting to more than 20,000 acres per mile of road) are selling to settlers at an average price of nearly six dollars per acre, and the proceeds of land sales constitute a sinking fund for the repurchase and cancellation of first mortgage bonds.

—We have received from the publishers a neat pamphlet, entitled the History of Titusville, and an exhibit of the trade and commerce of that city for 1872. The book opens with a history of the oil trade since August, 1859, when the first well was struck by Col. Drake, and the production for the year was 87,000 barrels to the close of 1872, when the product was 6,539,000 barrels. A complete table of the trade of Titusville is given, showing the number of men employed, wages paid and capital invested in the various branches of industry which make up the commerce of the place. From this we learn that the total sales for 1872 foot up $6,931,000.

The spirit which leads the compilers of these statistics to prepare them for public use is commendable in the highest degree, and places the importance of the home trade of their city fairly before business men who are interested in keeping themselves informed.

We probably do not exaggerate when we say that there is no city of the importance in regard to manufacturing and mining industries of Pittsburgh that makes as little effort to collect reliable statistics of her trade, and we should be glad to chronicle the appearance of a spirit equally enterprising in this respect with our Titusville neighbors.

—Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co. report the following quotations of governm entand State bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cooke & Co., their correspondents:

	Evening.
1881	119⅛
1862	117
1864	117
1865	118⅛
1865, new	116⅞
1867	119⅛
1868	117⅜
10 40s	115⅛
New 5s	114⅞
Gold	115⅛
Currency 6s	113⅛
Tennessees, old	82¼
Tennessees, new	82
South Carolinas, July	14½
North Carolinas, old	27
North Carolinas, new	15
Missouris	92½

—James T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street, quote United States securities in New York to-day as follows:

Gold	115⅛
United States 6s, 1881	119⅛
United States 5-20s, 1862	117
United States 5 20s, 1864	117
United States 5-20s, 1865	118⅛
United States 10-40s	115⅛
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1865	116⅞
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1867	119⅛
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1868	117⅜
Currency Pacifics	113⅛

—The total debt of the State of Pennsylvania, according to a detailed statement of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of the Commonwealth, on the 1st of July, 1873, was $26,656,262, included in which is $861,000 of registered loan, on which interest ceased July 31, 1873, and is payable on demand. Of the aggregate debt $4,423,500 bears coin interest at 4½, 5 and 6 per cent., and $21,372,950 bears currency interest at 5 and 6 per cent. There is $158,253 of debt on which interest has been stopped, $100,724 which bears no interest, $100,837 Chambersburg certificates bearing 6 per cent. currency interest, and $500,000 of agricultural land scrip fund, bearing six per cent. interest.

—The following table shows the prices of railway stocks, gold, &c., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day, furnished by George I. Whitney Esq., broker and dealer in stocks, bonds and gold, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street:

August 20, 1873.	10:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:30 P. M.	1:30 P. M.	2:30 A. M.	3:00 P. M.
Gold	115⅛	115⅛	115⅛	115⅛	115⅛	115⅛
Western Union Teleg'ph	89⅞	88⅞	88	....	89⅞	89⅞
Pacific Mail	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞	41¼	41⅛
Adams Express	....	92	....	92⅛	....	....
Wells Fargo Express	....	73	....	....	....	....
American Express	....	62½	....	62	....	....
United States Express	....	65½	....	66	....	....
New York Central	104⅛	104⅛	....	....	104⅛	104⅛
Erie	58⅝	....	....	58½	....	58⅝
Michigan Southern	....	93⅞	92⅞	93⅛	92⅞	93⅛
Illinois Central	....	....	....	105⅛	....	....
Cleveland and Pittsb'gh	....	....	....	87⅛	....	....
Chicago and N. W.	....	64⅛	....	....	....	65
Chicago and N. W. pref.	....	82	....	....	....	81⅛
Rock Island	....	108	....	....	....	....
St. Paul	....	51⅛	....	....	....	51⅛
St. Paul, pref	....	71	....	....	....	70⅞
Wabash	....	68⅞	....	68⅞	68⅞	69
Fort Wayne	....	93⅞	....	....	....	....
Ohio and Mississippi	38⅞	38⅞	38	38⅞	....	38⅞
Union Pacific	26⅞	26⅞	....	26⅞	27	27
Chicago and Alton	....	110	....	109⅛	....	....
Harlem	....	....	....	130⅛	....	....
C., C. and I. C.	....	....	....	....	....	30⅞

—Messrs. Robinson Bros., bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnishes the following quotations of active stock on the Philadelphia Stock Board to-day:

Penna. Central	54⅛	Phila. and Erie	24⅛
Reading	55⅞	Pittsburgh 5s	72
United Cos.	123	A. V. R. R. 7-30s	93
Oil Creek	23⅞	Central Trans	47⅞
Lehigh Valley	61	Empire Trans	56

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, WEDNESDAY, August 20, 1873.

REMARKS.—Following the late drenching rains comes bright pleasant weather, just the kind to be enjoyable amid the umbrageous shades of the country forests. But enough of this.

The market shows little signs of change, particularly with regard to the leading staples.

This being the season for a dull trade, buoyancy in the market was not to be looked for; but the volume of trade has been unexpectedly large, even exceeding the expectations of the most sanguine.

The late rise in the rivers will have a salutary effect upon trade generally, as large amounts of money will flow into the channels of trade which had been locked up ere the rise.

With regard to the flour market we have only to remark that trade is fair for choice brands western and home manufacture.

There is no change to note in the grain market. Prices of wheat and corn are firmer, though not higher. The supply of both new and old is fairly up to the demand.

Bacon and provisions are reported quite active with a fair trade demand. There are no changes in prices, with sales by all leading houses at the quotations given below.

Prime butter is in demand, and will command the outside range of prices. Medium and common grades not saleable.

There is a steady demand for choice apples suitable for cooking. Those who send apples to the market need not expect high prices for "little, wormy, knotty, tasteless truck."

New wheat is coming in freely, and although pronounced of excellent quality, round, plump and full weight, yet it is considerably under the rates asked and obtained for old red and white wheats. This is owing to a fact the new crop has not gone through the "sweating" process yet. But in a few days we shall have no more old wheat, white or red. The yield, taking the county all over, will be above the average.

We have never seen the vegetable and fruit markets more bountifully supplied than they are at present; nor can the prices be complained of.

The hay market rules dull, owing in a good degree to the fact that farmers have their "hands full" just now, and are not sending forward either new or old hay to any extent. The supply, however, is fully up with the demand.

The following are the receipts of the leading articles of produce received during the past two weeks:

	Last week.	This week.	Total.
Flour, bbls	6,139	9,729	15,868
Apples, bbls	8,272	1,180	2,452
Cheese, bxs	1,756	1,780	2,536
Corn, sks	5,420	830	6,250
Wheat, sks	5,874	4,506	10,470
Barley, sks	....	780	780
Rye, sks	800	841	1,641
Oats, sks	11,845	13,349	25,194
Butter, pkgs	149	166	315
Bacon, pieces	5,705	2,665	8,370
Bacon, tcs	389	376	766

Below we give the wholesale rates of the market, unless special mention is made to the contrary:

APPLE BUTTER—Sales of good old at 50@55c ⅌ gallon.

ALES.—No change in prices. We quote as follows: English Bass Ale, in kilderkins of 25 gallons, $24; bbls, 45 gallons, $44; hhds, 68 gals, $65; India Ale $11 per bbl; porter $11 per bbl; X $9; XX $10 per bbl.

ASHES—Market quiet. Common soda 4⅛c; refined 6c; pots 9@9½c; pearls 11c; arsenic 4⅛@4⅞c; nitrate soda 4⅛@5c; black lead 6c.

APPLES—Receipts 22 bbls. The market is unchanged as to prices, and there is a fair demand for prime at $3 00@3 40 per bbl. Common nominal.

BANNER BAKING POWDER—Market active. We quote as follows: ¼ ℔ cans, $1 60 ⅌ doz; ½ ℔ cans $3; 1 ℔ cans $5 50; 5 ℔ cans $27; 10 ℔ wooden boxes, 40c ⅌ ℔.

BEANS—Prime white navy $2 50@3 per bush; other grades $2@2 50.

BEESWAX—30@32@36c as toquality.

BROOM CORN—Hurl 8⅛@9c; green 5@7c; red top 4@5c.

BROOMS—A No 1 $3 75; No 1, $3 25; No 2, $2 75; good common $2 25; common $2 00.

BUTTER—Receipts very light, and the market dull, the ruling rates being 18@19. per ℔. Some extra choice lots sell up to 20@22c. The universal cry just now is not as to the price of butter, but the difficulty of getting a palatable article fit for table use.

BACON AND PROVISIONS—The market is reported extremely active for the season. Dealers have their "hands full," but somehow manage to fill all orders promptly. We quote as follows: Sugar cured hams 16⅛c; sugar cured shoulders 11⅛c; plain shoulders 10c; rib sides 10⅛c; clear rib sides 11c; clear sides 11⅛c; breakfast bacon 13⅛c; dried beef 19⅛c; mess pork 18; leaf lard in tierces 9⅛c; refined lard in tierces 9⅛; refined lard in half barrels 10⅛c; refined lard in buckets 11c; refined lard in kegs 11c. Receipts, tierces, 50.

CHEESE—Receipts for the past twenty-four hours 169 boxes. We have no change to note in prices. The market ruled firm at the following figures: Ohio factory 12⅛@13⅛c in round lots; dairy 11@12c; old factory 16@18c; Sweitzer 16@17c; Limburger 11@12⅛c.

CARBON OIL—Sales f. o. b. at 13⅛@14c. The usual advance on store jobbing lots.

COUNTRY MEATS—Hams 9@11c; shoulders 5@6c; sides 7⅛@8c. Country lard 8@8⅛c ⅌ ℔.

CONCENTRATED LYE.—Sales at $7 75@8 00 ⅌ case.

CANDLES.—Mould 11⅛c; stearine 13⅛c; star 20c.

CRACKERS—An active demand is reported at the following prices for staple brands: Butter crackers 7⅛c per ℔; ginger snaps 13⅛c; lemon biscuit, 12c; oyster crackers, 7⅛c; sugar crackers, 10c; water crackers, 7c; soda crackers, 7⅛c.

CEMENTS—Beeson's hydraulic cement $2 00@2 25; Louisville $2 00@2 25; Phœnix $2 00@2 25; calcined plaster $4 00@4 50; white lime $2 00.

CIDER—There is little prime cider in the market, and sales are reported at $12 ⅌ bbl.

EGGS—Guaranteed fresh eggs are selling at 14@15c ⅌ dozen. Doubtful not wanted.

FISH—Large shore, No 1, $25 ⅌ bbl; medium do No 1, $23; bay, No 1, $21; for half barrels, quarters and kits 32c more; lake herring, quarters, $3 15; white fish $8; lake white fish, half bbls, $7 50; do, quarter bbls, $4 00; lake herring, half bbls, $3 75.

FEATHERS—Strictly prime are quiet at 78@82c; mixed and old 40@60c.

FLOUR—Receipts by rail and river for the past twenty-four hours amount to 2,470 barrels. There is a good demand for all choice brands of old wheat flours. Prices, however, are unchanged. We quote as follows: Western brands range from $7 25 to $8 25 ⅌ bbl; City Mills, old wheat, $8 00@8 25 ⅌ bbl. Oat meal, fine, medium or coarse, $8 00 corn meal $2 75; rye flour $5 00.

GRAIN—Below will be found the receipts of wheat, barley, rye and oats for the past twenty-four hours, by rail and river:

Wheat, sacks	1,340	Barley, sacks	490
Rye, sacks	170	Oats, sacks	1,891

The demand to-day was moderate for all varieties of grain. New wheat is arriving very fully, and will soon take the place of the old. As yet it is not hard or dry enough and requires to be mixed with the old to make a prime barrel of flour. We quote as follows: New wheat $1 44@1 45; old $1 55@1 60. Oats is a shade lower, and we quote mixed at 40@42c; white, 43@45c. Shelled corn, on track, 52@54c; elevator, 55@56c; ear 56@57c. Rye 80@82c. Barley nominal.

GROCERIES—The market is reported fairly active, with sales at the following extremes:

Sugars—Crushed sugar, 11⅛c; powdered, 11⅛c; granulated, 11⅛c; A, 11⅛@11⅛c; B, 11@11⅛c; extra C, 10⅞@11c; Franklin extra C, 10⅛c; Delaware extra C, 9⅞c; American extra C, 9⅞c; H. G. & Co. B, 9c; other grades 7⅛@8⅛c.

Coffee—Choice Rio 26c; good to prime 24@25c; choice old Government Java 30c; roasted, loose, 27⅛c; 1 ℔ packages, 28c.

Syrups—Common, 28@36c; honey, 45c; golden, 50c; Centennial, 60c; Vienna Exposition, 70c; New Orleans molasses, 70@75c.

Rice—Rangoon, 7⅛c; Patna, 8⅛a9c; Carolina, 10c.

Spices—Allspice, grain, 20c ⅌ ℔; cloves, grain, 40c per ℔; ginger, in bulk, 22c; pepper, grain, 25c per ℔.

HOPS—1872s held at 55@60c; old 18@20c.

HAY.—There is no change in the market rates, and trade is rather dull. Sales baled, on track and wharf, at $22@25; prime timothy $24@26 ⅌ ton.

HOMINY—Demand moderate at $4 50@5 00 ⅌ bbl.

ONIONS—Market fully supplied. Sales at $4 50@5 00 ⅌ bbl.

LARD OIL—Prices unchanged at 75c for No. 1 extra; No. 2, 63@70c ⅌ gallon.

MILL FEED—Market moderately active. We quote: Choice middlings $1 75 ⅌ 100 lbs; good seconds, $1 30; shorts 80c; chopped corn and oats $1 35 ⅌ 100 lbs.

PEANUTS—Are firmly held at 8⅛@10c per lb.

POTATOES—Receipts for the past twenty-four hours 1,613 bbls. Prices are rather weak and tend to lower rates. We are reported sales at $3@4 ⅌ bbl; sweets are held at $6 00@6 50 ⅌ bbl.

SOAP.—Old rosin, 5c ⅌ ℔; scrubbing 4c ⅌ ℔; woman's friend 5⅛c ⅌ ℔; German, olive, 6⅛c ⅌ ℔; chemical, olive, 7⅛c ⅌ ℔; Babbitt's 10c ⅌ ℔; wax 7c ⅌ ℔; Armstrong's, $6 ⅌ box; country soap 7@8c ⅌ ℔.

SAPOLIO—Per case of 6 doz $6; hand do, $5.

SEEDS—The supply is light. Timothy seed, $4 50; flaxseed, $1 90. Cloverseed nominal.

TALLOW—Market firm, with sales at 8@8⅛c ⅌ ℔.

VINEGAR—Good cider vinegar is in fair demand at 18c ⅌ gallon; white wine vinegar 30c ⅌ gallon.

WHISKY—Highwines 95@98c ⅌ gallon.

WOODEN WARE—Two hoop pails, $2 50; three hoop do. $2 75; No 3 tubs, $9; No 2 do, $10; No 1 do, $10 75; wash boards, IXL, $2 50@3 00.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, THURSDAY, August 21, 1873.

REMARKS.—The market yesterday ruled firm, there being a general advance throughout the oil regions. Producers were consequently in a good humor and well pleased with the situation. The sales made at the principal points were large.

Crude.

Firmness was the ruling feature of the market. The advance noted in yesterday's COMMERCIAL was maintained and a further one was demanded. The following sales were made at

PARKER'S.

10,000 bbls spot	$1 25
2,000 bbls spot	1 27½
2,000 bbls spot	1 30

BUTLER.

3,000 bbls Butler	$1 27½
2,000 bbls Mutual	1 27½
900 bbls Fairview	1 22½
500 bbls Grant Line	1 20

The market closed firm.

Refined.

We have to report a firm market and a fair demand. Holders are asking an advance. Standard brands are held at works, f. o. b. at 13⅛a13⅛c; Philadelphia delivery 16⅛c; New York delivery 16⅛c.

OIL BARRELS.

Market firm with a good demand. Sales, city $2 28a2 30; country $2 18a2 20.

[By Western Union Telegraph Line.]

TITUSVILLE, August 20.—The *Herald* says: The petroleum markets were firmer and prices appreciated throughout the oil region. On upper road the market advanced ten cents, closing firm at $1 35 a1 37½. The market in Oil City was quiet at $1 20. The Parker's Landing market advanced to $1 25, and closed firm. The home refined market was 8c in bulk, and 12⅛c in barrels. Sales:

1,000 bbls upper road, spot	$1 27½
1,000 bbls upper road, spot	1 30
1,000 bbls upper road, spot	1 32½
1,000 bbls upper road, spot	1 35
1,000 bbls upper road, spot	1 37½
2,000 bbls upper road, S. O. August	1 32½
1,000 bbls upper road, spot	1 35
12 cars Oil City, spot	1 30
10,000 bbls Parker's	1 25
1,000 bbls Parker's	1 27½
2,000 bbls Parker's	1 30

ROUSEVILLE, August 20.—Market quiet and firmer at $1 15.

OIL CITY, August 20.—Market quiet and firm at $1 25.

TITUSVILLE, August 20.—Market quiet and firm; spot nominally at $1 30a1 35.

TIDIOUTE, August 20.—Market quiet; $1 10 offered, no sales.

PETROLEUM CENTER, August 20.—Market quiet and little doing at $1 15.

PARKER'S, August 20.—Market quiet at $1 25.

PHILADELPHIA, August 20.—Market quiet but steady; S W., 16⅛c; crude, 6c; cases 20⅛c; sales none; futures 16⅛c.

NEW YORK, August 20—Closing August 19.—The market was very quiet; supplies offering sparingly, and shippers making few bids. Crude in bulk—6,000 bbls sold at 6⅛c, prompt delivery. Refined—16⅛c for August; 16⅛c for balance of year; the sales embrace 800 bbls to fill vessel at 16c; cases held at 20⅛a21c; naptha 10c; 2,500 bbls sold on private terms.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Line.]

PARKER'S, August 20.—Market firm and quiet; $1 22½ bid for Fairview pipe and $1 27 for Mutual Union; sales 2,500 bbls Mutual at $1 27½ and 3,000 bbls at $1 25.

FOXBURG, PA., August 20—Market very quiet and firm at $1 20a1 25: nominal.

TIDIOUTE, August 20.—Market quiet and firmer at $1 20 bid.

OIL CITY, August 20.—Market firm and quiet at $1 25a1 30.

Crude Oil Received by Allegheny Valley R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
B S Duncan	Riverside O W	477
Thos King	Penn O W	160
Jos Bushnell	Model O W	632
Jos Bushnell	Keystone O W	240
Jos Bushnell	Fairview O W	482
Jos Bushnell	Fairview O W	403
Hutchison & B	Fairview O W	74
Fisher Bros	Dodson & B	81
H McKelvey	Cosmos O W	398
Jos Bushnell	Crystal O W	376
Jos Bushnell	Crystal O W	552
Fisher, Bros	Citizens O W	679

Crude Oil Received by Rail and River.

	Bbls.		Bbls.
Riverside O W	477	Penn O W	160
Model O W	662	Keystone O W	240
Fairview O W	969	Dodson & B	81
Cosmos O W	398	Crystal O W	929
Citizens O W	679		
Total			4,554

Refined Oil Shipped East by the A. V. R. R., W. P. R. and P. R. R.

WEST PENN JUNCTION, August 19, 1873.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Central Ref Co	Jno P Logan, Phila	527
H S A Stewart	Waring Bros & Co, Phila	398
Braun & Wagner	Waring Bros & Co, Phila	250
Citizens Ref Co	W P Logan, Phila	550
Total		1,825

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, WEDNESDAY, August 20, 1873.

RECEIPTS.

	Cattle. No. head.	Hogs No. head.	Sheep. No. head.	Horses. No. head.	Mules No. head.
Wednesday, Aug. 20	1,960	2,290	3,400	48	17

Cattle.

The receipts of cattle this week so far have been fair, and though not so heavy as last week are still in supply to meet the demand. The quality of the stock offering is principally of the lower grades, among which may be found a few lots of fair shipping cattle. The market opened this morning active on all grades and kinds and up to time of writing has been active. The market is about ⅛c higher than last week, but buyers are not taking as much stock as they would if prices were lower. Following are the rates current:

Extra 1,300 ℔s steers, fine and smooth, $6 25; extra 1,300 ℔s steers, fine and smooth, $5 75 to $6 00; extra 1,200 ℔s steers, fine and smooth, $5 25 to $5 50; fair 1,100 ℔s steers, fine and smooth, $5 00; fair 1,000 ℔s steers, fine and smooth, $4 50 to $4 75; common $3 75 to $4 25; bulls $2 25 to $3 00.

Hogs.

The receipts of hogs the last few days have been a shade light. The market under the influence of lighter receipts and cool weather, has improved some and prices are now about 20c per cwt higher than on Monday; then best prices for prime Philadelphia hogs was $5 30 per cwt, now $5 50.

At this writing the market is firm and will continue so unless the run comes heavy. Following are the current rates:

Extra Philadelphia, $5 50; prime Philadelphia, $5 25 to $5 40; prime light hogs, $5 20 to $5 30; Yorkers, $5 20 to $5 25; roughs, $4 75 to $5 00.

Sheep.

The run of sheep fair. The market rules active for prime fat sheep, at prices from ⅛c to 2c higher than last week. Stock sheep in fair supply and but few buyers here for them. Market rules dull. Following are the current rates:

Extra, 100 ℔s, fine wool, $5 60 to $5 75; prime 95 ℔s, fine wool, $5 40 to $5 50; prime 90 ℔s, fine wool, $5 25; fair 85 ℔s, fine wool, $5 00 to $5 10; stock sheep, fine wool, $3 00 to $3 75.

COAL MARKETS.

LOUISVILLE.

August 19.—We quote Pittsburgh at 20c retail and 16c by the barge load afloat; Indiana and Peacock Pomeroy at 15c; Kentucky at 17a18c per bush retail, and anthracite at $10a10 50 delivered by the cart load and $9a9 50 afloat.

CINCINNATI.

August 19.—There was a sufficient rise in the river at Pittsburgh to let out a fleet of boats and about 5,000,000 bushels were cleared. No sales have yet been made afloat, and the prices delivered to consumers remain at 15a16c for Ohio river; 17a18c for Kanawha; 20c for Pittsburgh, and 24c for cannel.

Iron Movement at St. Louis.

The following were the receipts and shipments of iron ore and pig-iron for the week ending Saturday, August 16, 1873:

Routes.	Receipts. Ore. Tons.	Receipts. Pig. Tons.	Shipments. Ore.	Shipments. Pig Tons.
St. L. and I. M. R. W.	6,150	390	....	....
A. and P. R. W. Carondelet	2,120	240	....	....
R. R. I. and St. L. R. W.	....	....	....	30
T. W., and W. R. W.	....	....	135	....
C. A. and St. L. R. W.	....	10	225	290
St. L., V., T. H. and I. R. W	....	....	192	110
St. L., T. H. and I. R. W.	....	....	50	90
O. and M. R. W.	....	20	200	....
St. L., B. and S. Ill's R. W.	....	....	....	10
St. L. and S. E. R. W.	....	25	....	....
Total for the week	8,270	685	802	530
Week previous	9,200	1,391	1,282	850

The A. and P. Railway brought in addition, 130 tons of lead lead to St. Louis and 20 tons zinc ore to Carondelet.—*St. Louis Republican.*

Wool in Washington County.

The Washington *Reporter* says: There is still considerable activity in the wool trade in Washington county, but prices are unchanged. Forty-five cents has been settled upon as the highest ruling rate. In the southern and western part of Washington as well as in Greene county nearly all the wool has passed out of the hands of the farmers, and most of it has been shipped to the Eastern market.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, ILL., August 20, 1873.

FLOUR—In light request; market very quiet and shippers not doing much.

GRAIN—Wheat irregular and active and closing steady; No 1 spring $1 24; No 2, $1 21 cash; No 3 closed at $1 13; rejected 98c; $1 18 bid for August and $1 18 for September. Corn rather easier and demand mainly for cash and September; No 2, 37⅛c bid cash; 37¾a38⅛c August; 37⅛c bid for September; rejected 35c free sellers. Oats active but lower; No 2, 26⅛c cash; rejected 23⅛c; August 26⅛c. Rye easier and more offering at 66c for cash, sample lots; rejected entirely nominal. Barley—No business in No 2; rejected 65a75c; sellers options active and higher; sellers of September $1 15; buyers $1 13; No 3 offered at 85c.

PROVISIONS—Slow and not much doing. Mess pork $16 cash; $15 87½a15 90 September. Lard steady at 7⅞a8c; September is quotable at 8a8⅛c. Sweet pickled hams 10a12c. Dry salted meats quiet and firm; shoulders 7⅛a8c; short rib sides 9⅛a9⅛c; short clear 9⅞a9⅞c; hams, summer cured, about ⅛c below the above. Bacon in light demand; shoulders 8⅛c; clear ribs 10⅛c. Mess beef $8 75a9 00.

SEEDS—Active and firm.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, August 20.—Cotton in moderate demand at 20⅛c. Flour in moderate demand and unchanged. Whisky quiet at $1 00. Wheat less active; No 2 Milwaukee $1 53a1 57; winter red western $1 55a1 60. Rye quiet at 92a94c. Barley and malt dull. Corn lower; yellow 60a62c; kiln dried 55c. Oats lower; white 44a45c; black 41a42c. Wool quiet at 50a52c. Eggs firm at 24c. Hay steady at $28a32. Hops quiet at 35a45c for 1872. Leather steady at 28a30c. Crude petroleum 6⅛c; refined 16⅛c. Pork steady at $18 25. Cut meats quiet. Middles firm at 8⅛a9c. Lard weak at 8 1-16c. Butter and cheese unchanged.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, August 20.—Cotton quiet at 18⅛c. Flour firm at $6 50a6 70. Wheat firm at $1 28a1 30. Corn firm at 46c. Rye firm at 70c. Oats and barley quiet and unchanged. Pork quiet at $16 75. Lard firmer at 8a8⅛c. Bacon quiet; shoulders, 9⅛c; clear rib sides, 10⅛c; clear sides, 10⅞c. Whisky firm at 95c.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, August 20.—Wheat steady and in moderate demand; extra white Michigan $1 70; No 1 do $1 54. Corn steady and in moderate demand; high mixed spot and seller August, 44⅛c; seller September 44⅛c. Oats dull and lower; No 1, 34c; No 2, 31c; rejected 28⅛c.

Nashville Market.

NASHVILLE, August 20.—Cotton dull at 14a16c. Wheat firm at $1 35a1 40. Corn dull at 63c. Oats nominal at 48c. Lard quiet at 9⅛c. Bulk meats—Demand good at 9⅛a10⅛a10⅞c. Whisky firm at $1.

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, August 20.—Cotton quiet and unchanged. Flour active at $6 00a9 50. Corn dull at 56a58c. Oats scarce at 41a42c. Bran dull at $16. Bacon firm at 9⅛a10⅛a11⅛c. Lard active at 9⅛a10c.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 115⅛@115⅛.

NEW YORK, August 20, 1873—4 P. M.

MONEY.

Money easier to-day. In the morning 4a5 per cent. was freely paid, but at the close loans were made at 3a4 per cent.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling dull at 107⅞a108 for sixty days, and 108⅞a108⅞ for sight.

GOLD.

Gold dull and steady at 115⅛a115⅛. Loans were from 2 to 3 per cent. for carrying. Clearings $44,000,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $41,000. Exports of specie to-day $37,000 in silver bars. Customs receipts to-day $438,000.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments dull and steady.

U. S. coup, '81	119⅛	5-20s, '67	119⅛
5-20s, '62	116⅞	5-20s, '68	118⅛
5-20s, '64	117	10-40s	115⅛
5-20s, '65	118⅛	New 5s	114⅞
New 5-20s '65	116⅞	Currency 6s	113⅛

STATE BONDS.

State bonds dull. Tennessees and Missouris firm.

Missouri	92½	Virginia, old	42½
Tennessee, old	82¼	N. Carolina, old	27½
Tennessee, new	82½	N. Carolina, new	16
Virginia, new	50		

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Stocks were very weak early in the day, use having been made by speculators, for a decline, of the report that Commodore Vanderbilt was seriously ill at Saratoga. When it was ascertained that there was no truth in the report the market became strong, and there was a general advance throughout the entire list and leading stocks closed at the best prices of the day. The decline of prices during the morning ranged from ⅛ to 1⅛ per cent., and was most marked in Vanderbilt shares, Western Union bearing the brunt of the attack selling down from 89⅛ to 87⅞, but finally closing at 89⅛. The closing quotations for Vanderbilt were all higher than the opening prices. A large business was done in Pacific Mail which fluctuated between 39⅞a41⅛, closing at 41⅛. Henry G. Stebbins has been elected Director of the Pacific Mail in place of Jno. M. Burke resigned. It is said two other Directors are to make way for new men. Lake Shore declined to 92⅛, but closed firm at 93⅛. Northwest common sold down to 64⅛, closed at 65. Wabash sold at 68⅛a68⅞ and 69.

The *Express* says: The Alabama indemnity money, $15,000,000 gold, due from Great Britain, September 6, has already been paid into the Treasury, with the exception of about five millions, which is deposited in gold in a number of our city banks. The payments thus far to the Treasury have been in called bonds, overdue coupons and gold. The balance due will be gradually paid in during the next three weeks, and within this time the managers of this fund expect to purchase an additional amount of called bonds.

Canton	99	St. Paul preferred	70⅞
W. U. Tel. Co.	89⅞	Toledo & Wabash	69
Quicksilver	35	Do preferred	80
Adams Express	92⅛	Fort Wayne	93⅞
American Ex. Co	73	Terre Haute	20
U. S. Express Co	66	Do preferred	35
Pacific Mail	41⅛	Chicago & Alton	109⅛
N. Y. Central	104⅛	Do preferred	112
Erie	58⅝	Ohio & Mississippi	59⅞
Do preferred	72	C., C. & C.	34
Harlem	131	Baltimore & Ohio	102
Do preferred	133	Lake Shore	93⅛
Michigan Central	93	Union Pacific	27
P., Ft. W. & C.	87⅛	Illinois Central	106⅛
Northwestern	65	Panama	30⅞
Do preferred	81⅛	Central Pacific	99⅞
New Jersey Central	102⅛	Union	81⅛
Rock Island	109	Del. & Lack	100⅞
St. Paul	51⅛	Bankers' Bills	108⅞

Buffalo Live Stock Market.

BUFFALO, August 20.—Cattle—Receipts to-day, including reported arrivals, 2,094 head; total for the week 7,089 head. Market opened lively at yesterday's prices for good cattle. Common strong and ⅛c off from last week's closing prices. The run for the last twenty-four hours is of excellent quality. The conductors' and brakemen's strike on the Western Division of the New York Central Railroad has not interfered with the movement of stock trains. The road doubled its trains and used yardmen as brakemen. About 900 head were disposed of. Sales 7,241 Illinois steers, 1,135a1,524 ℔s, $5 50a6 00; 219 Texan steers, 1,000a1,195 ℔s, $4 10a5 12½; 55 Missouri steers, 1,160a1,280 ℔s, $5 40a5 80; 230 Indiana steers, 1,106a1,138 ℔s, $5 30a5 80; 209 Ohio steers, 1,305a1,480 ℔s, $5 60a6 00; 48 Michigan steers, 902 to 983 ℔s, $4 50a4 75. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts to-day, including reported arrivals, 11,600 head; total for the week, 16,800 head. Market opened active at ⅛c advance on sheep and ⅛c on Canada lambs. Western sheep $4 25a4 50; Canada sheep $5 00a5 50 Canada lambs $6 00a6 50. Sales 3,021 Michigan sheep, 75a87 ℔s, $4a5 25; 297 Indiana sheep, 92 ℔s, $4 85; 97 Ohio sheep, 89 ℔s, $4 90; 743 Canada lambs, 55a69 ℔s, $6 25a640. Hogs—Receipts to-day, including reported arrivals, 700 head; total for the week, 13,000 head. Market slow for want of stock. All offerings disposed of. Sales of Yorkers at $5 30 a5 40; heavy Boston hogs, $5 10a5 20; grassers, $4 90a5 00.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, August 20.—Flour—Good quality scarce; superfine $5 00; treble $7 00a7 75; family $8 75a10 00. Corn in good supply and demand; mixed 67c; yellow 68c; white 70c. Oats 45a46c. Bran firm at 67⅛a90c. Hay—Prime $24 00. Dry salt shoulders scarce at 9⅛c. Bacon dull at 10a11⅛a12c. Hams dull at 15⅛c. Lard scarce; tierce 8⅛a9c; keg 11c. Sugar in good demand; good fair 8⅛a9c. Molasses—Nothing doing. Whisky in good demand; Louisiana 98c; Evansville 97c; Cincinnati $1 02⅛. Coffee—None in first hands; common 20a20⅛c; fair 20⅛c.

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, August 20.—Wool firm and buoyant. The general outlook of the market is favorable. Western fleeces 45a47c, including Iowa, Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin; 46⅛a48c for Michigan, and 50a52⅛c for Ohio and Pennsylvania, including XXX and upwards. Quite a number of fancy clips are on the market, and held for extreme figures. Holders are now very firm in their views and while disposed to supply the wants of their principal customers at current rates are not eager to close out round lots which would now be difficult to replace.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, August 20.—Commission houses were actively employed and the jobbing movement showed signs of improvement. The market for cotton goods was steady. Booth B and E Gold Medal and Peabody bleached shirtings advanced ⅛c. Park Mills checks are reduced. Cotton flannels active and firm. Prints are selling freely. Worsted dress goods and shawls active. Wool flannels and blankets brisk but cassimere less active.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, August 20.—Cattle—Receipts 1,200 head; hogs 10,000 head. Cattle market dull for all grades except good to choice shipping steers; shipping steers $4 50a5 30; fair to good $5 40a6; choice to extra stock steers $3a4; through Texans $1 80a3 15; corn fed sold at $3 25a5; common to extra native butcher's stock $2 50a4 75. Hogs active, steady and a shade easier; sales at $4 30a4 90; closing at $4 30a4 60 for heavy and $4 55a4 90 for light.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, August 20.—Flour quiet; superfine $4 10a5 25. Wheat active; white $1 80. Corn firm at 58⅛c. Oats active at 44a45c. Rye dull at 90a95c. Pork steady at $18.00. Lard dull at 8⅛a8⅛c. Butter firmer; tub 23c. Whisky quiet but firm at $1.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, August 20.—Flour dull at $5 70a6 40. Wheat dull and weak; No 1 Milwaukee $1 28⅛; No. 2, $1 25⅛. Corn dull; No 2, 27⅛. Oats active; No 2 mixed 40c. Rye scarce at 68c. Barley—Demand fair and market firm at $1 00.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, August 20.—Flour in fair demand; superfine $3 50a4 20. Wheat in fair demand; red $1 60. Rye advanced to 71a85c. Corn held firmly; yellow, 61c. Oats steady at 45a47c. Whisky scarce at $1.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, August 20.—Wheat dull and weak; No 2 red $1 47. Corn quiet at 49a50c. Oats steady at 38c for No 1 State. Petroleum steady; standard white 13a13⅛c, State test.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

Date of Departure from New York.

Hammonia	August 21	Hamburg.
Abyssinia	August 23	Liverpool.
Oceanic	August 23	Liverpool.
Pereiere	August 23	France.
California	August 23	Glasgow.
Egypt	August 23	Liverpool.
Algeria	August 27	Liverpool.
Caledonia	August 27	Glasgow.
Arragon	August 27	Bristol.
Minnesota	August 27	Liverpool.
Holsatia	August 28	Hamburg.
Batavia	August 30	Liverpool.
India	August 30	Glasgow.
Washington	August 30	Havre,

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

OBSERVATION, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A., PITTSBURGH, August 20, 1873.

Daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the twenty-four hours ending 3 P. M.

STATIONS.	ABOVE L'W W'R. Ft.	ABOVE L'W W'R. In.	CHANGE.—OR † Ft.	CHANGE.—OR † In.	DIRECT'N OF WIND.	STATE OF WEATHER.
Cairo	10	8	†0	8	S.	Clear.
Cincinnati	8	10	†0	11	E.	Clear.
Davenport	2	9	..	..	W.	Fair.
Fort Benton	1	4	..	..	S. W.	Fair.
Keokuk	2	2	..	..	S.	Fair.
Leavenworth	3	7	..	..	S.	Clear.
LaCrosse	2	2	..	..	S. W.	Fair.
Louisville	4	1	†0	2	N. E.	Clear.
Memphis	8	2	—0	4	N. W.	Fair.
Nashville	3	0	..	..	N. W.	Fair.
New Orleans	12	3	—0	1	S. E.	L't Rain.
Omaha	6	8	..	..	S.	Clear.
Pittsburgh	7	0	—0	..	E.	Fair.
Shreveport	11	6	—0	4	N. E.	Cloudy.
St. Louis	10	4	—0	2	E.	Fair.
St. Paul	4	6	—0	1	S.	Clear,
Vicksburg	12	8	—0	8	N. W.	Fair.
Yankton	7	6	—0	3	S.	Clear.

JAMES B. MURRAY,
Observer Signal Service, U. S. A.

Steamer Purchased.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

ZANESVILLE, August 20, 1873.

The steamer Prairie City has been purchased by the Zanesville, Marietta and Parkersburg Packet Company, and will be placed in that trade on Monday next.

Greensboro, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

GREENSBORO, PA., August 20, 1873.

River stationary, with three feet of water in the channel. Weather clear at 6 P. M.

Brownsville, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., August 20, 1873.

River stationary with about five feet of water in the channel. Weather clear; thermometer seventy-three at 6 P. M.

Oil City, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

OIL CITY, August 20, 1873.

River thirty-four inches and falling. Weather clear and pleasant,

Wheeling, W. Va.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WHEELING, W. VA., August 20, 1873.

River nine feet one inch and raising slowly. Express departed for Parkersburg, 10:30 A. M.; Weather pleasant and clear.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, August 20.—Arrived—Ella Hughes, Cairo. River on a stand, with thirty-two inches on the shoals. Weather clear and pleasant.

Cairo.

CAIRO, ILL., August 20.—Arrived—City of Helena, St. Louis. Departed—Bon Accord, St. Louis. The river has risen five inches. Weather clear; mercury 80.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, August 20.—Clear and pleasant. River declining. Departed—Susie Silver, New Orleans; Belle of Shreveport, Red river early this morning; Henry Ames and City of Vicksburg, St. Louis; C. B. Church, Cincinnati. This afternoon the Jos. Howard is aground at Osceola bar, drawing one foot more water than there is in the channel.

Shreveport.

SHREVEPORT, LA., August 20.—Clear and cool. River fell four and a half inches. No arrivals or departures.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, August 20.—Arrived—Nick Longworth, Cincinnati; Mary Alice and barges, St. Louis; West Wind, Cairo. Departed—John Kyle, St. Louis. Cloudy; mercury 88.

For Latest River Dispatches see Fourth Page.

Coal Received by the Allegheny Valley R. R.

	Cars.		Cars.
N Y & C G C Co	17	Allegheny V R R	2
Total			19

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

Geneva	Phillips	Geneva.
E. Bennett	Carmack	Geneva
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
West Virginia	Donaldson	Geneva.

Departed.

E. Bennett	Carmack	Geneva.
Elector	R. R. Abrams	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Juniata	Brennan	Cincinnati.
Fearless	Bickerstaff	St. Louis.

MONONGAHELA—Seven feet three inches and falling.

Boats Departing this Day.

Geneva.......West Virginia....Donaldson, 7 A. M.

THE marks last evening indicated seven feet three inches and falling fast. The weather during the day was pleasant. Trade on the landing was fair for the season.

LOUISVILLE collected $699 15 wharfage last week.

THE Peerless broke her shaft above New Orleans last Friday.

THE Fearless and barges, Capt. Bickerstaff, left for St. Louis with a good trip.

A RAILROAD and wagon bridge is to be constructed across the Mississippi at Quincy forthwith.

THE J. C Crossley is on the docks at Middleport, and the Fannie Freeze is running in her place.

CAPTAIN U. B. PIERSEL is clerking on the Fleetwood while Mr. Eli R. Mauck visits the lakes.

WM. NEWHALL, Assistant Wharfmaster at Louisville, has resigned and gone into the Auditor's office.

THE snag which sunk the Jennie Howell has been blown to pieces by a torpedo. Its diameter was four feet.

THE steamer Juniata, Capt. C. L. Brennan, took her departure for Cincinnati last evening with a good trip.

WM. JONES was the name of the roustabout lost off the Nashville at Island No. 37, and he had a family in Cincinnati.

MR. MURRAY, a steamboat mate from St. Louis, died at Algiers, opposite New Orleans, Friday, of yellow fever.

THE ferry boat Frank B. Clark sunk at Stillwater, Minnesota, a few days ago, was raised by the use of barges.

THE packet Granite State, Capt. Kerr, will arrive to-day, and take her departure for Portsmouth on Friday, at 4 P. M.

ONE of the handsomest and best got up towboats we have ever seen is the Maggie Smith, just completed at the landing.

THE United States Marshal at New Orleans admonishes the owners of the Sabine to appear the first Monday in September.

THE Evansville *Journal* says the amount of money brought to that city annually by the Tennessee river packet Florence Lee is $1,000,000.

THE packet Exchange, Capt. S. Shuman, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville on Friday. Passengers and shippers can make their arrangements accordingly.

THE steamer Ozark, with Generals Longstreet, Forshey and Jeff Thompson on board, has gone on a levee inspecting tour from the Arkansas line to the Gulf.

THE Big Muddy Iron Company, of St. Louis, has purchased of Captains Keiser and Carter the hull of the Marble City for $4,500, and now has it on the docks.

CAPTAIN LOWRY has contracted with John Moon, of Louisville, to recover the barge of 486 tons of coal sunk last spring, five miles above Burlington, Ia., by the R. A. Babbage.

THE Natchez, during her retirement, has added a condenser to her machinery, patented by Andy Pauley, her engineer, to save fuel and add a revolution per minute.

TUESDAY'S Cincinnati *Enquirer* says: A loaded coal barge sunk at Gardner's Landing Sunday night and the Lizzie Gardner and James Hobson were engaged yesterday in pumping it out.

CAPTAIN THOMAS FRANKY, formerly commander of the Clara Dolson, Henry von Phul, and other steamers, is very low with consumption at St. Louis, and no hopes are entertained of his recovery.

THE Carondelet Marine Railway and Dry-dock Company has filed a suit in the United States District Court at St. Louis against the Susie Silver for hire of the barge Yellowstone. Amount $1,740.

THE punctual packet West Virginia, Capt. Donaldson, takes her departure this day, 7 A. M., for Brownsville, Geneva and way points. A good boat in charge of careful and attentive officers.

CAPTAIN GEO. W. CABLE, a very old time commander and a few years since master of the Liberty, has been appointed commander and superintendent of the St. Louis harbor boat, at a salary of $250 per month.

THE Henry C. Yeager was aground 56 hours at Devil's Island and 24 hours at Eliza's Point. At Hamburg she lost two days by breaking both rudder stalks in backing out, and made new ones from trees cut in the woods.

THE steamer Josephine, which returned to Bismarck on the 6th instant, succeeded in penetrating further into the country than any of the other boats, having ascended the Yellowstone to a point a few miles above the mouth of Powder river.

SPEAKING of the Ohio river, the Richmond *Dispatch* says: "The river is a classic stream. It was well named by the French 'La Belle Rivierie,' and no one who has a sense of the lovely in nature ever looks upon it for the first time without a feeling of ecstacy."

RETURNED from their fishing and shooting expedition, Captain Joseph Nixon and Thomas Mulvehill. These parties make an annual trip to Green bay, Wisconsin, but as we have seen no fish we have come to the conclusion that the fishing part was neglected. Taken as a whole we have no doubt they enjoyed themselves hugely.

THE Rollingpin Almanac makes its annual appearance next month, and promises to contain a fund of captivating humor as well as lots of nautical lore. The river fraternity and their friends up this way may anticipate a big thing from the Commodore this year, and they are not likely to be disappointed. There is said to be a hundred pages of comic things, and the famous Duck creek skipper is making a national reputation with his funnyisms.

THE St. Louis *Republican* relates the following in regard to Capt. Goll: "Capt. [illegible] was kind-hearted, generous and popular wherever known. An instance of his benevolence is reported on his last river trip. An old man named Davis, feeble and poverty stricken, applied to him for aid while at New Orleans a few days since. Capt. Goll gave the old man a free passage up the river to this port, and though a total stranger, upon going ashore he handed the feeble sufferer a five dollar bill. With this sum old man Davis found some relatives near here, and on Monday last he died. Yesterday, while the undertaker was arranging to inter Mr. Davis, the brother of Capt. Goll appled for a coffin in which to convey his remains to St. Louis."

ANOTHER BOATMAN GONE TO REST.—Private advices received in this city within the last day or two announce the death at Liverpool, England, of Captain Larry Harmstad, formerly a prominent and well known citizen here. Captain Harmstad was a native of Philadelphia, and when young he led a seafaring life, afterwards engaging in marine service in our western rivers. About 1855 he ran as clerk on the steamer Kate Frisbee and other packets between this city and Vicksburg. Afterwards he settled in the steamboat agency business here, and for several years prospered flatteringly in a financial sense. Among river men his popularity was second to none, while in business circles he stood high as a man of probity and honor.—*Memphis Avalanche.*

IN speaking of the St. Louis bridge the Memphis *Avalanche* says: This bridge will be a great barrier to navigation, and practically divides the river at St. Louis, so that ere long all boats running above there will have to find a landing north of obstruction. Such boats as the Great Republic, Richmond, etc., cannot pass under the spans at low water without taking down their chimneys and pilot houses. The protest recently gotten out by numerous boat owners regarding the great obstruction came too late and proved of no avail. Capt. James B. Eads, the projector of the bridge project, has accomplished a stupendous feat of engineering skill, but he has also won unenviable fame as a navigation obstructor. His praises may be sung loudly by future generations of railroad men, but his memory will catch it the other way from steamboatmen and their friends.

IMPORTS BY RAIL AND RIVER.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway.

W & D Rinehart, 80 tob kegs; Loh & Cooley, 5 bbls potatoes, 2 kgs lard; Graff, B & Co, 1 car lime-stone; Fairbanks, M & Co, lot castings; Sullevan & F, 2 cars s iron; S Shambergs, 4 calves; E Moye & Co, 1 bx hams; Haworth & D, 2 bxs sundries; H W Hoan, lot d goods; R Wiggons, 17 cars old iron; Pattos & Co, 2 bxs dolls; Kramer V, 61 bxs b powder; J Callery, 78 bdls g hides; G & J McCracken, 11 bbls apples; Myers & A, 50 b shovels; Frazier M, 39 do paper; A Jenkins, 100 bbls flour; O H Woodworth, 2 bxs eggs; Hahmer & L, 6 bbls potatoes; C P Murray, 7 bdls leather; K Bracken, 1 car stone; Voigt, M & Co, 30 bbls eggs; W H Graff, 2 do onions; Akron Sewer Pipe Co, 1 car pipe; W J Brown, 1 do stone; W C Dean, 1 do; E Moye & Co, 1 do potatoes; Barton & B, 1 do stone; J G Hinchcliffe, 1 do; J M McCullough, 1 do bark wood; Itzell & Gee, 1 do stone; G Runn, 40 b hides; Allen Kirkpatrick, 55 bbls vinegar.

PER ELEVATOR.—Bahmer, Lewis & Co, 2 cars oats; McHenry & Hooo, 1 do wheat; Marshall, K & Co, 1 do; L G Graff & Co, 1 do oats; R Dickey & Co, 1 do; W J Meek, 2 do rye.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—Holmes & Co, 2 cars lime; Fred Altvater, 1 car stone; J Updegraff, 8 bbls coal tar; J P & R H Knox, 1 car stone; John Herbert, 17 bbls apples; A G Neff, 1 car lime; M Simon, 1 car lumber; Wm Mullins, 1 car coal; Keifer, Stille & Co, 2 cars bark; W J Dunn, 100 bbls lime; Beckfield & M, 15 bxs starch; Jas Lockhart, 15 bxs and 5 crates do; Geo Stewart, 100 bbls lime; Ortleib & Co, 40 chairs; J N Dryden, 64 do; Peter Ruppert, 1 car staves; Wm McCallin, 24 sacks oats; E Davis 48 do; T Bradley, 1 car shingles; J Hamnett & Son, 1 car bark; John Fletcher, 1 car lumber; Harbaugh, M & O, 1 car lime stone; John Megraw 1 car stone; A Guckenheimer & Bro, 1 car staves; Hack & Schwebel, 150 sks s stuff; Gilmore & Co, 1 car wheat; R Carson, 70 bbls flour, 120 sks do; John Herbert, 18 bbls apples; Adams & Knox, 123 sks oats; Gilmore & Co, 335 bush wheat; John B Ingham & Son, 1 car lumber; John Alston & Son, 1 car shingles; Wm McQueen, 9 bdls sash; W Butler, 6 bdls leather; Isaac Oesch, 20 bxs cheese; J P Padden, 16 bags potatoes; J Craig, 6 bbls fire clay.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

J F Brown, 1 bx sundrs; J Woodwell, 1 car g stones; F Alden, 1 do; W H Martin, 1 car lumber; W F Richardson, 2 do; Wilson, Glass & Co, 1 do s iron; Slack & S, 1 do lumber; W H Hamilton & Co, 1 do lime; W M Stone, 21 bxs s iron; Haworth Bro, 100 b s pins; F Pollard, 2 bxs s cases; T C Jenkins, 42 cases tobacco; B S Fahnestock, 13 bxs medicine; Boyd & M, 11 racks frames; Fairbanks, M & Co, 31 bxs scales; Pittsburgh P M Co, 30 bdls paper; Fred Schued, 117 sacks oats, 2 bbls apples; Voigt, M & Co, 9 bbls do, 2 tubs butter, 12 tubs a butter, 20 do; J A Graff, 10 bbls potatoes; Loh & Cooley, 1 do eggs, 3 do potatoes; Jacob Haisell, 2 do wine; W J Steel & Co, 2 do apples; John Rose, 79 sks oats; Hollister & L, 1 car lumber; John Rose, 150 sks oats; B D Moore, 100 oil bbls; C A Warmcastle, 100 do; Morrison & Co, 4 bbls eggs; Loh & Cooley, 2 do; McBane & A, 74 sks wheat, 24 do oats; H Res, 10 bbls apples, 10 do; P Duff & Son, 5 bbls eggs.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railway.

W Welsh, 32 sks wheat; B F Merry, 30 bags oats; Heckleman & Co, 240 sks malt; M F Herron & Co, 1 car hay; Hock & Schwebel, 1 do m feed; Dickson, S & Co, 22 bars screen iron; Jas Callery & Co, 41 g hides, 2 g calf do, 2 bdls sheep do; H Riddle & Son, 12 bbls g apples; Schomaker & Co, 200 do flour; D Wallace, 100 do; R Knox & Son, 100 do; M Meek, 1 car hay; John Rose, 1 do hay; T Pollers, 100 tcs hams; F W Jenkins & Bro, 200 bbls flour.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Carnegie, K & Co, 6 cars limestone; Shoenberger, B & Co, 4 do; W P Baughman, 1 do lime; H T Bruggeman, 1 lot chickens; John Hoffman, 1 calf; H Lowry, 1 car junk; Shomaker & Co, 1 bx hams; Jas Callery, 29 beef hides; T Watson, 2 bxs mdse; Watt, L & Co, 1 bbl flaxseed, 1 do eggs; Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co, 1 bx blankets; Dauler & Sons, 1 bx marble; Knox & Orr, 1 sack coffee.

Receipts of Blooms, Pig Metal and Ore.

Following are the receipts of blooms, pig metal and ore for the last twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY

P. R. R. LESSEE.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	5	Isabella Furnace, o	24
J W Porter, m	8	Lewis, B, D & Co, m	2
Loomis & C, m	1	Rogers & B, m	7
Reese, G & Co, m	2	Spang, C & Co, m	1
Atlas Works, m	1	Lewis, O & P, m	3
Carnegie, K & Co, m	3	Spang, C & Co, m	2
Wharton Bros, m	2	Lewis, B, D & Co, o	1
Total			62

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Brown & Co, o	2	Jno Moorhead, b	4
Zug & Co, o	2	Isabella Furnace, o	12
Lucy Furnace, o	9		
Total			29

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
J Reamer, m	5	Jno Moorhead, m	1
Caughey & Hallman, m	2	J W Porter, m	1
Total			9

WEST PENN RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Painter & Sons, m	9	Lyon, Shorb & Co, m	1
Jones & Laughlins, m	20	Graff, B & Co, m	6
Wm Smith & Son, m	9	McIntosh & Co, m	1
Lewis, O & P, m	11		
Total			57

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	1	Jones & Laughlins, m	2
Brown & Co, m	1		
Total			4

BANKS AND BANKERS.

Odd Fellows' Savings Bank,

No. 63 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

Chartered by Legislature of Pennsylvania, March, 1873.

CAPITAL..............................$160,000

PRIVILEGE..........................$500,000.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

Money Loaned on Mortgages, Bonds and other good Securities.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Books of By-Laws furnished at the Bank. Collections and Returns promptly made.

DIRECTORS:

HENRY LAMBERT,	A. M. BROWN,
ANDREW MILLER,	S. J. WAINWRIGHT
EDWARD DUFF,	ARCH. McFARLAND,
JAMES GORDON,	D. P. ESTEP,
JOHN SEIFERTH,	G. W. RANKIN,
	B. A. WEAVER.

President—HENRY LAMBERT.
Vice President—ANDREW MILLER.
Cashier—W. J. SCULLY.

Open for business from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8.

Board of Directors meets daily at 11 o'clock.

PRODUCERS' BANK OF BUTLER COUNTY,

AT BUTLER, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - - $100,000,

J. E. RAY, Cashier. J. W. IRWIN, Prest.

Directors:

J. STAMBAUGH,	SAML. A. WOODS,
J. W. IRWIN,	H. McWALTERS,
JAMES ADAMS,	J. E. RAY,
WILLIAM MILLER,	LEWIS P. WALKER.

A General Banking Business transacted. Correspondence solicited.

BANK OF INDUSTRY,

No. 110 FIFTH AVENUE.

CAPITAL, - - - $100,000.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

DIRECTORS.

Joseph Hastings,	James McLain,
John Kelly,	H. Darlington,
Peter O'Neil,	Matthew Mawhinney,
George Wilson,	John Kaiser.
	JOSEPH ROSS, President.
	M. HANRAHAN, Cashier.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK Of Pittsburgh.

Capital..............................$300,000.

INCORPORATED 1866.

OFFICE NO. 83 FOURTH AVENUE.

In Safe Deposit Company's Building.

President—HENRY LLOYD. Vice President—WM. REA

TRUSTEES—Henry Lloyd, Wm. Rea, Edward Gregg, Thos Wightman, E. P. Jones, Hiram Stowe, R. H. Hartley, G. W. Hallman.

Secretary and Treasurer—SIDNEY F. VON BONNHORST.

Six per cent. interest allowed on time deposits. Investments made in Government and Real Estate Securities. Bank open daily, except Sundays, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M., and on Saturday evenings from 6 to 9 o'clock.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

CORNER FOURTH AVE. AND WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(Successors to HANNA, HART & CO.)

Dealers in Exchange, Coin, Coupons, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Purchase and Sale of GOVERNMENT BONDS.

☞ SIGHT DRAFTS ON LONDON.

RIVER PACKETS.

MORGANTOWN AND PITTSBURGH.

For all Points on the Monongahela River.

THE NEW AND LIGHT Draught Passenger Steamer

WEST VIRGINIA,

PETER DONALDSON..............................Commander.

Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 7 A. M., for Morgantown and intermediate ports. Returning leaves Morgantown for Pittsburgh EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.

For further particulars inquire of

A. S. FRY, Agent.

LOUISVILLE.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

FRIDAY, 22D—4 P. M.

THE STEAMER

EXCHANGE,

S. SHUMAN..............................Commander.

J. M. VANDERGRIFT..............................Clerk.

Will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply to

FAIRMAN & HENDERSON, or FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

CINCINNATI.

For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Ironton, Portsmouth and Cincinnati.

EVERY FRIDAY—4 P. M.

THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER

GRANITE STATE,

W. H. KERR..............................Commander.

W. J. C. ANDERSON..............................Clerk.

Will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to

FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

G. F. THARP, Superintendent.

JOS. P. ROGERS, Cashier.

THE MARINE RAILWAY AND DRY DOCK COMPANY of Cincinnati, O., are prepared to take out the Largest Class of Tow and Passenger Steamers, and have large facilities in Material and Machinery for Repairing in short time and fair rates.

Owners and Captains favoring us with their business may rely on our best efforts to give satisfaction in time, workmanship and cost.

STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD LINE—THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, between New York and Liverpool, calling at Cork Harbor.

FROM NEW YORK.

SAMARIA, Sat., Aug. 16	ALGERIA, Wed., Aug. 27
SCOTIA, Wed., Aug. 20	BATAVIA, Sat., Aug. 30
ABYSSINIA, Sat., Aug. 23	RUSSIA, Wed., Sept. 3

And every following Wednesday and Saturday from New York.

Rates of Passage—Cabin, $80, $100 and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Tickets to Paris, $15, gold, additional. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage $30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown, and all parts of Europe, at lowest rates.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the company's office, No. 4 Bowling Green; for steerage passage, at 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.

CHARLES G. FRANCKLYN, Agent, or to JOHN J. McCORMICK, Fourth avenue and Smithfield street.

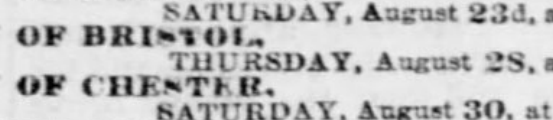
N. B.—Cabin plans on hand.

INMAN LINE

For Queenstown and Liverpool.

Royal Mail Steamers

Are appointed to Sail as follows:



CITY OF PARIS, SATURDAY, August 9, at 2 P. M.
CITY OF LONDON, SATURDAY, August 16, at noon.
CITY OF NEW YORK, SATURDAY, August 23d, at 2 P. M.
CITY OF BRISTOL, THURSDAY, August 28, at 9 A. M.
CITY OF CHESTER, SATURDAY, August 30, at 10 A. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP, THURSDAY, September 4th, at 2 P. M.

And each succeeding SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier 45, North River.

Rates of Passage:

CABIN—$70, $80 and $90, gold, according to accommodation.

Round trip tickets at low rates.

STEERAGE—To Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow, Londonderry, London, Bristol or Cardiff, $30.

PREPAID CERTIFICATES, $32 currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Paris, at reduced rates.

Drafts issued at lowest rates.

For Cabin Passage and general business apply at the Company's Office, No. 15 Broadway.

For steerage, at 33 Broadway.

Apply to JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or to WM. BINGHAM, 143 Smithfield street, or T. H. MURRAY, 7 Ninth street, THOMAS H. RATTIGAN, 47 Smithfield street, MAX SHAMBERG, 163 Smithfield street, Pittsburg; a. Where plans of Cabin can be seen and every information given.

White Star U. S. Mail Line,

THE FASTEST FLEET AFLOAT

Between New York and Liverpool,

Calling at CORK HARBOR both ways, Booking Passengers to and from all parts; Sailing every THURSDAY from Liverpool and every SATURDAY from White Star Wharf, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City.

OCEANIC	Capt. Bristow.
BALTIC	Capt. Kennedy.
REPUBLIC	Capt. Gleadell.
CELTIC	Capt. Thompson.
ADRIATIC	Capt. Perry.

Passenger Accommodations Unrivaled.

Saloon, $80 Gold; (Sailings after April 1, $100 Gold). Steerage, $30, Currency. Prepaid Certificates, $32.

Drafts in sums to suit.

J. H. SPARKS, Agent, 19 Broadway, N. Y.

MAX SCHAMBERG,

163 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh.

PETROLEUM.

ELKINS, BLY & CO.,

REFINERS OF

Carbon and Head Light Oils,

AND DEALERS IN

LUBRICATING OILS,

Duquesne Way and Ninth St., Pittsburgh.

Orders from the Wholesale Trade solicited.

WARING BROTHERS,

Successors to Waring & King.

Commission Merchants in Petroleum and its Products,

37 Fifth Avenue.

Philadelphia Address, WARING BROTHERS & CO., 307 Walnut Street.

Use Sawyer's Barbers' Soap.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS FUND

And Safe Deposit Co.,

Corner Seventh Ave. and Smithfield St.

Incorporated by Legislature of Pennsylvania.

Capital - $250,000.

Interest allowed on Deposits. Short Loans on Valuable Property, Real or Personal. Discounts daily. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and Saturdays from 7 to 9 P. M.

ANDREW L. McFARLAND, President.
SAML. A. LONG, Vice President and Business Manager

DIRECTORS.

Andrew. L. McFarland,	W. B. Lupton,
Alex. Tindle, Sr.,	J. P. Smith,
A. T. Douthett,	Jno. W. Haney,
Frank Konne,	W. H. Irwin,
	Saml. A. Long.

JOHN G. MACCONNELL, Solicitor.

GERMAN SAVINGS BANK,

206 Ohio Street, Allegheny City.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

Assets January 1, 1873, - $961,031 10

Capital Represented, over $5,500,000 00

Open daily from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., also on Saturday Evening, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received in sums of One Dollar and upwards. Six per cent. interest paid on time deposits, which can be drawn without previous notice.

Drafts issued on all the principal cities of Europe, and collections promptly made.

Directors.

A. Wiese,	George Aber,
Leonhard Walter, Sen.,	Hugh McNeill,
Jacob Kopp,	Damas Lutz,
Joseph Lautner,	C. W. Anschuetz,
	Theo. F. Straub.

A. WIESE, President.
L. WALTER, Vice President.
JOS. STRATMAN, Cashier.

METROPOLITAN BANK,

OF PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Corner Butler and Forty-third Streets,

Seventeenth Ward.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - - $100,000.

PRIVILEGE, - , - - 250,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Security to Depositors over $2,000,000.

Deposits of $1 and upwards received.

Six Per Cent. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

Special Attention Given to Savings Accounts.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, Merchants and individuals solicited. Collections made on all parts of the United States and proceeds promptly remitted.

Open on Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8 P. M.

Discounts DAILY.

DIRECTORS—C. A. Dravo, H. W. Borntraeger, Edward Davison, Wm. Burns, Joseph Vogel, Dr. Jas. Robinson, J. J. Shuttarly, C. L. Straub, D. R McIntire, A. Reese, John Graitge, Charles Parkin, J. H. Helmbuecher, Chas. North, T. C. Kier.

C. A. DRAVO, President.
WM. BURNS, Vice President.
JAMES WETTACH, Cashier.

Gibson & Wier, Solicitors.

Tradesmen's National Bank,

WOOD STREET, CORNER SECOND.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

MONEY LOANED

ON

UNITED STATES BONDS COLLATERAL

Accounts Solicited.

A. BRADLEY..............................President
W. VANKIRK..............................Vice President
CYRUS CLARKE, JR..............................Cashier

UNITED STATES BANK,

NO. 123 FOURTH AVE.,

OPPOSITE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $100,000.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS. DISCOUNTS EVERY DAY.

Open from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturday until 6 o'clock P. M.

JOS. WALTON, President.
HENRY M. LONG, Vice President
JNO. E. RIDALL, Cashier.

Directors:

Jos. Walton,	J. B. Smith,
H. M. Long,	Jno. H. Stewart,
D. Z. Brickell,	S. A. Cosgrave,
A. C. Patterson,	J. L. Neeb,
W. B. Hagan,	J. Murray Clark,
Jas. H. Mitchell,	Jacob Philips,
	A. M. Cavitt.

TThs

Masonic Deposit Saving Bank

No. 135 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh.

CHARTERED BY LEGISLATURE.

Capital, $200,000. Privilege, $500,000.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

Collections Made on all Points in the United States and Canadas.

Directors:

CHAS. W. BATCHELOR, President Eagle Cotton Mills.
ALFRED SLACK, of Slack & Sholes.
ROBERT PITCAIRN, Superintendent Pennsylvania Railroad.
JOHN CHISLETT, Superintendent Allegheny Cemetery.
DR. A. H. GROSS, President Select Councils.
GEORGE C. SHIDLE, of James Shidle & Son.
WM. SCOTT, Contractor.
WM. F. LANG, of Watt, Lang & Co.
RALPH BAGALEY, Secretary Westinghouse Air Brake Company.
J. J. LAWRENCE, Superintendent Allegheny Valley Railroad Company.
AARON FRENCH, of Pittsburgh Cast Steel Spring Company.
J. L. PIPER, Superintendent Keystone Bridge Company.
C. L. GOEHRING, President Consolidated Gas Co.

CHAS. W. BATCHELOR, President.
GEO. C. McLEAN, Cashier.

PENN BANK,

118 Wood St., Pittsburgh.

Capital - $250,000.

Bank of Discount, Deposit and Savings.

Deposits received of $1 00 and upward.

Six per Cent. paid on Time Deposits.

Special attention given to collections and correspondence.

JAMES H. HOPKINS, President.
FRANK RAHM, D. W. C. CARROLL, Vice Presidents.
JACOB H. WALTER, Treasurer.
T. BRENT SWEARINGEN, Secretary.
W. N. RIDDLE, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Geo. Bingham,	Sam'l Severance,
Daniel Hugus,	Jas. Herdman,
F. B. Laughlin,	Geo. C. Davis,
F. L. Ihmsen,	David Z. Brickell,
Philip Reymer,	Alfred H. Logan,
John S. Slagle,	Thos. Hare.

TThs

Allegheny National Bank,

OF PITTSBURGH.

No. 33 Fifth Avenue.

Capital Stock, $500,000.

J. W. COOK..............................President.
R. W. MACKEY..............................Vice President.
W. McCANDLESS..............................Cashier.

THE NATIONAL TRUST CO.,

No. 423 Penn St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL, - - $100,000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

Deposits of $1 and upward received. Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections, and proceeds promptly remitted. Discount Days—Tuesdays and Fridays.

DIRECTORS—Robert Dickson, Jacob Ahl, James M. Taylor, Edward Miles, Wm. B. Brickell, Chas. H. Armstrong, Wm. Smith, Wm. J. Friday, James Taylor, M. Graver, P. Kane, O. Van Buren, H. Gerwig.

President—ROBERT DICKSON.
Vice President—JAMES M. TAYLOR.
Cashier—ROBERT J. GRIER.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,

14 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL..............................$200,000.

GEO. H. ANDERSON,	D. R. DAVIDSON,
WM. H. BROWN,	M. W. RANKIN,
G. FOLLANSBEE,	M. KENNEDY,
J. H. BORLAND,	JACOB S. REYMER,
	C. C. MARKLE.

GEO. H. ANDERSON..............................President.
JOHN D. FRASER..............................Cashier.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT

SIX (6) PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on Time Deposits.

Money Loaned on Mortgages, Bills of Exchange, Notes and all good Securities.

Accounts of Banks and individuals solicited.

Board meets for Discount daily, at 11½ o'clock.

IRON AND GLASS DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK,

No. 1203 Carson St., Birmingham.

CAPITAL STOCK, - $100,000.

Deposits of $1 00 and upward received.

Six Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

Particular attention given to Collections, and proceeds promptly remitted.

Business hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Saturday Evening from 6 to 9 o'clock.

Board meets every day at 1 o'clock P. M.

DIRECTORS:

Thomas B. Atterbury,	Daniel Wenke,
Edward Moye,	James H. Swett,
Joseph Keeling,	W. J. Lewis,
John Gallaher,	F. Baxmeyer,
John C. McCutcheon,	John Adams,
James Salisbury,	John Philips,
	Benjamin F. Collins.

Maitland, Audenried & Co.,

BANKERS,

N. E. Corner Third and Dock Streets, Philadelphia.

Accounts solicited. Interest allowed on balances, subject to check at sight or as per special agreement.

Collections made. Orders in Gold, Stocks and Bonds executed in all the principal cities.

Particular attention given to investments and commercial paper.

TThs

FOR SALE.

EAGLE Rolling Mills

AND

NAIL FACTORY FOR SALE.

We offer for Sale the above named Valuable Property, situated on the Ohio river, in the Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, and containing 5 Acres and 7¾ Perches. The Equipment of the Mill is as follows:

THIRTY PUDDLING FURNACES. Single.
ONE PUDDLING FURNACE, Double.
TWO ROTARY SQUEEZERS.
TWO MUCK TRAINS ROLLS.
NINE HEATING FURNACES.
ONE BAR MILL, SIXTEEN INCH TRAIN THREE HIGH.
ONE BAR MILL, FOURTEEN INCH TRAIN
ONE TEN INCH TRAIN ROLLS.
ONE EIGHT INCH TRAIN ROLLS.
ONE NAIL PLATE MILL, EIGHTEEN INCH TRAIN.
FORTY-TWO NAIL MACHINES.
TWO SPLICE BAR PUNCHES.
ORE MILL.
TWO BATTERIES BOILERS.
FIVE STEAM ENGINES.
SHEARS, LATHES.
STEAM PUMPS, &c., &c.

Capacity, 13,000 to 15,000 Tons Iron and Nails per annum.

The Mill is favorably located for the economical manufacture of Iron. The Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis (Pan-Handle) and Little Saw Mill Run Railroads pass through the property. The large deposits of Coal in the immediate neighborhood give this locality the great advantage of cheap fuel, the price being 1 to 2 cents per bushel less than on the North and East side of the rivers.

The Mill is in good order, and could be quickly put in operation.

Will be SOLD AT A LOW PRICE and on reasonable terms.

For further information, terms, &c., apply to

ROBERT J. ANDERSON,
JOHN J. SPEARMAN,
H. W. OLIVER, JR.,
Trustees of James T. and Charles A. Wood.

Office—114 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh.

Doncaster House.

FOR SALE,

Hotel, situated at Orrville, Wayne county, Ohio, at the crossing of the P., Ft. W. and C., and C., Mt V. and C. R. Rs., opposite the depot There are 12 passenger trains daily one of which stops for breakfast and two stop for dinner.

The hotel is a large 3 story building, with a beautiful yard in front. The building is nearly new, being erected but four years ago, and contains 27 rooms, which have been recently painted, and furnished with new beds, furniture and carpets. The lot contains ½ acre of ground, on which is a never failing well of pure cold water.

The proprietor being an old man and a cripple, and unable to attend to the business, which is daily increasing, and will increase more rapidly at the completion of the Cleveland and Columbus Railroad, which will be the 1st of September, offers the Building and Furniture for Sale at low figures and easy terms. Any one with small capital can have a paying business the day the contract is signed, as possession will be given immediately. All the capital required will be the first payment: the remaining payments can easily be made as they become due from the business already established.

For further particulars inquire of

RICHARD DONCASTER,
Orrville, Ohio,
Or J. B. ROSS, Canal Fulton, Ohio.

Valuable Fire Brick Works

AT PUBLIC SALE.

The Connellsville Fire Brick Works,

Situated at White Rock Junction, on the Pittsburgh, Washington and Baltimore Railroad, one mile south of Connellsville, Fayette county, Pa., together with a 10 Years' Lease of the premises, and Five (5) Acres of Clay Land, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, on

Tuesday, September 2d, A. D. 1873,

At 3 o'clock P. M.

Terms made known on day of sale.

The above property will be sold at private sale.

For terms inquire of SOISSON, SPRIGGS & CO., Connellsville, Pa.; D. R. DAVIDSON, Esq., Pittsburgh, Pa., or A. R. SPRIGGS, Beaver, Pa.

TThs SOISSON, SPRIGGS & CO.

FOR SALE,

Manufacturing Site.

A Two Story Building, 100 by 120, containing a good Engine, 100 feet Shafting, good Foundry and Air Furnace, 7 Blacksmith Fires, &c. Would make a splendid Machine Shop, Planing Mill or Manufactory of any kind. Also adjoining, 260 feet of Ground by 120, situated in Thirty-sixth ward, on Main street. Have Gas, Water and Nicolson Pavement. Coal and Coke handy. Will sell low. Title unexceptionable. Inquire of

WOODS & BROWN,

NO. 123 LIBERTY STREET.

FOR SALE.

BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED

Building Lots

AT

LEETSDALE,

On line of Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railway and within five minutes' walk of station.

Terms easy. Inquire of

J. M. GAZZAM,
Or W. G. WHITE,
Offices, Diamond street, corner Cherry alley.

FOR SALE.

MACHINERY OF

Pittsburgh Novelty Works.

The undersigned offer at Private Sale, on the premises, the Machinery, Shafting, Belting, &c., of the Pittsburgh Novelty Works, together with Engine and Boilers, all in good condition. The engine is 3 foot stroke, 15-inch cylinder and 60 horse power, with two 28-foot boilers, 38 in diameter. Apply to

JACOBUS & NIMICK MANUFACTURING CO.,
Diamond street.

JOHN STEWART..............ROBT. H. PATTERSON

Robt. H. Patterson & Co.,

LIVERY, SALE

AND

COMMISSION STABLES,

Cor. Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Auction Sales Saturday, 10 o'clock A. M.

STEEL MANUFACTURERS

STEEL CASTINGS

UNDER HAINSWORTH'S PATENT.

We are making Steel Castings, Smooth, True, Free from Porosity, capable of receiving Very High Polish. Can be Forged or Welded easily as Bar Steel, and Stronger as Forged Steel. Send for Circular.

PITTSBURGH STEEL CASTING CO.,
Twenty-sixth and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, Thirtieth, Thirty-first and Railroad Streets, Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh Steel Works.

ANDERSON & WOODS,

Successors to Anderson, Cook & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; ALSO, BEST Refined German Plow and Spring Steel

CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Sheffield Steel Works.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.

Manufacturers of All Descriptions of

STEEL.

BEST REFINED TOOL CAST STEEL,
CAST AND GERMAN PLOW AND SPRING STEEL,
CIRCULAR AND LONG SAW PLATES,
ELLIPTIC, PLATFORM AND SEAT SPRINGS,
AXLES AND STEEL TIRE,
Steel Fire Box and Boiler Plates.
STEEL FORGINGS MADE TO ORDER.

83 Water and 100 First ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

CAST STEEL,

OFFICE AND WORKS:

Corner Penn and 17th Streets, Ninth Ward PITTSBURGH.

WM. HOLMES..............................JAMES IRWIN

JAMES IRWIN & CO.

OIL OF VITRIOL, MURIATIC ACID, NITRIC ACID, ENGLISH CAUSTIC SODA, And AQUA AMMONIA.

Office—No. 15 Market Street, Pittsburgh

AUCTION SALES.

A. LEGGATE & CO., ALLEGHENY.

VALUABLE LEASEHOLD

Business Property!

AT AUCTION.

SIX

Business Houses,

Diamond Street, Pittsburgh.

On Monday, August 25,

At 4 o'clock, will be sold on the premises, that Block of New Business Buildings, erected on the south side of Diamond street, above Smithfield street, and directly opposite the site selected for the erection of the New Government Buildings. There are 6 properties, each lot fronting 20 feet on Diamond street, and extending back 110 feet to an alley.

Each building is 20x60 feet, 3 stories high and cellar. There is a separate entrance to the upper stories. The lease extends 23 years from April last. The annual ground rent for the first 2 years is $8 33 a lot; for the next 5 years, $25; for the next 11 years, $100; and for the next 5 years, 6 per cent. on the appraised value of the ground alone.

This sale presents extraordinary attractions to capitalists who desire to have a secure investment, with the certainty of steady increase; and also to the business man who may wish to buy a property and avoid the payment of rent.

The location is well suited for nearly all kinds of business, being in the central and busiest part of the city.

It is also sure to receive a great stimulus by the erection of the new Government Buildings immediately opposite. The ground floors will make good stores or warehouses, and the second and third stories will make capital offices, which will rent well in this vicinity. The many useful and profitable purposes to which these buildings can be applied, will be apparent to those who will exercise good judgment in a careful examination of the premises and neighborhood, presently and prospectively.

The buildings will remain the property of lessees at end of lease.

Terms of Sale.

One third cash, the balance in two yearly payments, with interest.

One house will be sold with the privilege of taking all. Any further information can be procured from

A. LEGGATE & CO., Auctioneers,

159 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

Fourth Annual Sale.

GREAT AUCTION SALE OF

CARRIAGES and HARNESS

Of every description, at McKELVEY'S Carriage Bazaar, No 4 Diamond street, near Liberty, Pittsburgh, Pa.

I have on hand the largest assortment of Carriages that I have ever offered to the public at any previous auction Sale, on WEDNESDAY, August 27, 1873, sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M., precisely. It is my desire to supply the people for less money than they can buy the same article at any other part of the State. I have on hand Coaches, Coupes, 6-Pass. Rockaways, 4 Pass. Barouches, Top Buggies, No-Top Buggies, Jagger Wagons and Buck Wagons, both new and second hand, of every description, and claim to have the largest stock of any house in the city or State. At the same time, one fine Landaulett made by John Curtis, Cincinnati, which took the highest premium at the Great Industrial Fair, in that city; original cost $2,500. It is richly trimmed with brown satin, and is the most exquisite carriage ever exhibited in this city. This will be sold for what it will bring. Particular invitation is given to call at my Bazaar and inspect it before the sale. Also, a large assortment of new and second hand single and double Harness, the finest ever offered at public sale in this city. Parties in need of the above mentioned articles should not fail to attend this sale, as it will be a positive one. No postponement on account of the weather.

☞ Terms, Cash, or 4 months' credit, with approved security, with the usual interest added.

J. A. McKELVEY, Proprietor.

N. WHITING & CO., Auctioneers.

SHERIFF'S SALE

OF

VALUABLE

ROLLING MILL PROPERTY.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, KITTANNING, August 7, 1873.

By virtue of a writ issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Armstrong county, and to me directed, I will expose to Sale on the premises, in the borough of Kittanning, on

Saturday, the 23d day of August, 1873,

All the Right, Title, Interest and Claim of Wm. B. Meredith, Andrew Tirzell and A. P. Neale, partners doing business in the name of MEREDITH, TITZELL & NEALE, of, in and to the Real Estate and Property known as the "Kittanning Rolling Mill," situated in said borough of Kittanning, together with all the rights, privileges and hereditaments thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining thereto.

This is a very desirable and valuable piece of property, lying contiguous to the Allegheny Valley Railroad and connected therewith by convenient switches and sidings, and is bounded on the West by the Allegheny river, and comprises a Rolling and Nail Mill, together with a number of 2 story Brick and Frame Dwelling Houses, belonging thereto: as also the right and privilege of mining and using Coal from the lands adjacent, with complete railways for the transportation of the same.

Taken in execution as the property of the said Meredith, Titzell & Neale, at the suit of the Kittanning Insurance Company.

A. J. MONTGOMERY, Sheriff.

FIFTH AVENUE

AND

WOOD STREET PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

A sale in partition in the estate of Alex. McClurg, deceased.

3 Lots on Fifth avenue, adjoining Dispatch buildings, 20 feet front (each) and 120 feet deep, with the buildings occupied as stores.

2 Lots, 18 feet each, fronting on Virgin alley, 120 feet (immediately in rear of above Lots,) with buildings.

2 Lots, 15 feet each, fronting on Virgin alley, 120 feet deep, in rear of Masonic Hall, with buildings.

3 Lots, 18 feet each front on Wood street, near Fourth avenue, 90 feet deep, with five story buildings, occupied as business houses, with Hall above. Known as Lafayette Hall.

1 Lot, 30 feet front on Fourth avenue, four stories, building occupied as offices.

To Capitalists or Business Men here is one of the best chances that has been offered for a long time to make a good investment that will pay largely on the amount invested, at the same time the property is increasing in value, as all who know the property know it to be among the most valuable in the city.

It will be sold at a reasonable price and on good terms to close up the estate. Apply to

HERRON & BATES,

REAL ESTATE DEALERS,

83 WOOD STREET.

Valuable Farm at Sheriff's Sale

On the 22d Day of August, 1873,

At 2 o'clock P. M., at the front door of the Court House in the city of Steubenville, Ohio, will be offered at public sale the farm known as the Joseph McCune Farm, situate in Warren township, Jefferson county, Ohio, containing

272 Acres of Choice Land.

Said premises will be offered as an entirety, and then in two parcels, one parcel containing One Hundred and Eighty-eight Acres, and the other parcel Eighty-four Acres, and the way the most money is realized the same will be sold. Each parcel makes an excellent farm, and is well improved, each parcel having an excellent Dwelling House and necessary Farm Building, with Orchard, and well watered.

Said premises are situated near Yorkville, and within three-fourths of a mile of the Ohio river, and are well located in reference to road. Persons desiring to purchase an excellent and comfortable homestead, would do well to look at said lands.

I am authorized to say that should purchasers desire to have a portion of the purchase money remain in the land an arrangement of that kind can be made on the day of sale.

Persons desiring further information will call at the Law Office of Messrs. Trainer & McClave, Steubenville, Ohio.

THOMAS H. MONTGOMERY,
Sheriff of Jefferson County, Ohio.

Assignee's Sale.

Personal Estate of G. W. ROCKWELL, in Bankruptcy, of the value of $30,000.

Will be sold on the Premises, in the city of Erie, Pennsylvania,

On Saturday, the 23d day of August, 1873, at 10 O'Clock A. M.

The Lease and all the Furniture of the Ellsworth House, consisting of a Lease of the Main Building for the unexpired term of about two years and nine months, estimated by the bankrupt in his schedule to be worth the sum of $15,000.

Furniture in the Laundry estimated at $100.
In the Engine Room, Boiler, &c., at $700.
In the Storeroom, $200.
In the Washroom, $100.
In the Kitchen, $600.
In the Parlors, $800.
In the Office, $400.
In the Office Hall, $50.
Reading Room and Main Hall, $180.
In the Bedrooms, Sitting Rooms, &c., $15,000.
Steam Pipes and Fitting and miscellaneous, $775.

A lease of rooms back and north of the Ellsworth House, from Baker, Oatheimer & Co., for seventeen months, from September, 1872. Lease from the executors of Charles M. Reed of rooms east of the Ellsworth House.

The above property is very desirable for any one wishing to engage in the business of hotel keeping. The city of Erie is growing in business and importance very rapidly, and this is the principal hotel of the city and has been filled with guests much of the time to overflowing, and cannot fail in competent hands to be a profitable investment.

TERMS OF SALE.

The above property will be offered as a whole, only reserving such portion as the bankrupt may be entitled to under his claim for exemption, but if a favorable bid shall not be obtained, the assignee reserves the right to sell the same in parcels at the time and place aforesaid.

The assignee will also receive proposals from persons who may wish to purchase the whole property at private sale, on a limited credit, but such private sale, if made, will be subject to the approval of the Judge of the District Court, on proof made to said Judge that the same will be for the best interest of the creditors.

T. S. WOODRUFF, ASSIGNEE.

FOR SALE.

Two-Story Brick Planing Mill

And Sash and Door Factory,

40x72, with Sheds, Dry House and Lumber Yard, with all the latest improved machinery, been running 1 year. Situated on the Ohio river, 40 miles below Wheeling. Will be sold at low rates.

For further particulars address

J. F. & CO., Sardis, Monroe county, Ohio.

CITY MATTERS.

Patrons of the Commercial leaving the city for the summer months can have the paper mailed regularly to them by leaving word at the counting room.

Accident to a Passenger Train.

On Tuesday morning, at five o'clock, an accident occurred to a passenger train on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, near Scrubgrass. The train was in charge of M. M. Pratt, conductor. When near the "Burning Well" the engine ran into a landslide, which had just come down upon the track. The engine, tender and one express car was thrown from the track, but no one injured in the least. The accident was entirely unavoidable, and no blame is attached to any one.

Candidacy Declined.

Mr. James S. Devlin, who was nominated by the late Labor Convention as candidate for the Legislature, declines the honor. In a published card he says:

"As the action of the Convention in my regard was wholly and entirely without my knowledge or consent, and further, as I am not an aspirant for public office of any kind, and have no hankering after Harrisburg notoriety, I must respectfully but positively decline the honor intended to be conferred."

A Mysterious Dispatch.

The following dispatch was received at the Mayor's office last evening, but there is no knowledge that the party whose name is attached is an official. It is addressed to the Chief of Police:

COLUMBUS, Ohio, August 20, 1873.

Arrest Scott Bradley, yellow colored man, about five feet nine inches high, twenty-four years old, was in your place last winter. Stole suit of clothes and watch. Left here on No. 7 last night.

JNO. A. KILE.

Off for Europe.

Our friend and esteemed fellow citizen, Dr. T. J. Gallaher, with his family, leaves to-day for an extended European trip. The Doctor intends, after doing all the principal cities, to "settle down" for a time and prosecute his studies. He will take especial interest in the hospitals and take notes of important cases. He expects to be absent for nine or ten months. In common with many friends we wish the Doctor and his family a pleasant sojourn abroad and a safe return.

Arm Broken.

Last evening a man named J. C. Martin, a resident of Monongahela City, had his arm broken by a fall at the stable of Rody Patterson, in Diamond alley. He was somewhat intoxicated, and in attempting to walk down the incline fell over the side to the floor below, a distance of about five feet. Martin suffered the breaking of his right arm near the shoulder. He was carried into the station house, and Dr. McCoy being called, attended to the injury, and subsequently the man was taken to the Mercy Hospital. Martin is about fifty-five years of age.

A Presentation Abroad

"Marked" papers received from Ireland bring the information that a few of the fellow-townsmen and admiring friends of Mr. Joseph Douglas, of Portadown, a young gentleman of about twenty years of age, and nephew of the Rev. John Douglas, D. D., of this city, presented him with a very fine gold watch and a highly complimentary address on the occasion of his removal to London, to fill an important position. The Portadown and Lurgan *News* notices the presentation as follows:

On Friday evening last a few friends of Mr. Joseph Douglas met in the leaders' room of the Wesleyan Chapel, Thomas street—W. J. Paul, Esq., in the chair—for the purpose of presenting him with a token of their regard on the occasion of his removal to London. After the usual preliminaries, Mr. Douglas was presented with a beautiful gold watch, bearing a suitable inscription, and accompanied by an address, which, with his reply, will be found in our advertising columns. It is seldom that a more suitable presentation has been made in Portadown to a more worthy recipient. Mr. Douglas, though still young, evinced talent and caused himself to be heard in the Young Men's Association, and as a speaker there will be missed. He had also been useful as a Sabbath school teacher, and in connection with the total abstinence cause. We sincerely join in the good wishes expressed in the address, and hope he may have every success in his future career.

A Forger Wanted.

Early last evening the following dispatch, addressed to Chief of Police Irwin, was received at the Mayor's office:

NEWARK, N. J., August 20, 1873.

Arrest George B. Astley, a hatter employed by Fleming & Co., No. 139 Wood street. He is charged with forgery. An officer with warrant will leave here this afternoon.

PETER N. ROGERS,
Chief of Police.

The case was put in the hands of officers Herron and Moessner, and a visit to the establishment of Fleming & Co. disclosed the fact that one or two new hands were employed in the shop, but none, so far as known to the clerks, under the name stated in the dispatch. One man was, however, arrested on suspicion, and held in the Mayor's office until a description of the party wanted could be obtained. A dispatch sent to Newark elicited the following reply:

Can't give description. Dewitt C. Tichner employed in the same shop, will put him up for you. If you get him or not, answer."

The prisoner protested that he was not the party wanted, and after considerable search, officer Moessner found Mr. Tichner, who, of course, had quit work. That gentleman, upon seeing the prisoner, declared positively that he was not Astley, or the man who had received a letter to that name. Astley had been at work but a few days and his name had not yet gone to the office. He had not been at work yesterday. The prisoner not being the man wanted, so far as could be ascertained, was of course discharged by the Mayor.

The Smoke Nuisance.

The Philadelphia *Inquirer* predicts that ere long the great cities of the West, which consume such large quantities of bituminous coal, will be entirely relieved from the smoke nuisance. What a pleasant prediction for Pittsburghers, who, as the *Inquirer* justly remarks, are "canopied at all times with a dark pall of smoke." According to the authority quoted: "This evil will be endured for a time, but the period is not far distant when we may expect that smoke will be prohibited in our large cities, and the population be compelled to relieve itself of a foul nuisance by burning the smoke. There is no difficulty about this, except it involves some changes in the construction of chimneys and flues." Reference is then had to the experiments made in London for consuming smoke, and while it is admitted that the Londoners "have not carried out this reform to its full extent," yet "all that is necessary is some cheap method of applying this improvement to dwelling houses, and we will have it as a matter of preference, if the economy of the arrangement is shown, and perhaps as a matter of law, if the burners of bituminous coal in our great towns should object."

The great trouble is, the "cheap method" of consuming smoke has not yet been devised, and until Yankee ingenuity overcomes this obstacle, the smoke of Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis and other Western cities, will continue to increase in volume, while Pittsburgh will remain pre-eminently the "Smoky City."

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

U. S. District Court—Judge McCandless.

In this Court yesterday an injunction was issued against Ada Bonner, execution creditor of Frank Link, Erie county, recently discharged from bankruptcy.

In the matter of the Second National Bank of Titusville, Pa., against Doly McMullen, alleged bankruptcy, an injunction was granted against Celia McMullen, execution creditor.

A. W. Kredel & Co., of Allegheny, filed a petition asking that Catharine Osser, of Sharpsburg, be adjudged a bankrupt. A hearing on the motion for the injunction was fixed for the 30th inst.

A trial by jury was ordered in the case of the First National Bank of Brownsville vs. J. Sharp McDonald.

A hearing on the motion for an injunction in the matter of W. Seward B. Hays vs. D. A. and J. S McDonald, of Sewickley, was fixed for the 1st of September. In the meantime a restraining writ was allowed.

Wm. Heller, of New York, filed a petition asking that Joseph Liebier, of Pittsburgh, be adjudicated a bankrupt. The usual order was made. A motion for an injunction was also made, and the hearing fixed for the 30th inst. A restraining order was issued against certain execution creditors.

An injunction was issued against the Citizens Bank of Titusville, Pa., et al., creditors of Nelson L. Willard, of Crawford county, bankrupt.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House—The New Company and the Stellar Attractions.

This temple of the drama will open its regular fall and winter season for 1873-74 on Monday evening, September 8th, with Mr. W. J. Florence as the star attraction. The list of stars for the season is as follows: Laurence Barrett, Frank Mayo and Miss Rosa Rand, Charlotte Thompson, John McCullough, the California tragedian; Dominick Murray, Mrs. D. P. Bowers and J. C. McCollom; John Thompson, Elise Holt, Oliver Doud Byron, Lucille Western, C. W. Couldock, Lydia Thompson and her new company; Daly's Fifth avenue combination; Hernandez Foster, Carlotta Le Clerq, Mrs. James Oates and her comic opera company; John J. Jack and Miss Annie Firman; Thomas G. Riggs, Stoddard, the comedian, and the full company from Wallack's theater, New York; Mrs. F. S. Chanfrau, Maggie Mitchell, E. T. Stetson, Miss Clara Morris, from Daly's Fifth avenue theater, New York; Miss Nielson, Edwin Booth, Baker and Farron, the Dutch comedians, &c., &c.

The stock company will embrace many of the old favorites, and also several new faces, consisting of the following ladies and gentlemen: Miss Emma Wilmot, leading lady; Miss Laura Adams, Miss Katy Baker, Mary Rickords, Mrs. Sarah A. Baker, Miss Willa Brong, Mrs. J. E. Irving, Miss Fanny Watson, Miss Alice Baker, Miss E. Bartley, Miss Janette Howison, Miss Ellen Faucit, and others; Messrs. J. N. Gotthold, Edward Price, J. H. Huntley, H. J. Holmes, W. H. Collings, James E. Nelson, J. E. Irving, W. H. Crompton, L. R. Stockwell, W. H. Lang, Frank Altemus, C. Fisher and John E. Ellsler.

Louis Zitterbart, leader of orchestra; Arthur Palmer, scenic artist; Charles Crosby, master machinist; E. K. Marshall, property maker; John Gallagher, gas superintendent; Harry Ellsler, Treasurer.

The Opera House has been handsomely frescoed by the well known Pittsburgh artists, Messrs. J. C. Michel & Son; new gas fixtures and ornamentations introduced, the private boxes have been handsomely painted and gilded, while the stage has been beautified with new scenery, &c., by Mr. Arthur Palmer. In short, the house looks better now than it did when first opened. Notice will be given in a few days of the opening pieces, in which Mr. W. J. Florence will appear.

On Saturday evening the Wallace sisters and their company will appear in the always favorite burlesque of "Aladdin, the Wonderful Scamp."

CRUDE OIL.

A Steady Advance in Prices.

The crude oil market, which had become very much depressed in consequence of heavy strikes in the Butler district, is gradually recovering its spirit and the prospects are very much improved. One week ago (Wednesday, 13th), the sales at Parker's were at $1 10 and $1 12, and subsequently sales were made as low as $1 00 and $1 02½. Yesterday, however, fourteen thousand barrels sold at Parker's at $1 25, $1 27½ and $1 30. In the Butler region the sales ranged from $1 20 to $1 27½. The market closed firm, with prices still advancing. Producers are feeling better, and entertain the hope that prices may continue to improve until they reach a paying point.

AMATEUR OARSMEN.

Arrangements for the National Regatta.

A meeting of the Regatta Committee, representing the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen, was held at the Metropolitan Hotel, New York, on Saturday evening last, at which the following arrangements for the national regatta were determined upon: That the regatta shall take place at Philadelphia, on the Schuylkill course, on Tuesday, October 7, 1873. That the races will be for single sculls, pair oars and four oars, and the prizes will be individual presentation medal, and a stand of colors for the four oared championship, as well as the regular challenge association prizes of silver plate. That in the pair oar race, contestants may enter pair sculls in lieu of oars, at option. That a call will be issued for a second convention, to be held in Philadelphia October 6 (the evening prior to the regatta), for the purpose of a permanent organization of a National Rowing Association and the adoption of such standard rules on races and qualifications as may be deemed expedient.

Entries will close September 22, and will be made to the Secretary of the Regatta Committee, National Rowing Association, No. 122 Waverly place, New York City.

THE MAYOR'S ACCOUNTS.

Another Session of the Auditing Committee.

Official Bonds of the Mayor and Clerk Patterson.

Examination of Deputy Controller Snodgrass, Detective J. S. Cupples, and Others.

The Committee of Councils appointed to audit the accounts of Mayor Blackmore met yesterday forenoon and resumed their investigation—Messrs. Riddell and Finley being present.

TESTIMONY OF R. M. SNODGRASS.

R. M. Snodgrass, Deputy Controller, sworn—Am Deputy Controller; the City Controller is absent; the Controller has custody of the bonds given by city officials. [Clerk Patterson's bond exhibited.] This is the bond of ex-Clerk Patterson, for $5,000; the sureties are Jared M. Brush and James Patterson, Sr. [Another bond exhibited.] This is a former official bond of Mayor Blackmore; it is dated January 29, 1872; Jared M. Brush and James Patterson, Sr., are sureties; [a third bond produced]; this is the new bond filed by the Mayor; it is dated 1st of February, 1873, and is for $10,000; C. L. Graff, Jared M. Brush, Thomas J. Blackmore are the securities; when Mr. Patterson was about to leave the Mayor's office the first time he said he was anxious to have the bond lifted, because his father was one of the sureties; a new bond was then presented by Mr. Patterson for the Mayor, and it was approved by the Finance Committee; it was not understood, so far as the city was concerned, that the old sureties were discharged by the filing of the new bond. The Controller examines the Mayor's books; that is made his duty by law; the Controller will return home on Saturday or Monday, I believe; the examination of the books was made by the Controller personally; it is not a part of my duty; to my knowledge there have been no deductions made from the pay of members of the police force on account of absence; the Captain of the watch swears to the pay roll of the police before the Controller; I have several times administered the oath; know there is a section of an ordinance prohibiting the paying of the police during their absence; we are guided entirely by the affidavit of the Captain; he swears that the account set forth is true in every particular, and that the persons named are justly entitled to the sums set opposite their names; the affidavit makes no mention of the time of the officers; have never asked any questions relative to the matter.

THE PAY OF POLICEMEN WHILE ABSENT.

Detective J. S. Cupples, sworn—Have been on the force during Mayor Blackmore's term.

Mr. Riddell—Do you know of policemen being absent from duty?

Mr. Cupples—Know of policemen being absent from the city; have been absent myself; know of others; most all of the front office force have been absent on business for the city and for citizens; have been away on business not connected with the office; I was absent on the Washington county murder—the Allingham murder case—sent by the Mayor; was absent at Altoona and Hollidaysburg, taking Myers, who set fire to house in Altoona; I was also attending Court when he was tried; was not employed by private parties; I got the case at the jail; the man made a confession to me; I stated the confession to the Mayor and Chief of Police, and telegraphed to the Altoona authorities; there was a reward of five hundred dollars offered in the case; here is a copy of the ordinance; I have never received a cent of the reward, but am out of pocket about thirty dollars; demanded the reward, but Councils have never taken any action; the man was convicted and is now in the Penitentiary. Never make any return of my time to the Captain of the Watch.

OCHSE AND HIS GOLD.

J. B. Williams sworn—At the time of the arrest of the German Ochse, I was in the employ of the Guardians of the Poor. The first I heard of the man was from Mr. Fortune; he told me to go up to jail to see Ochse, and to get such assistance from the Mayor as would enable me to convey him to Dixmont; the Mayor detailed detectives Wilmot and Messner; he was conveyed there in the "Black Maria;" I handed him over to Dr. Reed, Superintendent of the institution; on the 27th of May, two weeks after, Mr. Fortune received a note from Dr. Reed, the purport of which was that "if this man Ochse was removed, and the money which he claimed to be lost, be restored, he would be all right to go on his way." An order for his removal was issued. On Decoration day I was directed by Mr. Fortune to take the letter of Dr. Reed and proceed to Dixmont, release Ochse, and hand him over to the Mayor. I went down and Dr. Reed gave the man into my charge. Ochse asked me in presence of Dr. Reed, what I was going to do with him. Dr. Reed replied that I was going to take him to the city and get him his money, or something to that effect; Ochse came with me very peaceably until reaching Allegheny; he stopped and got a crowd around me; he asserted that he had been robbed of five hundred dollars and that I was one of the parties; I had to get force to remove him to the lockup again;" the next morning Messner and myself took him to the Mayor's office; Mr. Patterson went to the safe, got his belt, pocketbook and memorandum book, and proceeded to empty the gold from the belt on the desk; Patterson told the Mayor on proceeding to count that he had paid ten dollars to the woman; he asked me what the bill of the Guardians of the Poor was; told him twenty-seven dollars and a half, and nine dollars and a half for conveying him from Dixmont to the lock-up in Pittsburgh; Patterson counted out to him French and German money, and some fifty or sixty dollars in American gold; after deducting these bills Patterson said there remained the equivalent of $309 in American money in gold; the man put his hand to his head and said:

"DAT IS NOT RICHT, I HAD $500."

The money was handed over to him just as it was with pocket book and memorandum book; Patterson said that was all that ever came into his hands; he pointed to the safe, and said that the money had been kept there all the time and had never been opened; did not hear Patterson ask the German before the belt was opened how much money was in it; did not hear any such a question; Messner asked Ochse after the money had been counted; Ochse stuck to it that he had $500; that is my recollection.

TESTIMONY OF EX-OFFICERS.

Bernard M'Ginty, sworn—Was subpœnaed to appear before this Committee on Tuesday morning; I was subpœnaed by Mr. Jeremy about five o'clock last evening; told him I had been subpœnaed for this Committee; he told me he wanted me to appear before his Committee too; Mr. Jeremy served it upon me personally; was examined last evening; [The testimony as reported was read to the witness, and he stated that it was substantially correct. He stated that he had testified positively that there was $502 in gold in the belt.] There being no further questions to ask witness, he was allowed to retire.

M. S. Green, sworn—Reside on Center avenue; was a member of the police force for about a year; quit about the 30th of May last; was suspended for ten days, and then I quit; I recollect that my lieutenant said to me one day that if I didn't get a case that month the Mayor would not know I was on the force; I told him I kept my beat quiet.

A THOROUGH EXAMINATION TO BE MADE.

Mr. Riddell stated that the Committee had determined to employ a competent accountant to examine the books of the Mayor so as to ascertain the exact amount of the revenues. He thought that it was due to the Mayor that such an examination should be made. An accountant could be secured for about one hundred dollars.

At this point the Committee adjourned to meet at the call of the Chair.

THE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

Report of the Board of Trustees.

We are indebted to Dr. James Calder, President of the Agricultural College of Pennsylvania, for a copy of the report of the Board of Trustees of that institution, for the year 1872. We append the following extracts:

It is believed that the exigencies of the case call for a more detailed statement of the affairs of the College, of its prospects and its relation to the State, than has recently been given, especially in view of the necessity for legislative action. The real estate of the corporation consists of the College farm in Centre county, containing 300 acres; the Central Experimental farm of 100 acres, adjoining the above, and the Experimental farms in Chester and Indiana counties, containing respectively about 100 and 120 acres. These have appropriate residences, barns and other farm buildings erected upon them; and on the College farm is located the College building, the President's house, and one for the Vice President. With the exception of 200 acres presented by the late General James Irwin, these lands were purchased at a cost of $35,886, and the buildings cost upwards of $250,000, making a total, $285,886. In their present condition it is believed that for the purposes of education they are worth $500,000, they having been built previously to the war and at the lowest cash rates.

The farm stock, apparatus, furniture, &c., belonging [illegible] corporation, is valued at $32,000, and the [illegible] existing in the form of a bond of the [illegible]vania is $500,000, upon which interest is paid [illegible]-annually, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.

The faculty of the College consists of the President, seven Professors and two instructors. The students in attendance during the year, closing at this time, have numbered one hundred and fifty, the largest number present in any year since the opening of the College.

Receiving their impression chiefly from the name of the institution, many persons fail to perceive its comprehensive purpose and real character. Because it is called the "Agricultural College" it is supposed by some that it is designed for the education of the children of farmers, and for only those of farmers' children who purpose to follow the pursuits of their parents. This is a great error. Farmers' children, and all who would become farmers, are received and instructed. But other branches beside agriculture are taught. In strict accordance with the act of Congress, under which the greater part of our endowment was received, while giving instruction in agriculture, attention is also paid to the mechanic arts, classical and scientific studies, and military tactics. Three full courses are open to students, the agricultural, scientific and classical, leading those who successfully pursue them to the reception of appropriate degrees.

Thus it will be seen that the purpose of the college is a broad one; and that we have property, instructors, endowment and a curriculum, which should enable us to do a good work for the youth of the land, not for one class only, but for the multitudes who desire to be so educated as to become fitted for general usefulness.

We admit that the purpose of the institution has this breadth; and we claim that as a Board we have kept it steadily in view. It has been our desire, to the full extent of the means afforded us, to make the school a place in which any earnest youth in the land could cheaply, safely and certainly receive a thoroughly practical education. Such youth have been thus educated here; and although the college is still young, her graduates are already found in honorable positions in active life.

The effort here entered upon to found and sustain an unsectarian school, one which while favoring no denomination would respect and serve them all, has been unfalteringly maintained; and with results which are gratifying beyond expectation.

[The Trustees then speak of the indebtedness resting upon the College ($34,702), and appeal to the State for counsel and aid. After citing what other States have done for similar institutions, the report concludes:]

The question is now distinctly presented to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, what is best to be done? We profess to be and are a great agricultural State. Shall we do less for that interest than our sister States have done? Shall we decline to manifest a determined spirit that our Agricultural College shall not fail? It is for the Legislature of this great State to say that it shall not fail, and it will not.

Wooden Pavements.

In St. Louis wooden pavements are voted a complete failure. The Mayor of that city embodied in a communication the results of civic experience during twelve years' trial of this kind of pavement. He says the fact is clearly shown that wooden pavements are not suited to streets used by heavy traffic, and it is expensive under any circumstances. He says that the average wear of such a pavement is six years, and the cost of repairing is one dollar and a half per lineal foot. Upon this, a Philadelphia paper remarks "that the average life of wooden pavements in this city depends upon the position in which it is placed. Upon North Broad street it may last five years; upon Chestnut street, between Fourth and Fifth, it is only good for two and a half years. Wherever it is laid down it is expensive and comparatively worthless, and it is folly to waste money upon it."

Pittsburgh has not yet reached that point of experience when the cost of repairs is made manifest, but it fast approaching that interesting period. The City Councils have a committee at work, investigating the whole subject of wooden pavements, and from facts already in their possession, and intimations thrown out by them, it is more than probable that they will condemn the wooden blocks.

A Libel Suit.

Mr. S. S. Norris, who for a time was connected with the business department of the Pittsburgh *Advance*, a weekly paper, has prosecuted the editors and publishers of the same for libel, before Alderman McMasters. The defendants are Rev. M. W. Dallas, W. N. Vandevoort and John Deloe. The information sets forth that the accused printed, published and circulated a false, malicious and scandalous article in the Pittsburgh *Advance*, of which the defendants are the owners, said libel consisting in the offering of a reward of $50 for the arrest and conviction of S. S. Norris, alias S. S. Suter, who, it was charged, was guilty of embezzlement and assault and battery with intent to kill. It is further alleged that the defendants call the prosecutor a scoundrel, and that they suggest that he may be the man who swindled an Eastern weekly newspaper. The accused have given bail.

THE MT. PLEASANT AND BROAD-FORD RAILROAD.

Further Litigation—Cross-Bill and Answer—The Mt. Pleasant and Broadford vs. The Connellsville Company.

The suit arising out of the action of the Mt. Pleasant and Broadford Railroad Company, in determining the lease to the Connellsville Railroad Company, and taking possession of the road, bids fair to be a lengthy one. After the action above stated, the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Company filed a bill in equity against the Mt. Pleasant and Broadford Company, and on the 17th of May last the Supreme Court granted a preliminary injunction "forbidding it, its agents and employees to exercise any of its corporate privileges, or use its own railroad, until the further order of the Court."

The next step taken was a rule on the defendants (the Mt. Pleasant and Broadford Company) to plead, answer or demur in thirty days. The defendants, in response to this rule, yesterday, through their counsel, Messrs. Burgwin and Marshall, filed an answer and cross-bill, and took a rule on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Company to plead, answer or demur in thirty days.

The cross-bill is quite a lengthy document, the material facts and allegations being—

1st. That the bill of complaint of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company, upon which the preliminary injunction was granted, suggested that they (the complainants) were in the actual and lawful possession and management of the Mt. Pleasant and Broadford Road, under a lease from the company; and that the answer to said bill was filed on the 15th of August, 1873.

2d. The Mt. Pleasant and Broadford Company, admitting that they did execute a lease of their road to the Connellsville company, further represent that their road was built mainly through subscriptions of the owners of coal property along the route, and was designed to furnish an outlet for coal and coke; that aside from the punctual payment of the rent, the main inducement for making the lease, as was well understood by the lessee company, was that the road should be put and kept in good repair, and that adequate motive power and rolling stock should be furnished for the use of the road, and be renewed and increased from time to time, as the increase in trade might render it necessary.

3d. Sometime in March, 1871, the lessee took possession of the road, the entire track being then laid but not ballasted, began to operate it, and took in charge its further completion. About June 1st, 1871, the road was fully completed and in operation by the lessee from Broad Ford to Mt. Pleasant.

4th. From that time till the 28th of March, 1873, when the Mt. Pleasant and Broad Ford Company resumed possession of the road, the lessee company wholly failed to comply with any one of the three covenants upon their part, which were the main inducement and consideration for the making of said lease; that is to say.

5th. The said lessee company did not furnish the said road with an adequate amount of motive power and rolling stock, and did not renew and increase the same from time to time, as increase in trade rendered necessary. On the contrary, the supply, both of motive power and rolling stock, was notoriously, continuously and shamefully deficient, in spite of the frequent and importunate remonstrances of the officers of the lessor company and of the manufacturers doing business on the road.

6th. The lessee company did not keep the said road in good repair, order and condition, according to their contract in said lease. On the contrary, the said road was grossly neglected by them, and permitted to get and continue in very bad repair and in a ruinous and dangerous condition; and was in such condition when we resumed possession as aforesaid. From one end of it to the other there was scarcely a hundred yards in good order. In consequence whereof the road was unable to do the business it would otherwise have done, and thereby the receipts of the road were greatly diminished, to the loss and injury of the lessor company.

7th. The lessee company did not account for and pay to the lessor company, semi-annually, during said term, up to the time possession of the road was resumed as aforesaid, the rent or per centage on gross earnings and capital stock, according to the covenant and guarantee in that regard, as contained in said lease.

8th. Refers to a copy of the account, and points out wherein it is insufficient, incorrect and unfair.

9th. That not only has the lessee never furnished a full and correct exhibit of the accounts between the two companies, including the gross earnings of the road, notwithstanding frequent urgent demands for a settlement, but that their books and accounts have been kept with such carelessness and gross negligence that it is out of their power to render such an account.

10th. Under these circumstances, the Board of Directors, by unanimous vote, declared the lease and term forfeited and determined, and the President of the company was directed to take possession of the road, according to the provisions to that effect as contained in the lease.

11th. In pursuance of such action of the Board, the President did, on the 28th of March, take quiet and peaceable possession of the entire railroad from Mt. Pleasant to Broad Ford, without objection or remonstrance from the lessee company or any of their officers or employees, using only sufficient force to take up the connections with the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

12th. With the exception of a futile attempt by the employees of the lessee company, after the said bill was filed, viz., on the 30th day of April, 1873, to replace the connections between the two roads, which had been taken up as aforesaid, the company continued in the quiet, peaceable and exclusive possession of the entire road until the time the writ of injunction from this Court was served upon the officers of the company.

13th. That the original bill filed in this case, and the relief prayed for, were founded on the false suggestion that the complainants in that bill were in actual possession of the Mt. Pleasant and Broad Ford Railroad under the lease, and that the lessor company was attempting at the time of filing said bill to wrest from them the possession thereof by fraud and violence, and was interfering by threats and menaces with the use and management of said road by complainants, whereas the direct contrary of this was the true state of the case. The Connellsville Company was endeavoring to recover possession from the defendants. Therefore the effect of the injunction granted was not to restrain any act of interference on the part of defendants, but dispossess them of the road.

14th. In obedience to the order, possession of the entire road was surrendered to the lessor company.

The complainants in this cross-bill therefore pray for the dismissal of the original bill; the reinstatement of the complainants in the possession of the road; the cancellation of the lease, and the enjoining of the Connellsville Company from setting up or attempting to force any rights thereunder.

The counsel on the other side have thirty days in which to plead, answer or demur.

EXTENSIVE FIRE.

Explosion of Oil Stills—The Commercial and Petrolite Refineries Partially Destroyed—A Man Burned and Buried in the Ruins—Narrow Escape of Four Others.

Shortly before ten o'clock yesterday morning a fire broke out on Thirty-second street, in the Twelfth ward, which caused considerable destruction and resulted in the death of one man and the serious injury of four others. On the street named, between the tracks of the Allegheny Valley Railroad and the river, are located the Commercial and the Petrolite Oil Works, the former on the east and the latter on the west side, while north of both, occupying both sides of the street, is the extensive rolling mills of Messrs. Reese, Graff & Woods. The Commercial refinery is run by the Central Refinery Company, while the Petrolite is owned by Messrs. Wormser, Meyers & Co.

The fire was caused by the bursting of two of the stills of the Commercial works, which fronted Thirty-second street direct. The explosion caused a loud report, and soon a great crowd was collected, while the burning oil, which was contained in the stills, threw out a mass of flame and smoke. With the bursting of the stills, the burning oil was thrown with great force upon the Petrolite works, opposite, and, unfortunately, the cooper shop of the latter being immediately in front was soon enveloped in flames. In this building five men were at work in the basement, Vincent Wider, William Thompson, Hugh Gallagher, Patrick Emgee and Augustus Johnston. The oil in the bleaching pan was set on fire and there appeared to be no hope of escape for the unfortunate coopers. Three of them rushed out through the flames, while two others by bursting through the floor above attempted to escape. Only one of these succeeded and the other was lost. The three managed to escape through the flames, but were all more or less burned, two of them badly about the arms neck and head. Mr. Vincent Wider, who was lost, is supposed after attempting to get up through the floor and not succeeding, to have returned and tried to follow through the flames below, but being suffocated was soon covered by a falling wall.

The destruction at the Commercial Works consisted only in the burning of the oil contained in the stills and the shed covering them. At the Petrolite works there was a much heavier loss, however. The cooper shop as well as the entire works, except two large tanks and their contents were destroyed. By almost superhuman exertions and amid the greatest danger and heat, the firemen under the direction of Chief and Assistant Engineers White and Hamill, succeeded by the constant application of water, in saving the tanks mentioned. One of these tanks contained oil and the other benzine. In saving these and preventing the fearful disaster that must have ensued had they caught fire, the firemen are entitled to great praise.

The loss to the Commercial works will amount to several thousand dollars, while to Messrs. Wormser, Meyers & Co., T. A. Davis, Esq., a member of the firm states it will be from $8,000 to $10,000. There is no insurance.

One car of the Valley Road, and its load of filled barrels were destroyed while the rails were warped, and the road was otherwise damaged. The escape of the extensive iron works of Messrs. Reese, Graff and Woods was almost miraculous.

The body of Mr. Wider had not been recovered up till last evening. The pump was kept at work all afternoon drawing the water from the cellar. He resided in Allegheny, and his wife, who was recently confined, is unable to leave her bed.

The Wooden Pavement.

The Sub Street Committee appointed to investigate the subject of wooden pavements, their durability, &c., have returned from their trip through the principal cities of the East. The committee was accompanied by City Engineer Dempster, and Street Commissioners Linderman and Hunter. After a visit to Philadelphia the committee divided and took different routes. They visited Washington, New York, Baltimore, Newark and Elizabeth, New Jersey, and other cities. A report may be looked for at an early meeting of the Street Committee.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

JUDGE STOWE has taken a trip to Chicago.

SOME very good horses are entered for the races at Friendship Park to take place next week.

THERE were thirty-four cases before the Mayor yesterday, but none were sent to the workhouse.

JAMES KANE is charged with assault and battery before Alderman D. L. Smith, of Allegheny, on oath of Annie Shields.

HEALTH OFFICER GRAY has entered prosecution before the Mayor, against W. O. Donnell, for throwing garbage into Sukes' run.

THE Harry Oliver Hook and Ladder truck collided with a wagon on Penn avenue yesterday, and the latter vehicle was of course damaged.

BENJAMIN BARKER has been committed to jail by Alderman McMaster to answer a charge of assault and battery on oath of John H. Moore.

THE break in the water main, at Soho has been repaired, and the citizens of Oakland and the East End are now receiving their usual supply.

COMPLAINT has been made before Mayor Callow that there is danger of fire from the sparks constantly issuing from a cooper shop on Long alley.

JAMES CASEY, not the builder of the same name, will have a hearing to-day before Alderman Koenig on a charge of blackmailing, preferred by Thomas Murray.

SAMUEL FLOWERS has been committed to jail by Justice Stephens, of Elizabeth, for trial on a charge of the larceny of clothing from the house of Frederick Gudekin.

THE Welsh people of the city are organizing a choir to compete at Niles, Trumbull county, Ohio, on Christmas next, for a prize of one hundred dollars and a gold medal.

DR. GEORGE W. YOUNG, well known as a former resident of Pittsburgh, is with the Philadelphias, who arrived yesterday from Chicago, to play the Enterprise base ball club.

PETER DOYLE, whom we have already reported as being charged with the larceny of a watch, on oath of John Mason, was yesterday committed to jail for trial, by Mayor Blackmore, in default of bail.

THE match game of base ball between the Philadelphias and the Enterprise club, will take place this afternoon at Union Park, Allegheny. To-morrow, at the same place, the Philadelphias will play the Iron City club.

THE Eagle hose carriage collided with a buggy on Penn avenue, between Thirtieth and Thirty-first streets, yesterday, and a lady and gentleman were thrown out of the latter vehicle. Fortunately they were not badly injured.

THE employees at Hodgins coal bank resumed work on Tuesday at four cents for lump coal and two cents for nut, over an inch and a half screen, seventy-six pounds to the bushel. It is anticipated that Blackmore's and the Iron City banks will follow suit.

A RUNAWAY occurred on Federal street, Allegheny, between three and four o'clock yesterday afternoon. It was of a horse attached to a wagon. It first collided with a street car, and then ran over a woman and child. The latter were not much injured, fortunately. Finally the animal brought up against a wagon in front of Barbour & Peets' grocery store and was there captured.

MAJ. WILLIAM H. MECHLING, received yesterday by express, a handsome present from Governor McCook, of Colorado Territory, consisting of a pair of prairie wolves. These interesting animals, notwithstanding their long journey across the continent arrived in good condition, and are as lively as crickets and as playful as kittens. The Major is delighted with his new pets, and will devote his attention to taming and domesticating them, at his beautiful home in the country.

HEADQUARTERS

For School Books, Blank Books, Writing Papers and All Kinds of Stationery.

One of the oldest and best known book and stationery houses in the city is that of Messrs. J. R. Weldin & Co., of No. 101 Wood street. The firm make a specialty in the matter of school books and stationery of all kinds; and nowhere in the city can a more extensive or inviting stock of goods be found. The handsome first floor room, the retail department, is filled to overflowing with an immense stock from which to select. The better class of miscellaneous books are always to be had there, while every school book used in this section of the country can always be obtained. In the way of pocket books, wallets and such like, a most superb assortment is always on hand. Of envelopes and writing papers, from the legal to the tiny note, no finer or more extensive assortment can be found, including initial and fancy paper and envelopes of all kinds. The assortment of toy books is immense, and contains everything from the penny Robin Hood to the most costly books for boys and girls. Copying presses, blank books of all styles, sizes and qualities, gold and steel pens and holders, and everything used in the counting house or library can be had in any quantity.

The upper stories are filled with these goods, and here the wholesale customer may leisurely select his stock. To give an idea of the immense stock always held by the firm, we may state that they have now on hand over one million envelopes of the various styles, sizes and qualities, while as many more are now on the way from the manufactories. Papers of all kinds are of course kept in equal quantities. Stacks of school books line the floors and shelves, while the rooms also contain immense quantities of all the other goods kept by the house. In addition to the articles already enumerated we may mention ink stands, plain and fancy, in great variety, playing cards, waste baskets, files, blotting and printing papers, slates, copy books, &c., &c.

Especial attention is called to the Iron City and the 303 brand of note papers, which are very fine. Messrs. Weldin & Co. invite wholesale and retail buyers, to whom inducements equal to any Eastern houses will be given.

OBITUARY.

Death of James McGunnegle, County Commissioner.

The community will be pained to learn of the sudden decease of Mr. James McGunnegle, a member of the Board of Commissioners for Allegheny county. The deceased had been in good health until Wednesday of last week, when he was taken ill with inflammation of the stomach. The symptoms were somewhat alarming, for a few days, but the disease gradually yielded to the medical treatment, and on Tuesday morning he was reported as in a favorable condition. Towards evening, however, congestion of the brain set in, which terminated in death at half-past ten o'clock the same night.

Mr. McGunnegle was generally known throughout the county, and his sociability and generosity gained him many warm personal friends. He was at one time employed as clerk on the Monongahela river packets, and his courtesy and affability made him a great favorite with travelers. He next turned his attention to market gardening, on his homestead at the mouth of Chartiers creek, and continued this business successfully until a few years ago. In 1871 he became a candidate for County Commissioner, and after a very warm contest was defeated for the nomination by Mr. Joseph Dilworth, who led him ten votes in the Convention. A few weeks later it became necessary to recall the Convention, in order to nominate a candidate to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. McGee, and Mr. McGunnegle was unanimously chosen. He was subsequently elected and served one year, and in the fall of 1872 was re-elected for the full term of three years. He was in his fifty-first year, and leaves a wife and family to mourn his loss. His funeral will take place Friday afternoon, at two o'clock.

The Carson Street Improvement.

The commissioners for the improvement of Carson street, South side, from the Monongahela bridge to Temperanceville, held a meeting yesterday afternoon at the office of Graff, Bennett & Co., Water street, for the purpose of choosing the pavement and awarding the contract for the work. After some discussion and several ballots it was decided to put down the cobblestone pavement, and the contract was awarded to Messrs. Wittengall & Gormly at $1 20 per yard.

A WONDERFUL CLOCK.

The Ingenuity of a Poor German Pennsylvania Miner—A Clock that is a Marvel of Mechanism—A Full Description—The Constructor and His Purpose.

[Shamokin Correspondence Philadelphia Press.]

Karl Ketter, a poor German miner of the Excelsior Colliery, which is situated within a few miles of this borough, has exhibited a clock here, during the past week, of a most remarkable character. He had been three years constructing it—the first two years at intervals of time, and the last year he worked at it day and night, scarcely taking time enough to sleep and eat. He became almost a monomaniac on the subject. The clock was in his mind during his waking hours, and in his dreams at night. He occupied alone a small wooden shanty, where he worked, slept and cooked his food. Whatever sleeping and cooking he did, however, was but little. It is thought he would have nearly starved but for the kindly interest which his neighbors took in him and his clock. They took him food and encouraged him in his labors.

The clock, which was made with no other tools than two common jackknives, is eight feet high and four feet broad. Its frame is of the Gothic style of architecture. It has sixteen sides and is surmounted by a globe, on top of which is attached a small golden cross. On the front of the clock there are four dial plates; one shows the day of the week, another shows the day of the month, another shows the minutes and fractions of a minute, and the other the hour of the day. These dials are carved in a most unique manner, having emblematic figures upon them and around them of almost every imaginable description. Above the dial plates is a semi-circular gallery, extending around about half the width of the framework of the clock. Immediately in front, in the centre of this semi-circular gallery, is the carved wooden figure of our Saviour. At the ends of the gallery, on either side, there is a small door, opening into the body of the clock. Over the door, on the right hand side of the clock, as you stand facing it, is an eagle. Over the door, on the left hand side, is a chicken cock. Twice a day, that is, at 12.05 in the day and at 12.05 at night, a sweet chime of bells begin to play, the small door on the right hand opens, and the small wooden figures, admirably carved, of the twelve Apostles, appear and walk out slowly and gravely in procession, Peter in the lead. Advancing along the gallery until they get opposite the figure of Jesus, each in turn, except Judas, slowly turns around and bows his head to the Master, then recovers his former position; as Peter does this the cock crows. They continue to advance to the other side of the gallery and enter the small door on the left. As Judas (who is in the rear), with his right hand shielding his face, and his left hand clasping the bag which is supposed to contain the thirty pieces of silver, comes in full view of the cock, the cock crows again. By a simple arrangement this procession can be made to come out and pass around the gallery at any time desired. On pedestals, at the extreme corners of the front of the clock, are carved wooden statues of Moses and Elias. In the rear are two obelisks of the Egyptian style, upon which are carved hieroglyphic characters to represent the ancient period of the world's history. The clock will run thirty-two hours without winding. Mr. Ketter, who is a native of Frieburg, in Baden, is very proud of his workmanship. He can scarcely bear to be away from it long enough to eat his meals. He has been offered ten thousand dollars for it by a party from New York, but he refused it.

Mr. Ketter says he had often heard of the celebrated clock in Strasburg, Germany, but he never saw it, and he has no knowledge how it was constructed, neither has he ever had any instruction in mechanics of any kind.

His purpose is to exhibit it for a few months in this country, and then take it with him to Germany.

A Saloonless City.

[Correspondence of the Baltimore American.]

The people of Trieste seem to live more at home than those of Vienna. There is scarcely a restaurant in the whole city where a good meal can be had. Indeed, they are so few that it is difficult to find any of them of any description. Beer houses are also very scarce, and it is evident that beer drinking is not much in vogue. There is good demand for coffee, lemonade and ices, the saloons being very abundant, but there is little drinking done here with the exception of wines. It seems America alone is almost the only country where intoxicating liquors are drank as a beverage, and where so large a proportion of the people think it manly to make beasts of themselves. There are some dirty shops where the lazzaroni obtain an intoxicating beverage somewhat resembling our whisky, but there is no place in Trieste where even a glass of brandy can be had, and of course there are no first-class drinking saloons. If there was any demand for such drinks there would be plenty of them, and as there is none, it may be taken for granted there is no demand.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

Upper Mississippi Pilots on a Strike.

ST. LOUIS, August 20.—There is a strike among the pilots on the upper river. The wages of St. Louis and St. Paul pilots have been $150 per month, and of those running to Keokuk $125 per month. The company wish to reduce the salary of the St. Paul pilots to $125, while the Keokuk pilots insist upon the uniform rate of $150 per month.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, August 20.—River nine feet and tending to rise.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, KY., August 20.—River rising with four feet one inch in the canal and two feet one inch in the chute. Weather clear and pleasant. Business dull. The Mary Miller is loading for New Orleans and will leave to-morrow at 5 P. M. Arrived—Mary Miller, Cincinnati.

Evansville.

EVANSVILLE, IND., August 20.—Clear and warm; mercury 65 to 82. River has fallen five inches. Port list: Up—Dick Johnson and Geo. Roberts. Down—Keystone, Mary Ament, Grey Eagle and Idlewild. Business very light, though the packets had good trips.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, August 20.—Arrived—DeSmet, Missouri river, Colorado, Vicksburg; John F. Tolle, New Orleans; Johnson, Keokuk; Piaso, Quincy. Departed—Fannie Lewis, Missouri river; Grand Tower, Memphis; Northwestern, Lower Rapids. River falling. Clear and very warm.

Vicksburg.

VICKSBURG, August 20.—Down—Carrie Kountz. Up—George C. Wolf. Cloudy and warm. River falling.

COTTON MARKETS.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, August 20.—Cotton quiet; sales 700 bales; good ordinary 14¾a15c; low middlings 17¾a18c; middlings 18¾c; middling Orleans 18⅞c; receipts 175 bales; exports—Great Britain 3,087 stock 15,228 bales.

Savannah.

SAVANNAH, August 20.—Market bare; middlings 17½c; net receipts 27 bales; exports—coastwise 206 bales; sales 43 bales; stock 813 bales.

Charleston.

CHARLESTON, August 20.—Cotton quiet; middlings 17½c; net receipts 297 bales; sales 200 bales; stock 3,676 bales.

Galveston.

GALVESTON, August 20.—Cotten steady; good ordinary 15a15⅛c; net receipts 77 bales; sales 200 bales; stock 6,840 bales.

Mobile.

MOBILE, August 20.—Cotton irregular; middling 18c; net receipts 116 bales; net exports—coastwise 146 bales; sales 400 bales; stock 7,161 bales.

STATE NEWS.

An unknown man, poor and friendless, committed suicide by drowning in the Susquehanna river, near Rockville, on the 18th. He left a note requesting the Coroner to give his body decent burial.

Harrisburg mourns the death of its four-legged chicken.

A young girl named Gallespie was struck by the mail train west near Wilmore, on Sunday night, and received fatal injuries.

The miners have resumed work in several pits in Westmoreland county, and the prospect is that the strike is near its end.

In Altoona on Sunday, a lad named John Davis, aged fourteen, was accidentally shot by a man named Philip Fadle, and died within half an hour. Fadle was trying to extract a cartridge from a Spencer rifle, when the piece was discharged.

Six and a half inches of rain fell in Harrisburg during the week ending on Monday at noon.

A Reading druggist came very near to poisoning a crowd of picnickers, by selling a rank poison for some kind of spice to be put in a large cake. The lady who bought it tasted it, and narrowly escaped death.

A Berks county baby has been named Herman German Dechon Shindle Doctor Shimer Peter Wickert. It is hardly probable the child will live long enough to commit that string of titles to memory.

Scranton is rather proud of the possession of a lady aged ninety-four years, who performed a journey of several miles on foot, rather than ride on the cars.

Peter Beck, aged sixteen, was killed at a Sunday school picnic near Reamstown, Lancaster county, on the 16th, by the falling of the frame work of a flying-horse swing.

The Knights of Pythias make the timely announcement that they will have a grand parade in Philadelphia in 1876.

A "respectable" lady in Reading, about forty years old, was caught stealing rings in a jewelry store in that city, and fled, was pursued, captured, brought back and made to disgorge her plunder. Polite people call her a kleptomaniac.

The new union church of the Lutheran and Reformed denominations at Amityville, Berks county, was dedicated on Saturday and Sunday.

A nest containing twenty-four snake eggs, eighteen of which had young reptiles in them, was plowed up in Center township, Berks county, the other day.

A party of eleven Swedish railroad laborers got up a small riot at Virginsville, Berks county, on Saturday, and threatened the life of John Bloomster, their "boss," who is also a Swede.

The Carbon *Democrat* has been merged into the Mauch Chunk *Democrat*, with Joseph Lynn as editor.

A one year old child of Mr. Francis German, of Englesville, Berks county, was suffocated last Wednesday during a spell of vomiting, by the wind-pipe choking up. The child had previously enjoyed good health.

One street railway company in Philadelphia has lost fifty horses by the glanders since the first of May. In order to prevent the spread of the disease, the horses are killed as soon as the symptoms of the disorder appear. Ten were slaughtered on the 15th inst., and another on the 18th. None of the other stables are infected, so far as is known.

Mark Quinlan, an actor of some note, died in Philadelphia on Sunday.

Thomas Hanson, a German, stabbed and severely, but not fatally, wounded John Scheurenbrand, a Lancaster saloon keeper, and Henry, a son of the latter, on Monday night. There was no provocation for the act.

William Ruggles, a boy of fourteen, climbed a ladder at the Lochiel furnace, in Dauphin county, on Monday evening, and, when up a distance of sixty feet, fell, receiving fatal injuries.

A Reading liveryman, whose horses and carriage had been badly used by a couple of young bloods, who failed to pay their bill, took them into the stable, where despite their pleadings and protestations, the fast youths were "ducked" thoroughly in a trough of water. This was bad for one of them, as he was rigged out in his wedding suit.

Mr. Jacob Sterett, while at work on his farm, in East Nantmeal township, killed an immense garter snake, which contained fifty-eight small snakes.

Samuel Wood, of Howelville, went to Delaware county to shoot some squirrels. As he was wandering around the woods, he was suddenly attacked by a number of minks, who fought him desperately, and he succeeded in a short time in killing four.

Mrs. Charles W. Moore, of Phœnixville, who was bound and chloroformed by burglars about three weeks ago, is suffering from hemorrhage of the lungs, resulting from the violence done her.

Mr. John Porter, died at his residence near West Alexander, Washington county, recently, aged about one hundred years.

Jesse Huff, of West Alexander, accidently drank a dose of corrosive sublimate a few days since, from the effects of which he died.

A young man named Lightner, near Oak Forest, says the Waynesburg *Messenger*, was severely bitten on the foot by a copperhead snake some ten days since. A prompt application of turpentine and indigo, and burying the poisoned member in the earth for a few hours, removed all fears of serious results. Mr. S. assures us the remedy spoken of is a sovereign one, and all should remember it.

Briceland, the murderer in jail at Washington under sentence of death, has improved greatly in health, and is quite cheerful, in the hope that the Supreme Court will grant him a new trial.

It is about time for the weather wise in the rural regions to begin their predictions of an early winter.

The Philadelphia *Press* says that the two remaining steamers of the American line—the Indiana and Illinois—are rapidly approaching completion. Messrs. Cramp & Sons, the contractors, propose to turn both vessels over to the charge of the company before the 1st of November.

Among the three hundred and seventy people who are now at Cresson are the Hon. J. M. Read, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, with his family; Rev. Dr. Cattell and family, of Easton; Hon. M. Hampton and family, of Pittsburgh, and a great many of Pittsburgh's most noted iron men; Hon. T. J. Coffee and Col. A. A. Hosmer, together with their families, of Washington, D. C.

Mr. J. Wiggins, of Cleveland, has compiled a "History of Titusville," giving an exhibit of the trade and commerce of the city for 1872, a list of the churches, schools, hotels, etc.; a chapter on the development of petroleum; manufactures and their growth, a sketch of the Oil Creek valley, &c., &c. The pamphlet has evidently been prepared with care, and will be valuable to every one interested in the Pennsylvania Oil Region.

Mr. Myers, Sr., of Lancaster, is evidently an incorrigible old wretch, who has no respect whatever for the rights of his son William. William went home, the other day, and finding the place lamentably dull, sought to create a little stir by caressing his sister with a chair, and indulging in other similar endearments eminently proper between brother and sister. The "old man" came upon the scene, and demanded a cessation of hostilities, threatening to eject William from the premises. Billy's righteous wrath was roused, and he proceeded to remonstrate Myers, Sr., by tearing out his shirt front and drawing one of Colt's latest improved revolvers. The unfeeling head of the family then had his darling boy arrested, but on the latter's promising to leave the city, the complaint was withdrawn. What good is there in living under the best government the world ever saw, if boys so unfortunate as to have fathers are permitted to act in this way?

The towns and cities in the Eastern part of the State are indulging in excursions to the summer resorts on the sea coast, all of which are largely patronized and greatly enjoyed.

Another rumor of a bloody murder comes from Penningtonville, Chester county—the scene of the Udderzook-Goss tragedy—in which the murderer was a peddler, and the victim a woman. The story lacks confirmation as yet.

Matches are cheap, but Mr. John Hazen, of North Sewickley township, Beaver county, thinks differently. His little son used a box of them for playthings in the barn, and there is mourning in the family over the loss of barn and contents, including a considerable quantity of hay, corn, wheat and oats, and the family residence.

The High Constable of Sunbury has been allowed $64 25 "for services rendered in burying dead dogs, hogs, cats, rats, &c."

The first number of the *Bucks County Gazette* was issued last week, at Bristol. Jesse O. Thomas is editor and publisher. In politics the paper will be independent. The most prominent article in its creed being opposition to the re-election of any man to the Presidency. Mr. Thomas has had long experience in journalism, having of late years been connected with the Cadiz, O., *Republican*, and the Springfield, O., *Advertiser*. The *Gazette* is neat and tasteful in appearance, and filled with fresh local, editorial and miscellaneous articles.

The Lewisburg *Chronicle* relates this of the Hon. Isaac G. Gordon, the Republican candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court: "Mr. Gordon, while serving an apprenticeship at moulding with Messrs. Marsh & Mitchell, at the lower foundry, had a foot burned very severely by molten metal running into his shoe. This confined him to his bed for more than a year, during which time he borrowed some books of Mr. Linn, the reading of which laid the foundation for his future career. From his youth up he has been a strong advocate of temperance."

A little daughter of Mrs. Cambridge, of New Castle, fell into a well, was rescued by a man named Meaner after five minutes' submersion, and resuscitated. She will know many meaner men than her deliverer, if her life is spared.

Tobias Kreider, of Fermanagh township, says the Mifflintown *Republican*, was drowned in Horning's Run, on the 14th inst. He was standing on a bridge, watching the flood, when the water carried the structure away. Mr. Kreider was about seventy years of age.

POLITICAL.

State.

CLINTON COUNTY REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

LOCK HAVEN, PA., August 20, 1873.

The Clinton county Republican Convention met in this city, yesterday, and made the following nominations: Assembly, R. B. Caldwell; Prothonotary, William Fearon; Register and Recorder, J. R. Kindig; County Commissioner, William A. White; Treasurer, Rev. J. R. King; Jury Commissioner, J. S. Stewart; Coroner, Dr. J. C. Richards; Auditor, Robert H. Faust.

John A. Seiders, Esq., has been elected chairman of the Franklin county Republican Committee.

General.

NEW YORK STATE CONVENTION.

NEW YORK, August 20.—The Republican State Committee to-day decided to hold the State Convention on the 24th of September at Utica.

Hassaurek announces that he is not a candidate for the United States Senate, or any other office, in Ohio.

The Liberals of Hamilton county, Ohio, following the lead of the People's or New Party Convention, will hold a convention and nominate a full ticket.

The Massachusetts Republicans will either have to change the time of holding their State Convention, set down for September 17, or find another hall in Worcester for that purpose, for it is now announced that Mechanics' Hall, the place designated, is engaged for the entire week by the Horticultural Society.

Exclaims a Democratic organ: "Steadily and surely the grand old Democratic party is rising to the requirements of its noble mission," which suggests that the "requirements of its noble mission" are not vastly urgent.—*Milwaukee Sentinel.*

The Democratic platform of Ohio says that "the Democratic party insists upon equal and exact justice to all men," while the Democratic leaders of Virginia cry for "a white man's government." The nominee for Governor in Ohio was an Anti-war Copperhead of the vilest stamp, while the nominee in Virginia led the Confederates in person in the field. Twist it or turn it as you may, it is the same old party of disunion arrayed against progress and republicanism.—*Washington Chronicle.*

A correspondent of the Springfield *Republican*, whom that paper vouches for as widely known and widely respected, states that, in 1856 or 1857, shortly after Congressmen had raised their pay to $3,000, General Butler made a speech in Lawrence, in which "He condemned, in no measured terms, that increase." In fact, the present defender of increased pay and the expounder of "back salary grabs" went so far in his denunciation of the action of the Congressmen of '56 as to intimate that many of the men who had voted themselves $3,000, had "never honestly earned as many cents in the same length of time." The correspondent closes his communication with the following conundrum: "Was his talk at Lawrence that 'talk of a demagogue' which he now condemns, or is his present sympathy with poor men in Congress all bosh?" The *Republican* offers the General the use of its columns to reply.

The Hon. Amasa Walker has addressed a letter to the Hon. William S. Groesbeck taking exception to some of the latter's statements in his famous letters upon the demand for a new party. Mr. Walker thinks it would inevitably destroy a great part of our manufactures to establish Free Trade before specie payment has been restored. He is in favor of Free Trade, but does not want it with our present currency. He mentions the following as indispensable planks in the platform of the party which is to control the future of the country: "First and foremost, effective measures for the gradual but certain restoration of the currency; secondly, for regulating the internal commerce of the country by securing equitable charges for transportation; thirdly, for establishing a strictly revenue tariff; that is, one that shall not interfere with the industry of the country—in other words, a Free Trade tariff."

Some of the insignificant newspaper concerns that are dismally fiddling for the graveyard politicians, say that the Iowa independents "committed the error of pronouncing the Democratic party dead and buried." If the declaration to that effect was an "error," it was one which rational men would most naturally commit. The graveyard politicians who constitute the Bourbon rump can not be mistaken for the late Democratic party by any man who reads the record of current or of past events. The Bourbon rumpers constitute the "Democratic party" only in the way that the hindquarters of a dead animal constitute the living quadruped. The graveyard politicians would find it as easy to bring to life one member of the comparison as the other.

Habits and Whims of Authors.

James T. Fields, in his new lecture on "Fiction and its Eminent Authors," has the following concerning the habits of novel writers: Hawthorne waited for moods, and mounted his tower stairs for composition only when the fit was on him. Dusky processions constantly moved about him as he walked his piny hill-top, but his characters rarely spoke to him until he had locked his study-door and shut out all ingress from the world of living beings. Anthony Trollope whose novels Hawthorne delighted in, writes every day regularly, when he is engaged on a new story, a given number of manuscript pages before twelve o'clock, and smiles at the idea of waiting until he "feels like writing," as it is called. Thackeray was constantly studying character, and his observation was unceasing. His eyes were alert in the street, in the club, in society, everywhere. I remember, one evening he whispered to me in a brilliant drawing-room: "How I envy you fellows who are not in my line and are not obliged to utilize professionally these fine creatures for your next novel." Dickens was at one time so taken possession of by the characters of whom he was writing that they followed him everywhere, and would never let him be alone a moment. He told me that when he was writing the "Old Curiosity Shop" the creatures of his imagination so haunted him that they would neither allow him to sleep or eat in peace; that Little Nell was constantly at his elbow, no matter where he might happen to be, claiming his attention and demanding his sympathy, as if jealous when he spoke to any one else. When he was writing "Martin Chuzzlewit," Mrs. Gamp kept him in such paroxysms of laughter by whispering to him in the most inopportune places—sometimes even in church—that he was compelled to fight her off by main force when he did not want her company, and threaten to have nothing more to do with her, unless she could behave better and come only when she was called.

MacMahon lives a retired, unostentatious life; and though he displayed extraordinary pomp when sent a few years ago, on an embassy to Prussia, his manners are unpretending and his dress plain. He seldom appears in uniform, and the only mark of distinction he wears is the red ribbon of the Legion of Honor. His most marked characteristics are a love of children and a fondness for study. He made a triumphant entry into Milan in 1869 with a little girl, who had offered him a nosegay, perched upon his holsters. He is probably as well versed in military history as Faidherbe, and is often busy with a child and map upon his knees. His favorite amusement is riding. In society he is shy, almost sad, and seems ill at ease. He likes to saunter about the boulevard, with his hands in his pockets and a cigar eternally in his mouth, when he is not on horseback; and he is seen to most advantage at home, surrounded by his family.

Dodds & Caskey,
Importers of Scotch Granite and manufacturers of American Granite in all styles of monumental art, corner Penn avenue and Thirty-second street, Pittsburgh.

Cryptochylon Ice Pitchers,
At R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 100 Wood street.

To Save Time and Trouble
Deposit your money at the Farmers and Mechanics Bank, South Side, where you can draw it without previous notice.

The New Colonnade Hotel, Philadelphia, Pa.,
Is a favorite stopping place for summer tourists.

Fifth Avenue Lot For Sale,
Adjoining the Exchange National Bank. The finest lot for a business house in the city. It is a rare opportunity to get such a lot at any price. C. H. Love, 121 Fourth avenue. TTHS

The Weber Piano,
At C. Retter's, 29 Fifth avenue.

Geyser Spring Water
Is a powerful cathartic, while at the same time, by proper use, its minerals may be retained to operate as a tonic and builder up of an enfeebled system.
After wines or hearty eating, the water is a sure corrective, restoring the stomach to its natural condition, while relieving the system of uncongenial and injurious substances.
It cures billiousness.
Corrects acidity of stomach. Relieving nervous and feverish irritation and headache.
Geyser Water also acts with excellent effect upon the kidneys.
The LITHIA found in this water is a specific for gravel or stone, and is effectual in dissolving the chalk or limestone and urate deposits in rheumatism or gout.
This excellent water is brought here in its natural condition in block tin lined barrels, and drawn through ice at the drug stores of
McCLARREN & McKENNAN,
85 Market street, and opposite the Postoffice.

Baker's Elixir Calisaya Bark and Iron.
A delicious tonic. Cures dyspepsia, nervousness, &c. For languor and weakness occurring in delicate females it is found wonderfully beneficial. Price 75c. Sold by druggists. TH

The Vienna Exposition.
To the great mass of people, it is immaterial whether the hotel keepers of Vienna made extortionate charges or not, or whether the American officials used their positions to put a few dollars in their own pockets. It is an important fact, however, that, notwithstanding the world-wide competition in sewing machines, the Wilson received the first premium medal. It therefore goes upon record, that the congregated wisdom, as represented at Vienna, has decided that the Wilson Sewing Machine is the best in the world. This is a grand indorsement. It is a compliment to Yankee ingenuity which could not have been gained in any other way than by absolute and unqualified merit. Those who wish to purchase a sewing machine should find in this approval sufficient to induce them to at least examine this machine before making a choice. Mr. Lee S. Smith, General Agent, No. 14 Sixth street, will exhibit the machines, and warrant them for five years. Call and see them.

A Grand Victory Over Every Competitor in the World.
The following cable dispatch from Vienna will convey the glad intelligence to the world that the "world renowned Wilson Sewing Machine" has not only taken all of the highest awards at fairs and expositions in the United States, but that it has more overwhelmingly defeated every sewing machine manufactured in the world, and carried off the first grand prize at the Vienna Exposition:
VIENNA, Austria, August 15, 1873.
To W. G. WILSON, President Wilson Sewing Machine Company, Cleveland, Ohio:
"The Wilson Shuttle Sewing Machine was awarded the Grand Prize at the Vienna Exposition for being the *best sewing machine*." RAYNOR.

Fine Bargains in Furniture.
Messrs. J. Meyer & Son, 413 and 414 Penn avenue, east of the railway crossing, have on hand a large and choice stock of furniture of every description, which they are closing out at the lowest prices. Extra inducements are offered to customers, and all goods are warranted of the best material and workmanship. Having marked their prices down, they feel assured that purchasers can save a handsome percentage, compared with the prices usually demanded for the same grades of furniture. Call and examine the stock and ascertain prices.

The Weber Piano,
At C. Retter's, 29 Fifth avenue.

For Hotel Use.
Double thick China and heavy white stoneware, with a complete stock in their line, for sale at low prices by R. E. Breed & Co., No. 100 Wood street.

MARRIED:

ARTHURS—RUTLEDGE—On Tuesday evening, August 19th, at the residence of the bride's parents, No. 52 Roberts street, by the Rev. J. J. Morgan, D. D., Mr. WM. H. ARTHURS and Miss FANNIE, youngest daughter of Rev. J. W. Rutledge, of Pittsburgh. No cards.

DIED:

McGUNNEGLE—On Tuesday, August 19, at 11:30 P. M., at his residence in Chartiers township, of congestion of the brain, JAMES McGUNNEGLE, in the 51st year of his age.

Funeral will take place on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, to proceed to Allegheny Cemetery. Carriages leave R. Patterson's stable, Fourth avenue, at 1 o'clock.

JONES—At 6 o'clock Wednesday morning, JAMES GRAY JONES, aged twenty-three years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No. 173 Third avenue, on FRIDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock.

RODY PATTERSON, JR.,
UNDERTAKER,
117 FOURTH AVENUE.
Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods of every description. Terms cash.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills.
These pills are composed exclusively of vegetable ingredients, and although they entirely supersede the use of mercury, do not leave any of its injurious effects. They act directly upon the liver, and are a valuable remedy in all cases of derangement resulting from a disordered state of that organ, Liver Complaint, Bilious Disorders, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Typhoid Fevers, &c., &c., all succumb to the free use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers. TTHS

ON THE BREAKFAST, LUNCHEON, DINNER AND SUPPER TABLE,
LEA & PERRINS'S Worcestershire Sauce
IS INDISPENSABLE.
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, New York,
TTHS Agents for the United States.

Livingston & Co.,
Manufacturers of LIGHT Grey Iron
CASTINGS,
Plain, Japanned, Bronzed, Coppered or Galvanized.
Light Work our Specialty.
Office and Works near Outer Depot, ALLEGHENY CITY.
Postoffice address, Lock Box 302, Pittsburgh, Pa. MWF

Oldest Ins. Co. in America.
ASSETS, $3,337,489 83.
Ins. Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth av.

AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House,
ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD .... Managers
Opening of the Season.
The entire House newly Painted, Frescoed and Ornamented, at a cost of over
FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
Saturday Evening, August 23d, 1873,
THE CELEBRATED
WALLACE SISTERS'
BURLESQUE AND COMEDY COMPANY.
And a grand Double Orchestra, will commence an Engagement of Seven Nights and One Matinee.
SATURDAY EVENING, August 23d, 1873, the Popular Burlesque of
ALADDIN.
Box office for the Sale of Seats open Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock.

FRED. AIMS'S AMERICAN THEATER.
FRED. AIMS .... Lessee and Manager.
To Night and Wednesday and Saturday Matinee,
The great Border Romance of
OROLOSO,
The Dead Shot of the Sierra Nevadas, and the STAR OLIO COMBINATION in a new and attractive programme.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES THEATER,
GARDNER & TRIMBLE .... Lessees and Managers.
H. W. WILLIAMS .... Stage Manager.
ANOTHER NEW PROGRAMME TO NIGHT.
Nine New Stars and all the Old Favorites
IN A MONSTER OLIO OF NOVELTIES.
Ladies' Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.

AMERICAN
CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,
29 and 31 Fifth Avenue.
ALL BRANCHES OF VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC taught by the BEST MASTERS IN THE COUNTRY. The Early Fall Term begins September 8.
Circulars at the office and Music Stores.
Early application will secure a choice of hours.

MORRIS P. MILLER. W. H. FORSE. C. B. FORSE
Miller, Forse & Co.,
SUCCESSORS TO
WM. MILLER & CO.,
LATE MILLER & RICKETSON,
221 AND 223
Liberty Street, Corner of Seventh,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies and
Very Superior Old Cabinet.
BRANDIES, WINES, CIGARS, &c.
Moet & Chandon's Dry Imperial, Green Seal and White Dry Sillery.
Chas. Heidsick and Piper Heidsick.
G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry Champaigne.
Burton Bass Ale in hhds. and bbls.

JOS. SPENCER. JAS. M'KAY. ROBT. LIDDELL
R. WATSON.
Phoenix Steam Brewery,
SPENCER, McKAY & CO.,
MALTSTERS AND BREWERS,
Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBT. WATSON, Manager

NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
193 LIBERTY ST.,
FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF
Marbleized Mantels,
Of Various Designs, Sizes and Colors.
HOT AIR FURNACES, for Burning Anthracite or Bituminous Coal or Coke.
COOKING RANGES, New and Desirable Patterns.
CHEAPEST FIRE GRATE, saving 30 to 40 Per Cent. of Coal.
STOVES—Cooking, Parlor and Office Stoves, good assortment. HOT AIR REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS, FRONTS, GRATES AND FENDERS.
Wholesale and Retail Prices Low. Give us a call.
JAMES OLD.

GETTYSBURG
KATALYSINE WATER—THE GREAT MEDICINE OF NATURE. Indorsed by the Highest Medical Authorities. Restores Muscular Power to the Paralytic, Youthful Vigor to the Aged, and Develops the Young at a Critical Period; Dissolves Calculi and "Chalky" Deposits; Cures Gout, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Gravel, Diabetes, Diseases of the Kidneys, Liver and Skin, Abdominal Dropsy, Chronic Diarrhœa, Constipation, Asthma, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, General Debility, and nearly every class of Chronic Disease. Pamphlets containing History of the Spring and Testimonials from Medical Journals, Eminent Physicians and Distinguished Citizens, sent FREE by mail by WHITNEY BROS., Gen'l Agents, 227 South Front St., Philadelphia. For sale by all Druggists.
TTH

STEAM ENGINES.
I am prepared to furnish Steam Engines so much approved of on short notice. Having different sized Engines on hand, and finishing others, the public can be accommodated with almost any size they want. The work to show for itself.
WILLIAM FISHER,
Pike, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh. TTHS

Fairbanks Standard
SCALES,
Of all kinds. Be careful to buy only the genuine.
Also Baggage Barrows, Warehouse Trucks, Improved Money Drawer, &c. Scales Repaired promptly.
TTHS FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO.,
48 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

PAVING.
McNAUGHER & CO.,
Contractors for Stone and Brick Paving, Furnishing and Setting Curb Stones and Grading. We are prepared to execute all orders promptly and on the most favorable terms. Office, No. 40 NORTH DIAMOND STREET Allegheny. Office hours from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

$1,000 REWARD.
For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that De Bings Pile Remedy fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles and nothing else, and has cured cases of over 20 years standing. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1 00. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Agents 45 Wood street, Pittsburgh. TTHS

FLOUR—A CHOICE SELECTION OF
Winter and Spring Wheat Flours
In Store and for sale by
D. WALLACE,
353 LIBERTY STREET.

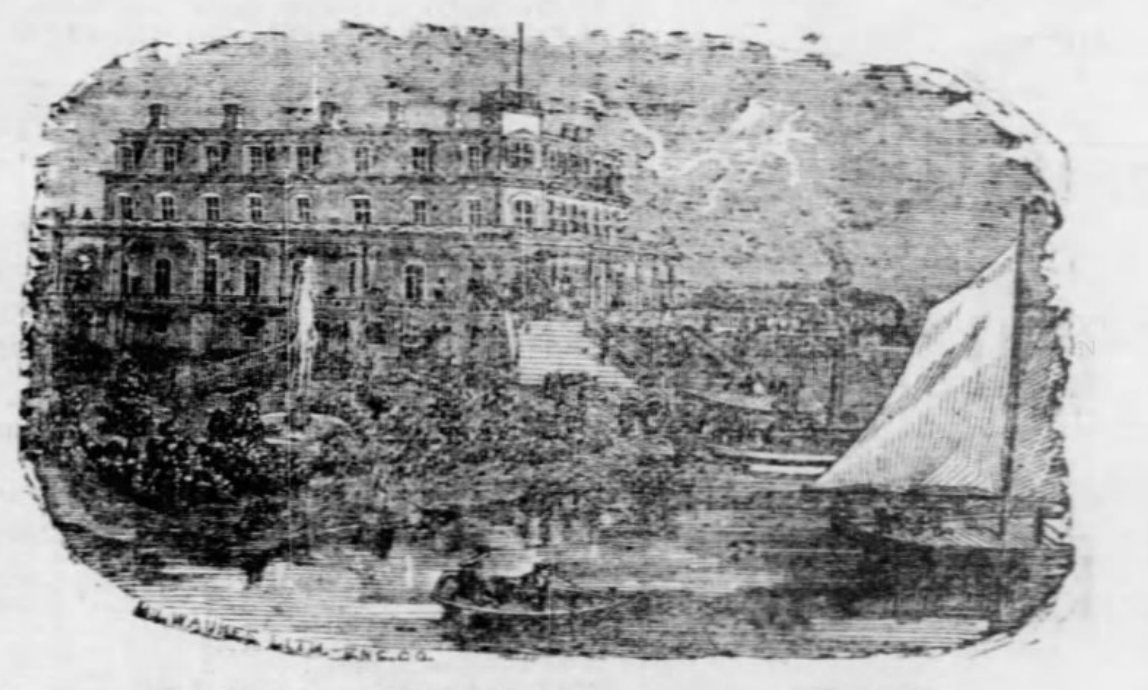
Get the Best
HOWE STANDARD
SCALES.
Warehouse and Mill Trucks, Tucker's Patent Alarm Till, Grocers' Fixtures. Scales Repaired.
W. A. McCLURG 63 Wood street.

NEW POTATOES
RECEIVED FRESH EVERY DAY.
Orders by the Barrel will receive prompt attention.
HENRY REA, Jr.,
305 Liberty street.

ROOFING MATERIALS.
REESE & BISSELL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IRON ROOF FRAMES
AND
CORRUGATED SHEET IRON,
For Roofs and Sides of Buildings.
OFFICE AND WORKS: No. 877 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
NEW SUMMER STOCK AT BOTTOM PRICES.
White Goods, Dress Linens and Suitings,
Japanese Poplins, Lawns, Percales,
Prints, Ginghams, Cottonades, Jeans,
Sheetings, Shirtings, Checks, Ticks, &c., &c.
MERCHANTS ASSORTING UP SHOULD CALL AND EXAMINE.
ORDERS PROMPTLY AND CAREFULLY EXECUTED.
New Store, 239 and 241 Liberty Street.
Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co.
C. Arbuthnot .... W. T. Shannon .... J. G. Stephenson.

MAGNETIC MINERAL SPRINGS
SPRING LAKE, MICHIGAN.



C. T. P. BUCK, Manager Hotel.
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The most popular Summer Resort in the Northwest.
SPLENDID HOTEL AND BATH HOUSE.
FISHING, ROWING, SAILING, AND STEAMBOATING.
Route from the East via Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Grand Rapids, and Indiana Railroad; or via Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne Road to Chicago, thence by steamer direct to Spring Lake.

LAST
AND
GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE!
Of the Old Poor Farm Property, by the City of Allegheny,
Tuesday, Aug. 26, at 11 A. M.,
On the Arrival of the Train from Allegheny.
This Announcement will be greeted by thousands of anxious parties, it
BEING THE FINEST PROPERTY
Offered this season, handsomely situated, almost level, only three miles from Allegheny City, in the
BOROUGH OF MILLVALE, AT BENNETT'S STATION.
This Sale will CLOSE OUT all the Property at this place. The old Homestead, along with the balance of the Property, will be put up and sold.
THE INMATES HAVE ALL BEEN REMOVED.
AFTER THE SALE OF REAL ESTATE, WE WILL
Proceed to Close Out the Furniture.
The Building will be put up with the Ground which it occupies and sold to the Highest Bidder.
This Building would make a splendid Hotel, Manufacturing Establishment, or could, with little expense, be fitted up
For Railroad Depot or Machine Shops. The Building is in Good Order.
EVERYBODY! SPECULATORS! CAPITALISTS!
Look to this Sale, as it will be a POSITIVE. The Beautiful Property so much desired by all will be sold WITHOUT RESERVE. Plans at the Office of the Directors of the Poor.
Terms made known on Day of Sale. Train leaves Federal Street Depot, West Penn Railroad, Morning of Sale at 9:30. Sale to Continue All Day.
$85,000 Worth of Property Sold at Last Sale!
A. J. PENTECOST, Auctioneer,
52 DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.

GRAND GIFT CONCERT.
Grandest Scheme Ever Known
Fourth Grand Gift Concert!
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.
12,000 CASH GIFTS, $1,500,000.
EVERY FIFTH TICKET DRAWS A GIFT.
$250,000 for $50!
The Fourth Grand Gift Concert authorized by special act of the Legislature for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, will take place in Public Library Hall at Louisville, Ky.,
WEDNESDAY, December 3d, 1873.
Only Sixty Thousand Tickets will be sold, and one-half of these are intended for the European market thus leaving only 30,000 for Sale in the United States, where 100,000 were disposed of for the Third Concert. The tickets are divided into ten coupons or parts, and have on their backs the Scheme, with a full explanation of the mode of drawing.
At this concert, which will be the grandest musical display ever witnessed in this country, the unprecedented sum of
$1,500,000,
Divided into 12,000 cash gifts, will be distributed by lot among the ticket holders; the numbers of the tickets to be drawn from one wheel by blind children and the gifts from another.
LIST OF GIFTS.
One Grand Cash Gift $250,000
One Grand Cash Gift 100,000
One Grand Cash Gift 50,000
One Grand Cash Gift 25,000
One Grand Cash Gift 17,500
10 Cash Gifts, $10,000 each .. 100,000
30 Cash Gifts, 5,000 each .. 150,000
50 Cash Gifts, 1,000 each .. 50,000
80 Cash Gifts, 500 each .. 40,000
100 Cash Gifts, 400 each .. 40,000
150 Cash Gifts, 300 each .. 45,000
250 Cash Gifts, 200 each .. 50,000
325 Cash Gifts, 100 each .. 32,500
11,000 Cash Gifts, 50 each .. 550,000
Total, 12,000 Gifts, all Cash amounting to $1,500,000
The distribution will be positive whether all the tickets are sold or not, and the 12,000 gifts all paid in proportion to the tickets sold—all unsold tickets being destroyed as at the First and Second Concerts and not represented in the drawing.
PRICE OF TICKETS.
Whole tickets $50 00; Halves $25 00; Tenths, or each coupon $5 00; Eleven Whole Tickets for $500; 22½ Tickets for $1,000; 113 Whole Tickets for $5,000; 227 Whole Tickets for $10,000. No discount on less than $500 worth of Tickets at a time.
The unparalleled success of the Third Gift Concert as well as the satisfaction given by the First and Second makes it only necessary to announce the Fourth to insure the prompt sale of every ticket. The Fourth Gift Concert will be conducted in all its details like the Third, and full particulars may be learned from circulars which will be sent free from this office to all who apply for them.
Tickets now ready for sale and all orders accompanied by the money promptly filled. Liberal terms given to those who buy to sell again.
THOS. E. BRAMELETTE,
Agent Public Libr. Ky. and Manager Gift Concert,
TTH* Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS.
Pittsburgh Flint Glass Works.
ESTABLISHED 1808.
BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO.,
Factory BINGHAM STREET, Birmingham. Warehouse 21 and 23 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh.
J. P. PEARS, B. BAKEWELL, JR.
S. E. CAMPBELL. J. W. PAUL.

LAING & McKALLIP,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
GRAIN, FLOUR, FEED,
BALED HAY,
HYDRAULIC CEMENT, WHITE LIME,
CALCINED AND LAND PLASTER AND ANTHRACITE COAL,
NOS. 347, 411 AND 413 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Use Sawyer's Barbers' Soap.

THE TURF.

THE TURF!

ENTRIES

FOR

FRIENDSHIP DRIVING PARK.

FIRST DAY—Wednesday, August 27.

No. 1—Purse $1,500, for horses that have never beaten 2:50.

Frank Thwaite, Lambertville, N. J., g. g. Bertie, yellow.
J. Odikirk, Freehold, N. J., bk. m. Lady Gertrude, blue.
J. A. Baker, Corry, Pa., b. m. Bay Sal, white.
George Smith, Steubenville, Ohio, b. m. Belle Berkley, check.
Major Munroe, Pittsburgh, b. m. Kitty D., green.
O. S. Howard, Pittsburgh, s. g. Skylark, formerly Topgallant, purple.
M. Floyd, Pittsburgh, b. g. Perry, red.
John Call, Utica, N. Y., ch. m. Lizzie, black.
B. Marshall, Freehold, N. J., s. m. Patchen Maid, blue and white.

SAME DAY.

Purse $2,000 for horses that have never beaten 2:30.

W. S. Frazier, Sharon, Pa., b. g. Brother Jonathan, formerly Advance, yellow.
Geo. W. Camp, Chardon, Ohio, bk. h. Columbia Chief, green.
J. Odikirk, Freehold, N. J., s. g. Irving, blue.
Theodore Kestner, Pittsburgh, r. g. Slow Go, red.
J. W. Clark, Pittsburgh, b. m. Kate Campbell, plaid.

SECOND DAY—Thursday, August 28.

No. 3—Purse $1,500 for horses that have never beaten 2:35.

J. Odikirk, Freehold, N. J., s. g. Irving, blue.
Joseph Headly, New Hope, Pa., g. g. Snow Flake, black and white.
John Hird, Steubenville, Ohio, g. g. Silversides, yellow.
H. B. Miller, Pittsburgh, b. g. King William, red.
J. S. Beitler, Pittsburgh, w. g. White Hawk, green.
H. B. Van Vorhis, Pittsburgh, b. g. Blue Ridge, white.
John Call, Utica, N. Y., s. m. Theresa, formerly Idol Maid, black.

SAME DAY.

No. 4—Purse $500, for all pacing horses.

W. H. Ewing, Wellsville, Ohio, r. g. Copper Bottom, blue.
James Lynch, Sharon, Pa., b. g. John McNair, green.
H. B. Miller, Pittsburgh, b. m. Nancy, red.
George Smith, Steubenville, Ohio, b. g. Sleepy George, check.
J. Miller, Mt. Vernon, Ohio, b. g. Rattling Jim, yellow.

THIRD DAY—Friday, August 29.

No. 5—Purse $1,500, for horses that have never beaten 2:40.

J. Odikirk, Freehold, N. J., bk. m. Lady Gertrude, blue.
Frank Thwaite, Lambertville, N. J., g. g. Bertie, yellow.
Dan. H. Hughes, Cleveland, Ohio, b. m. Mary Taylor, red and white.
J. A. Baker, Corry, Pa., b. m. Bay Sal, white.
Joseph Headley, New Hope, Pa., g. g. Snow Flake, black and white.
J. W. Clark, Pittsburgh, b. m. East End, plaid.
Owner, Pittsburgh, s. g. Major, red.
O. S. Howard, Pittsburgh, s. g. Skylark, purple.
George Smith, Steubenville, Ohio, b. m. Belle Berkley, check.
John Call, Utica, N. Y., s. m. Theresa, black.
B. Marshall, Freehold, N. J., s. m. Patchen Maid, blue and white.

All the above races to be mile heats, best three in five, harness—National Rules to govern. Horses to be called at 2 P. M., and start at 2:15 precisely.

Street cars in connection with stages, run to the grounds every five minutes.

J. A. McKELVEY, President.
D. R. GALWAY, Treasurer.
R. PATTERSON, Jr., Secretary.

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